

U. S. TRADES DESTROYERS FOR BASES

ROOSEVELT ANNOUNCES DEAL WITH BRITAIN

NAZIS REPULSED IN TWO RAIDS AIMED AT LONDON

300 RAIDERS ROUTED IN COAST FIGHT; R.A.F. HITS AT CHANNEL GUNS

Some German Planes Penetrate to Capital Area in War Anniversary Attacks—British Report 23 Enemy Craft Shot Down.

LONDON, Sept. 3 (AP).—Two German attempts to smash through London's air defenses failed today against the combined fire of British fighter planes and anti-aircraft guns.

The second attempt kept London under air alarm for one hour and 10 minutes, from 2:50 p. m. to 4 p. m. (7:50 to 9 a. m., St. Louis time).

Apparently some German planes reached the metropolitan area, but at such an altitude they could not be seen from the ground.

Shortly before the warning sounded, persons in one London area heard the now-familiar heavy drone of a considerable number of unseen Nazi raiders and the rapid bursts of British fighter planes' machine-gun fire.

While the fight progressed, Prime Minister Winston Churchill and his Cabinet Ministers attended in Westminster Abbey a service commemorating the first anniversary of the war.

The late afternoon sun slanted through the tall windows and in the distance could be heard the faint booming of the anti-aircraft guns.

The all-clear signal sounded shortly before the service ended.

Attack on Channel Guns.
The heavy thudding of bombs heard across the English Channel from the southeast coast this afternoon indicated that the Royal Air Force was striking back at the Germans, trying to smash the big guns which have been firing on the English coast from Nazi-occupied France.

The French coast was invisible through the channel haze.

Targets from Norway to Italy were attacked yesterday and last.

Continued on Page 6, Column 1.

WASHINGTON—President Roosevelt in message to Congress announces that the United States will obtain leases from Britain on bases in the Atlantic in exchange for transfer of 50 over-age destroyers to the British Government; Britain assures U. S. that its fleet will not surrender.

LONDON—R. A. F. battles new waves of massed bombers; London has two raid alarms as defenders beat back thrusts at city; British report 23 German planes downed; Eden warns Britain threat of invasion has not passed.

BERLIN—Nazis report heavy attacks on British ports and air-dromes; pillars of smoke seen after bombings at four English harbors; 54 British planes reported destroyed.

BUCHAREST—German motorized divisions to take over protection of Rumania's new border with Russia Sept. 15, informed sources say; opposition to yielding of Transylvania to Hungary results in clashes, riotous demonstrations.

ROME—Italy reports attack by its "little dive bombers" on British warships in Mediterranean, claiming hits on battleship, cruiser, aircraft carrier and destroyer; R. A. F. again raids Northern Italy, but damage is reported slight.

HONGKONG—Japan reported demanding immediate permission to move troops through French Indo-China and to use Haiphong as a military base.

GRAVES AND WILLIAMS OUSTED BY HIGH COURT

Removal of Jackson County Prosecutor and Sheriff for Neglect of Duty Made Retroactive to May 10, 1939.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
JEFFERSON CITY, Sept. 3.—W. W. Graves, Pendergast Prosecuting Attorney of Jackson County, and Sheriff James L. Williams were ousted from office today by the State Supreme Court, which found they had neglected to perform the duties of their offices.

The ousters were made retroactive to May 10, 1939, when Attorney-General Roy McKittick, after a lengthy investigation in Kansas City demanded by Gov. Stark, filed suit for their removal in the Supreme Court. They may petition for rehearing which might delay their removal until mid-November. Their terms of office expire at the close of the year.

The court fined Graves \$1000 and directed him to pay court costs which now aggregate \$5000. Williams was fined a dollar and assessed costs amounting to \$4000.

Charges Against Graves.

Specific charges against Graves upheld by the Court were that he failed to enforce laws against gambling, prostitution and liquor violations while he did not press criminal cases when "there was ample evidence to warrant further prosecution," or prosecute election frauds.

Sheriff Williams, who was absolved of "any participation in corrupt influences and practices" was found to have willfully neglected to suppress similar law violations in Kansas City. He had argued such violations were a matter for the city police, rather than his office.

The court, however, held the evidence showed the police department was deliberately permitting such violations and that it was the Sheriff's duty to step in.

Graves not only made no effort to investigate illegal conditions, the Court found, but didn't even discuss the notorious 1936 vote frauds with the Federal prosecutor.

Difficulties No Excuse.

"It may be," the Court observed of the Pendergast henchman, "that any effort on his part to correct the condition mentioned would have been hedged around by difficulties. But this could not excuse a failure to make any attempt at investigation."

Graves was acquitted in Jackson County.

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BRITISH ASSURE WASHINGTON NAZIS WON'T GET THEIR FLEET

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP).—Great Britain has given the United States definite assurance of its intentions "never to surrender or sink the British fleet in the event of the waters surrounding the British Isles becoming untenable for His Majesty's ships."

The State Department made this known today by making public an exchange of correspondence between Secretary of State Hull and Lord Lothian, British Ambassador.

The announcement was made after the White House announced an arrangement for the acquisition of air and naval base sites from Great Britain in exchange for 50 over-age destroyers.

Instead of being sunk or surrendered, the State Department was told, the British fleet in the last resort would "be sent overseas for defense of other parts of the empire."

In his letter, Hull wrote: "The Prime Minister of Great

Negotiators of Deal



LORD LOTHIAN



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

TEXT OF THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE ON DESTROYERS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP).
The text of President Roosevelt's message to Congress—telling of an agreement with Britain, for the United States to lease bases in exchange for 50 over-age destroyers, is as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:
I transmit herewith for the information of the Congress notes exchanged between the British Ambassador at Washington and the Secretary of State on Sept. 2, 1940, under which this Government has acquired the right to lease naval and air bases in Newfoundland, and in the Islands of Bermuda, the Bahamas, Jamaica, St. Lucia, Trinidad and Antigua, and in British Guiana; also a copy of an opinion of the Attorney-General, dated Aug. 27, 1940, regarding my authority to consummate this arrangement.

The right to bases in Newfoundland and Bermuda are gifts—generously given and gladly received. The other bases mentioned have been acquired in exchange for 50 of our over-age destroyers.

"This is not inconsistent in any sense with our status of peace. Still less is it a threat against any nation. It is an epochal and far-reaching act of preparation for continental defense in the face of grave danger.

Preparation for defense is an inalienable prerogative of a sovereign state. Under present circumstances this is the most important action in the reinforcement of our national defense that has been taken since the Louisiana Purchase. Then as now, considerations of safety from overseas attack were fundamental.

The value to the Western Hemisphere of these outposts of security, is beyond calculation. Their lead has long been recognized by our country, and specially by those primarily charged with the duty of charting and organizing our own naval and military defense. They are essential to the protection of the Panama Canal, Central America, the northern portion of South America, the Antilles, Canada, Mexico and our own eastern and gulf seaboard. Their consequent importance in hemispheric defense is obvious. For these reasons I have taken advantage of the present opportunity to acquire them.

TEXT OF NOTES EXCHANGED BY LOTHIAN AND HULL

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP).
The text of notes exchanged between the British Ambassador, Lord Lothian, and Secretary Hull in connection with the leasing of air and naval bases on British possessions follows:

The Lothian note to Hull:
I have the honor under instructions from His Majesty's principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs to inform you that in view of the friendly and sympathetic interest of His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom in the national security of the United States and their desire to strengthen the ability of the United States to co-operate effectively with the other nations of the Americas in the defense of the Western Hemisphere, His Majesty's Government will secure the grant to the Government of the United States, freely and without consideration, of the lease for immediate establishment and use of naval and air bases and facilities for entrance thereto and the operation and protection thereof, on the Avalon Peninsula and on the southern coast of Newfoundland, and on the east coast and on the great Bay of Bermuda.

Furthermore, in view of the above and in view of the desire of the United States to acquire additional air and naval bases in the Caribbean and in British Guiana, and without endeavoring to place a monetary or commercial value upon the many tangible and intangible rights and properties involved, His Majesty's Government will make available to the United States for immediate establishment

and use naval and air bases and facilities for entrance thereto and the operation and protection thereof, on the eastern side of the Bahamas, the southern coast of Jamaica, the western coast of St. Lucia, the west coast of Trinidad in the Gulf of Paria, in the Island of Augusta and in British Guiana within 50 miles of Georgetown, in exchange for naval and military equipment and material which the United States Government will transfer to His Majesty's Government.

All the bases and facilities referred to in the preceding paragraphs will be leased to the United States for a period of 99 years, free from all rent and charges other than such compensation to be mutually agreed on to be paid by the United States in order to compensate the owners of private property for loss by expropriation or damage arising out of the establishment of the bases and facilities in question.

His Majesty's Government, in the leases to be agreed upon, will grant to the United States for the period of the leases all the rights, power and authority within the bases leased, and within the limits of the territorial waters and air spaces adjacent to or in the vicinity of

STATE DEPT. SAYS SWAP TRANSCENDS WORLD LAW

Describes It as Marvelous Addition to Defense—Concedes Microscope Might Show Some Infraction.

By RAYMOND P. BRANDT
Chief Washington Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The fait accompli presented by President Roosevelt's letter notifying Congress that he had consummated an agreement with Great Britain to trade 50 World War destroyers for naval and air bases in the Atlantic was explained by State Department officials today as a marvelous addition to Western Hemisphere defense which "soundly and realistically" transcended the "technicalities" of national and international law.

Secretary of State Hull disclosed that, within the last 10 days, Admiral Harold R. Stark, Chief of Naval Operations, had certified to the White House and the State Department that the 50 destroyers were not essential to the defense of the United States. Previous to Secretary Hull's announcement, a White House spokesman, in the absence of President Roosevelt and Stephen T. Early, press secretary, said he did not know whether such certification had been received.

Such certification obviously was required by a law of June 28, this year, if conflict with a 1917 World War statute was to be avoided. In his opinion to the President, Attorney-General Robert H. Jackson said that, while the 1940 law was of "unquestionable constitutionality," he advised that the appropriate staff officers, may, and should, make such certification.

Discussion of Advantages.
At the State Department, officials said today.

Continued on Page 7, Column 3.

OCCASIONAL SHOWERS, SOME WARMER FOR TONIGHT

THE TEMPERATURES.
69 9 a. m. 74
68 10 a. m. 79
67 11 a. m. 82
66 12 noon 85
65 1 p. m. 88
64 2 p. m. 91
63 3 p. m. 94
62 4 p. m. 97
61 5 p. m. 100
60 6 p. m. 103
59 7 p. m. 106
58 8 p. m. 109
57 9 p. m. 112
56 10 p. m. 115
55 11 p. m. 118
54 12 m. 121
53 1 a. m. 124
52 2 a. m. 127
51 3 a. m. 130
50 4 a. m. 133
49 5 a. m. 136
48 6 a. m. 139
47 7 a. m. 142
46 8 a. m. 145
45 9 a. m. 148
44 10 a. m. 151
43 11 a. m. 154
42 12 noon 157
41 1 p. m. 160
40 2 p. m. 163
39 3 p. m. 166
38 4 p. m. 169
37 5 p. m. 172
36 6 p. m. 175
35 7 p. m. 178
34 8 p. m. 181
33 9 p. m. 184
32 10 p. m. 187
31 11 p. m. 190
30 12 m. 193
29 1 a. m. 196
28 2 a. m. 199
27 3 a. m. 202
26 4 a. m. 205
25 5 a. m. 208
24 6 a. m. 211
23 7 a. m. 214
22 8 a. m. 217
21 9 a. m. 220
20 10 a. m. 223
19 11 a. m. 226
18 12 noon 229
17 1 p. m. 232
16 2 p. m. 235
15 3 p. m. 238
14 4 p. m. 241
13 5 p. m. 244
12 6 p. m. 247
11 7 p. m. 250
10 8 p. m. 253
9 9 p. m. 256
8 10 p. m. 259
7 11 p. m. 262
6 12 m. 265
5 1 a. m. 268
4 2 a. m. 271
3 3 a. m. 274
2 4 a. m. 277
1 5 a. m. 280
0 6 a. m. 283
-1 7 a. m. 286
-2 8 a. m. 289
-3 9 a. m. 292
-4 10 a. m. 295
-5 11 a. m. 298
-6 12 noon 301
-7 1 p. m. 304
-8 2 p. m. 307
-9 3 p. m. 310
-10 4 p. m. 313
-11 5 p. m. 316
-12 6 p. m. 319
-13 7 p. m. 322
-14 8 p. m. 325
-15 9 p. m. 328
-16 10 p. m. 331
-17 11 p. m. 334
-18 12 m. 337
-19 1 a. m. 340
-20 2 a. m. 343
-21 3 a. m. 346
-22 4 a. m. 349
-23 5 a. m. 352
-24 6 a. m. 355
-25 7 a. m. 358
-26 8 a. m. 361
-27 9 a. m. 364
-28 10 a. m. 367
-29 11 a. m. 370
-30 12 noon 373
-31 1 p. m. 376
-32 2 p. m. 379
-33 3 p. m. 382
-34 4 p. m. 385
-35 5 p. m. 388
-36 6 p. m. 391
-37 7 p. m. 394
-38 8 p. m. 397
-39 9 p. m. 400
-40 10 p. m. 403
-41 11 p. m. 406
-42 12 m. 409
-43 1 a. m. 412
-44 2 a. m. 415
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-46 4 a. m. 421
-47 5 a. m. 424
-48 6 a. m. 427
-49 7 a. m. 430
-50 8 a. m. 433
-51 9 a. m. 436
-52 10 a. m. 439
-53 11 a. m. 442
-54 12 noon 445
-55 1 p. m. 448
-56 2 p. m. 451
-57 3 p. m. 454
-58 4 p. m. 457
-59 5 p. m. 460
-60 6 p. m. 463
-61 7 p. m. 466
-62 8 p. m. 469
-63 9 p. m. 472
-64 10 p. m. 475
-65 11 p. m. 478
-66 12 m. 481
-67 1 a. m. 484
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-84 6 p. m. 535
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-89 11 p. m. 550
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-93 3 a. m. 562
-94 4 a. m. 565
-95 5 a. m. 568
-96 6 a. m. 571
-97 7 a. m. 574
-98 8 a. m. 577
-99 9 a. m. 580
-100 10 a. m. 583
-101 11 a. m. 586
-102 12 noon 589
-103 1 p. m. 592
-104 2 p. m. 595
-105 3 p. m. 598
-106 4 p. m. 601
-107 5 p. m. 604
-108 6 p. m. 607
-109 7 p. m. 610
-110 8 p. m. 613
-111 9 p. m. 616
-112 10 p. m. 619
-113 11 p. m. 622
-114 12 m. 625
-115 1 a. m. 628
-116 2 a. m. 631
-117 3 a. m. 634
-118 4 a. m. 637
-119 5 a. m. 640
-120 6 a. m. 643
-121 7 a. m. 646
-122 8 a. m. 649
-123 9 a. m. 652
-124 10 a. m. 655
-125 11 a. m. 658
-126 12 noon 661
-127 1 p. m. 664
-128 2 p. m. 667
-129 3 p. m. 670
-130 4 p. m. 673
-131 5 p. m. 676
-132 6 p. m. 679
-133 7 p. m. 682
-134 8 p. m. 685
-135 9 p. m. 688
-136 10 p. m. 691
-137 11 p. m. 694
-138 12 m. 697
-139 1 a. m. 700
-140 2 a. m. 703
-141 3 a. m. 706
-142 4 a. m. 709
-143 5 a. m. 712
-144 6 a. m. 715
-145 7 a. m. 718
-146 8 a. m. 721
-147 9 a. m. 724
-148 10 a. m. 727
-149 11 a. m. 730
-150 12 noon 733
-151 1 p. m. 736
-152 2 p. m. 739
-153 3 p. m. 742
-154 4 p. m. 745
-155 5 p. m. 748
-156 6 p. m. 751
-157 7 p. m. 754
-158 8 p. m. 757
-159 9 p. m. 760
-160 10 p. m. 763
-161 11 p. m. 766
-162 12 m. 769
-163 1 a. m. 772
-164 2 a. m. 775
-165 3 a. m. 778
-166 4 a. m. 781
-167 5 a. m. 784
-168 6 a. m. 787
-169 7 a. m. 790
-170 8 a. m. 793
-171 9 a. m. 796
-172 10 a. m. 799
-173 11 a. m. 802
-174 12 noon 805
-175 1 p. m. 808
-176 2 p. m. 811
-177 3 p. m. 814
-178 4 p. m. 817
-179 5 p. m. 820
-180 6 p. m. 823
-181 7 p. m. 826
-182 8 p. m. 829
-183 9 p. m. 832
-184 10 p. m. 835
-185 11 p. m. 838
-186 12 m. 841
-187 1 a. m. 844
-188 2 a. m. 847
-189 3 a. m. 850
-190 4 a. m. 853
-191 5 a. m. 856
-192 6 a. m. 859
-193 7 a. m. 862
-194 8 a. m. 865
-195 9 a. m. 868
-196 10 a. m. 871
-197 11 a. m. 874
-198 12 noon 877
-199 1 p. m. 880
-200 2 p. m. 883
-201 3 p. m. 886
-202 4 p. m. 889
-203 5 p. m. 892
-204 6 p. m. 895
-205 7 p. m. 898
-206 8 p. m. 901
-207 9 p. m. 904
-208 10 p. m. 907
-209 11 p. m. 910
-210 12 m. 913
-211 1 a. m. 916
-212 2 a. m. 919
-213 3 a. m. 922
-214 4 a. m. 925
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-217 7 a. m. 934
-218 8 a. m. 937
-219 9 a. m. 940
-220 10 a. m. 943
-221 11 a. m. 946
-222 12 noon 949
-223 1 p. m. 952
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-237 3 a. m. 994
-238 4 a. m. 997
-239 5 a. m. 1000
-240 6 a. m. 1003
-241 7 a. m. 1006
-242 8 a. m. 1009
-243 9 a. m. 1012
-244 10 a. m. 1015
-245 11 a. m. 1018
-246 12 noon 1021
-247 1 p. m. 1024
-248 2 p. m. 1027
-249 3 p. m. 1030
-250 4 p. m. 1033
-251 5 p. m. 1036
-252 6 p. m. 1039
-253 7 p. m. 1042
-254 8 p. m. 1045
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-256 10 p. m. 1051
-257 11 p. m. 1054
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-263 5 a. m. 1072
-264 6 a. m. 1075
-265 7 a. m. 1078
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-268 10 a. m. 1087
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-270 12 noon 1093
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-275 5 p. m. 1108
-276 6 p. m. 1111
-277 7 p. m. 1114
-278 8 p. m. 1117
-279 9 p. m. 1120
-280 10 p. m. 1123
-281 11 p. m. 1126
-282 12 m. 1129
-283 1 a. m. 1132
-284 2 a. m. 1135
-285 3 a. m. 1138
-286 4 a. m. 1141
-287 5 a. m. 1144
-288 6 a. m. 1147
-289 7 a. m. 1150
-290 8 a. m. 1153
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-292 10 a. m. 1159
-293 11 a. m. 1162
-294 12 noon 1165
-295 1 p. m. 1168
-296 2 p. m. 1171
-297 3 p. m. 1174
-298 4 p. m. 1177
-299 5 p. m. 1180
-300 6 p. m. 1183
-301 7 p. m. 1186
-302 8 p. m. 1189
-303 9 p. m. 1192
-304 10 p. m. 1195
-305 11 p. m. 1198
-306 12 m. 1201
-307 1 a. m. 1204
-308 2 a. m. 1207
-309 3 a. m. 1210
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-311 5 a. m. 1216
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-313 7 a. m. 1222
-314 8 a. m. 1225
-315 9 a. m. 1228
-316 10 a. m. 1231
-317 11 a. m. 1234
-318 12 noon 1237
-319 1 p. m. 1240
-320 2 p. m. 1243
-321 3 p. m. 1246
-322 4 p. m. 1249
-323 5 p. m. 1252
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-337 7 a. m. 1294
-338 8 a. m. 1297
-339 9 a. m. 1300
-340 10 a. m. 1303
-341 11 a. m. 1306
-342 12 noon 1309
-343 1 p. m. 1312
-344 2 p. m. 1315
-345 3 p. m. 1318
-346 4 p. m. 1321
-347 5 p. m. 1324
-348 6 p. m. 1327
-349 7 p. m. 1330
-350 8 p. m. 1333
-351 9 p. m. 1336
-352 10 p. m. 1339
-353 11 p. m. 1342
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-361 7 a. m. 1366
-362 8 a. m. 1369
-363 9 a. m. 1372
-364

ROOSEVELT SAYS DEAL IS 'EPOCHAL ACT OF PREPARATION'

VALUE OF DEFENSE BASES IS BEYOND CALCULATION, HE TELLS CONGRESS

Trade Made 'In Face of Grave Danger'—Need of Outposts 'Long Recognized by This Country,' He Asserts.

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Lothian said the leases would apply to the eastern side of the Bahamas, the southern coast of Jamaica, the western coast of St. Lucia, the west coast of Trinidad in the Gulf of Paria, in the Island of Antigua and in British Guiana within 10 miles of Georgetown "in exchange for naval and military equipment and material which the United States Government will transfer to His Majesty's Government."

Hull, replying under the same date, declared: "In consideration of the declarations above quoted, the Government of the United States will immediately transfer to His Majesty's Government 50 United States Navy destroyers, generally referred to as the 1200-ton type."

Attorney-General Jackson in his opinion informed the President: "(a) That the proposed arrangement may be concluded as an executive agreement, effective without awaiting ratification. "(b) That there is presidential power to transfer title and possession of the proposed considerations upon certification by appropriate staff officers."

Jackson held that dispatch of so-called "mosquito boats" now under construction for the navy to the British "would constitute a violation of the statute law of the United States," but this would not be true with respect to the over-age destroyers, since they "were clearly not built, armed or equipped with any such intent (to enter the service of a belligerent) or with the reasonable cause to believe that they would enter the service of a belligerent."

A reference by Jackson to "the applicable provisions of the neutrality act as to delivery" was taken to mean that the British themselves would have to navigate the boats across the Atlantic.

Eight to Be Released Friday. Subsequent to the White House disclosures, the Navy Department announced that the first eight of the 50 destroyers released to Britain are at Boston and should be ready for delivery by next Friday. They will be sent to Canadian ports with their present crews, it was said. There they will be taken over by British seamen.

The others will be ready "when requested," a navy announcement said, and they will be in an "operating condition."

It was also announced that Admiral Harold R. Stark, chief of naval operations, had fulfilled legal requirements for disposing of fighting equipment by certifying release of the vessels to Britain, and the acquisition of the defense bases, would strengthen rather than impair the nation's defenses.

Value of \$85,000,000. The navy said that as of June 30, the destroyers released to Great Britain were carried on its books as representing a current value approximately \$1,700,000 each. This would make an aggregate of \$85,000,000 for 50 ships.

Modern destroyers now being built cost the navy from \$5,000,000 to \$8,000,000 each, depending upon where they are constructed.

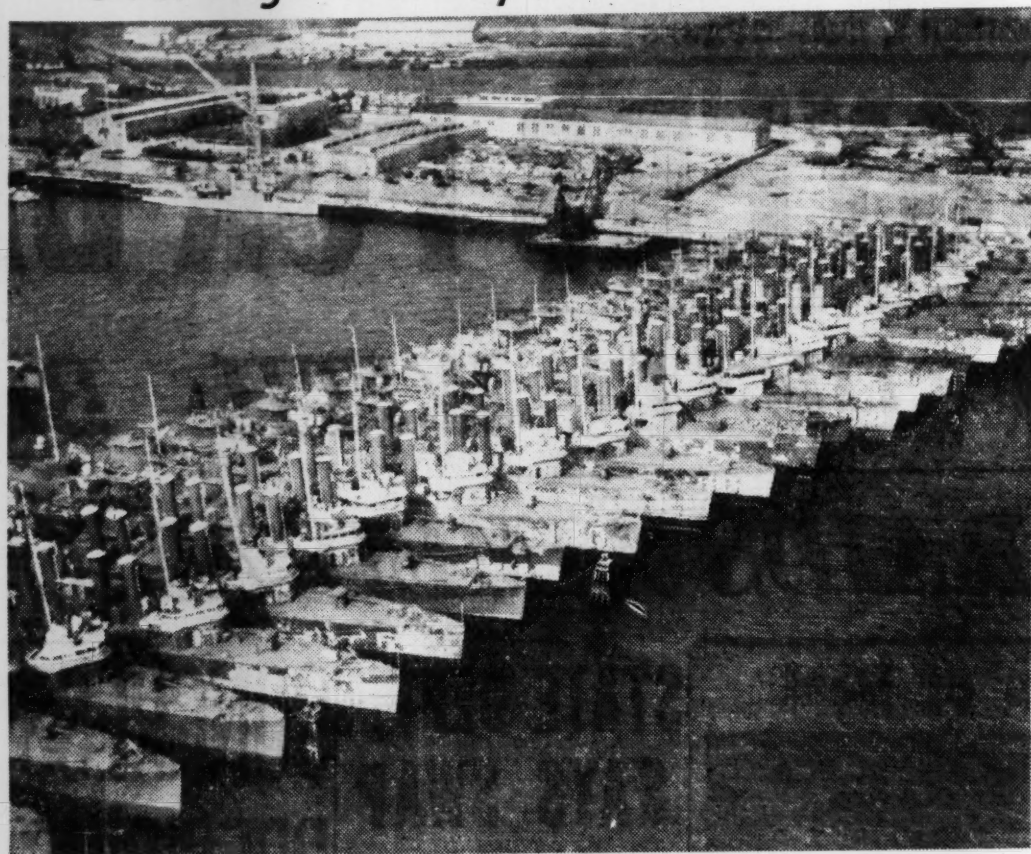
The old vessels each require about 125 officers and men. Their displacement is around 1200 tons. Presumably, the destroyers will replace those which Britain lost in engagement with the Germans and Italians, but several of the lost British destroyers were much newer by far than those to be received from the United States.

In addition to 123 over-age destroyers which have been retained in their original design, 46 others have been converted to mine layers, mine sweepers, transports, anti-aircraft vessels and to other purposes. In addition to a total of 169 over-age destroyers, the United States has 78 under-age built since 1934, making a total of 247, which will be reduced to 197 as a result of the transfer to Britain.

57 Destroyers Being Built. There are now 57 new destroyers being built, and funds to begin construction of 74 more are provided in the pending defense appropriation bill. Therefore, by the time of completion of the nation's two-ocean navy in 1946 or 1947, the United States should have 328 old and new destroyers, after deduction of the 50 transferred to Britain.

Nearly all of the vessels from which Britain's allotment are to be drawn are on the east coast, engaged in the American neutrality patrol. All of them have been re-conditioned and are regarded as serviceable by the United States navy, although one officer has referred to them as "mere hulks." They are all of an old-fashioned flush deck, four-stack type, built by

Over-Age Destroyers at San Diego



—International News Photo. Some of the World War destroyers of the United States Navy tied up at the San Diego Naval Base. Some of these ships have been recommissioned recently and put back into service. This picture was made recently.

the United States during the World War period.

President Appears to Hint That More Bases Are to Be Acquired.

ABOARD ROOSEVELT TRAIN EN ROUTE TO WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP).—President Roosevelt told reporters at a press conference on his special train that the epochal acquisition of air and navy bases was probably, in some respects, the most important thing for American defense since the Louisiana Purchase in 1803.

Furthermore, the President dropped what appeared to be a hint that further history-making steps might be taken to provide additional distant bases for the protection of America and the Western Hemisphere.

When a reporter inquired whether the agreement with England might lead to the postulation that a base would be established in Greenland, the President said he thought reporters should refrain from writing that it was a forerunner of anything else.

They might hit something, Roosevelt added, although the chances were 10 to 1 they would miss. He emphasized that the new bases would be entirely under American control, rather than under joint administration. He could not say when work might start on them, as final decisions on their specific locations would be left to a British-American board.

Roosevelt talked with reporters in his private railway car rolling up the rugged gorge of the Kanawha River on the way from Charleston, W. Va., to the capital.

Twenty minutes before the announcement of the defense base deal was reached in Washington, he told reporters about it with something of a twinkle in his eye. The President was well aware that they had a momentous story in their hands and could do nothing about it, except watch the scenery flash by at 50 miles an hour and wait for Washington to make the announcement.

"It's Done—It's Over." Roosevelt read to his press conference a copy of the message sent to the House announcing the arrangement and remarked: "It's all done; it's all over."

Actually he said a final decision was reached Sunday afternoon when he conferred with Hull as his special train paused in Washington for a half hour on the way South. The fact that Prime Minister Churchill of England repeated today his June statement that the British fleet never would be sunk or surrendered to Germany, led to conjectures whether the bases on this side of the Atlantic one day might not be used jointly by American and English warships.

But the President would not go into the matter of the possible basing of the British fleet in the Western Hemisphere, asserting merely that he assumed it would go wherever it was needed for defense.

To an inquiry about the legal difference between trading destroyers and "mosquito" torpedo boats, Roosevelt said he would have to refer to the legal opinion of Attorney-General Jackson. Jackson recently held that 20 of the mosquito boats could not be transferred to Britain.

In a Chatty Mood. The President was in a chatty mood at his press conference. He remarked that base sites in Newfoundland and Bermuda were com-



ANCHORS indicate British possessions where the United States acquires naval and air bases. They are Bermuda, Newfoundland, the Bahamas, Jamaica, St. Lucia, Trinidad, Antigua and British Guiana.

ing to the United States as generous gifts, gladly received. He emphasized, too, that the other sites, in the Bahamas, Jamaica, St. Lucia, Trinidad, Antigua and British Guiana, were being acquired in exchange for the old World War type destroyers.

In a 11 cases the sites will be leased for 99 years, he said, but no consideration of any sort was involved in Newfoundland and Bermuda.

\$12,292,000 for London Red Cross. LONDON, Sept. 3 (AP).—The London Lord Mayor's Red Cross fund totaled \$3,073,000 (about \$12,292,000) for the first year of the war, it was announced today. The fund collected \$1,575,877 in the first year of the last war.

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DESTROYER DEAL 'GOOD NEWS FOR ONCE,' SAY BRITISH

LONDON, Sept. 3 (AP).—British officials, declaring that news of the exchange of British bases for United States destroyers was received by the nation "with the greatest possible satisfaction," said tonight that Prime Minister Churchill would make a statement on the agreement in the House of Commons Thursday.

Britain, they said, will send crews to the United States to take over the warships, whose names will be changed.

The Prime Minister saw King George VI tonight and it was presumed they discussed the agreement, among other war developments.

American naval sources said transfer of the 50 United States destroyers gave Britain around 200 of these craft.

Britain had 185 destroyers last Sept. 3. The Admiralty has admitted the loss of 30 and others have been damaged, but there has been some new building — how much the Admiralty does not tell — in that time.

Germany had 22 destroyers last September; Italy 61. There are no figures available on new Axis construction.

"For once I've got some good news for you," beamed a Foreign Office spokesman at the beginning of a news conference.

"Successful conclusion of the agreement was greeted with the greatest possible satisfaction by His Majesty's Government and the peoples of the British Empire and Commonwealth of nations," he said. It demonstrates "the manner in which the democracies can insure through negotiations their own and common interests," he added.

The spokesman declared that Britain's possessions and colonies were involved in the "consultation and concurrence" on leases to the United States for Western Hemisphere bases.

Spokesmen, naval and civilian, emphasized three purposes they said would be served by the agreement:

1. The destroyers are a "timely reinforcement" for Britain's navy in maintaining control of the Atlantic;

2. The 99-year lease of bases is "a contribution to the security of the United States," something which the British recognize as "bound up" with the future of the world;

3. It means a material strengthening of defenses in the Western Hemisphere.

The Foreign Office spokesman admitted "it is no secret Britain needs destroyers."

He emphasized that the 99-year lease meant there was "no transfer of sovereignty," but he said the bases would be "under the United States flag."

Deal Reflects U. S.-Canadian Friendship, Says Prime Minister. OTTAWA, Sept. 3 (AP).—Prime Minister W. L. Mackenzie King said "the facts eloquently speak for themselves of English-American friendship," in commenting today on the exchange of 50 American destroyers for defense bases on Britain's Western Hemisphere outposts.

The entire transaction is one concerning solely the governments of the United States and Great Britain, although the Canadian Government has been kept informed of the negotiations, other officials said.

799,452 Unemployed in Britain. LONDON, Sept. 3 (AP).—The Ministry of Labor announced today that the unemployed in Britain totaled 799,452 as of Aug. 12—a decrease of 27,314 within one month.

Aunt Abby says I've tried all kinds, but I always come back to LIPTON'S for tea with the full tea flavor. And say, doesn't that richness make the difference when you're makin' feed tea!

Aunt Lulu says no woman ought to lie about her age—not with so many pension plans brewin'.

Pa says I'm a spendthrift when it comes to passin' out glasses o' iced LIPTON'S TEA to the neighborhood young folks. But after a hot game o' tennis, they sure enjoy it. And tea—even as gran' as LIPTON'S—costs only a half a cent a glass!

LIPTON'S TEA "world-famous for flavor"

ABSTRACT OF JACKSON'S OPINION ON DEAL FOR BASES

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP).

An abstract of Attorney-General Jackson's 18-page appraisal of presidential authority to acquire naval and air bases from Great Britain in return for 50 over-age destroyers is as follows:

"The proposed arrangement may be concluded as an executive agreement, effective without awaiting ratification (by the Senate)."

"There is presidential power to transfer title and possession of the proposed considerations upon certification by appropriate staff officers."

While dispatch of now-building "mosquito boats" to the British would violate the law, Jackson said the same reasoning could not apply to the over-age destroyers, since they "were clearly not built, armed or equipped" to enter the service of a belligerent, or with reason to believe they might enter such service.

His statement that, with the exception of the mosquito boats, "there is no legal obstacle" to the transaction, "in accordance, of course, with the applicable provisions of the Neutrality Act as to delivery" was taken to mean the British would have to take the boats to their destination.

(The Neutrality Act requires that military supplies for a belligerent must be handled by the belligerent once they leave the United States.)

First Mention of Mosquito Boats. Only in Jackson's opinion was there any reference to mosquito boats. It was plain, however, that these boats had been discussed between the two governments. Jackson's first mention of them was at the outset when he referred to "certain other small patrol boats, which though nearly completed are already obsolete."

Jackson found authority for the American-British agreement in the "power of the commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, which is conferred upon the President by the Constitution, but is not defined or limited," and in the further power in the Constitution giving the President control of foreign relations as a part of the executive functions.

Referring to the power as commander-in-chief, Jackson said: "I do not find it necessary to rest upon that power alone to sustain the present proposal, but it will hardly be open to controversy that the vesting of such a function in the President also places upon him a responsibility to use all constitutional authority which he may possess to provide adequate bases and stations for the utilization of the naval and air weapons of the United States at their highest efficiency in our defense."

"It seems equally beyond doubt that present world conditions forbid him to risk any delay that is constitutionally avoidable."

No Promises Involved. As for the second power, Jackson said: "Some negotiations involve commitments as to the future which would carry an obligation to exercise powers vested in the Congress. Such presidential arrangements are customarily submitted for ratification by a two-thirds vote of the Senate before the future legislative power of the country is committed."

"However, the acquisitions which you are proposing to accept are without express or implied promise on the part of the United States to be performed in the future. The consideration, which we later discussed, is completed upon transfer of the specified items."

"The executive agreement ob-

SIGNIFICANT SEQUENCE OF EVENTS POINTED OUT IN SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH

On Sunday the Post-Dispatch printed a survey of the destroyer situation by Raymond P. Brandt, in which he wrote: "Even now, although there have been talk and rumors for more than a month, there is no public official confirmation that there has been any specific proposal made either by Washington or London."

"In this connection it is significant to note that in the latter part of July, before any mention had been made of a proposed destroyer deal, a representative of the Post-Dispatch was informed that such a deal was in the making, that Gen. Pershing would shortly propose it in a radio speech and that soon thereafter it would be endorsed in a speech by Prime Minister Churchill. On July 30, both Gen. Pershing's aide, Col. Adamson, and the Press Relations section of the War Department said, in response to inquiries by the Post-Dispatch, that they had no information that a Pershing statement was forthcoming. Four days later Pershing was on the air with his speech. Adamson insisted that there had been "no confirmation" in the congratulations given by Secretary Hull immediately after the speech. He explained that Secretary Hull and the General were old friends and lived on the same floor at the Carlton Hotel, from which the speech was broadcast. Sixteen days later Prime Minister Churchill, in his dramatic speech to the House of Commons of Aug. 20, said "our navy is far stronger than at the beginning of the war. The great flow of new construction set on foot at the outbreak now is beginning to come in. We hope our friends across the ocean will send us a timely reinforcement to bridge the gap between the peace flotillas of 1939 and the war flotillas of 1941."

"Denials at Gen. Pershing's office were unequivocal, yet within three weeks of the Post-Dispatch inquiry both Gen. Pershing and Churchill had spoken."

It is an opportunity to establish naval and air bases for the protection of our coast line, but it imposes no obligation upon the Congress to appropriate money to improve the opportunity. It is not necessary for the Senate to ratify an opportunity that entails no obligations."

Jackson said the proposition "falls short in magnitude of the acquisition by President Jefferson of the Louisiana Territory from a belligerent during a European war, the Congress later appropriating the consideration and the Senate later ratifying a treaty embodying the agreement."

Quotes Law on Destroyers. Jackson said the President had been given the right to dispose of the destroyers in "at least two enactments of Congress and a decision of the Supreme Court."

He said under an Act of March 3, 1883, Congress placed restrictions on the Secretary of the Navy in disposing of old naval vessels, but also "conferred such a right in the President free from such limitations."

"So far as concerns this statute," Jackson said, "in my opinion it leaves the President as Commander-in-Chief of the Navy free to make such disposition of naval vessels as he finds necessary in the public interest, and I find nothing that would indicate that the Congress has tried to limit the President's plenary powers to vessels already stricken from the naval register."

Earth Shocks in Honduras. TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras, Sept. 3 (AP).—Moderate earth shocks were felt in Eastern Honduras today, but thus far there have been no reports of serious damage.

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NAZIS CAUTIOUS IN REACTION TO DESTROYER DEAL

Transaction Must Be Studied, They Say, in Light of All Aspects of International Law.

BERLIN, Sept. 3 (AP).—German authorized sources displayed extreme caution today in reaction to the United States' transfer of 50 over-age destroyers to Great Britain. They declared it involves "a question of conceivable vast import in relation to which the German attitude cannot be defined before a thoroughgoing study of all aspects of international law concerned."

But completely unofficially and without in any way reflecting the German Government's view, some Nazis said they believed the warships were "too late to help Britain" and that, at this stage, 50 destroyers were not sufficient to swing the balance of power to the British. President Roosevelt's announcement caused no surprise, however.

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THREE MEN FIRE AT WINDOWS OF CAROL'S PALACE

Apparent Attempt to Assassinate King Frustrated by Guards—One Attacker Reported Killed

BUCHAREST, Sept. 3 (AP). — What was described as an attempt by three men to assassinate King Carol was frustrated tonight by palace guards in a pistol fight in the palace gardens.

One of the supposed assassins was reported killed. The attack took the guards by surprise and the three reached a driveway near the palace proper before they were surrounded and overcome.

The incident occurred at 8:55 o'clock as a crowd milled about before the palace.

An automobile with the three men drew up in front of a palace gate. One of the occupants leaped from the machine and ran inside the driveway shouting "Long live the Iron Guards." The men fired at the brightly-lit palace windows as they ran.

The news spread quickly through Bucharest streets, where crowds had been demonstrating in protest against the cession of part of

Transylvania to Hungary, forced by Italy and France.

All telephone communication was cut off within five minutes after the shooting. The Council of Ministers was meeting in the palace at the time.

MISSOURI GUARD REGIMENT TO TRAIN AT CAMP HULEN, TEX.

203d Coast Artillery Had Been Scheduled to Go to Florida.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP).—National Guard Bureau officials said today that the 203d Missouri National Guard coast artillery regiment would train at Camp Hulen, Tex., instead of Fort Barrancas, Fla., as planned.

They said that the 197th coast artillery regiment of New Hampshire and 211th coast artillery of

Massachusetts, both scheduled originally to train at the Falmouth (Mass.) military reservation, also would go to Camp Hulen.

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13 BRITISH SHIPS ARE SUNK IN WEEK BY 'ENEMY ACTION'

BRITISH PUT NAZI PLANE LOSSES AT 2000 FOR YEAR

Chance for Successful Air Attack Against Fleet Is Small, Admiralty Says in Review of War.

LONDON, Sept. 3 (AP).—The Admiralty announced today that 16 merchant ships, 13 of them British, were destroyed by "enemy action" during the week ended Aug. 25. They totaled 79,750 tons.

This total compared with an average weekly loss of 52,540 tons since the start of the war, the Admiralty said, but was below the average of 88,700 tons since May 27, when Germany intensified its war on shipping.

German losses total approximately 923,000 tons and Italian losses 273,000 tons since the outbreak of war, the Admiralty asserted.

"Enemy" claims to have sunk 153,064 tons of shipping during the week under review were declared to be "considerably more than twice the actual recorded losses."

In a review of the first year of war at sea, a naval spokesman said enough action had been seen to prove that the chances of a successful air attack against an efficient fleet, either at sea or in harbor, are small.

"We have found our ships better in construction and operation than pre-war estimates," he said. "They have proved their value in every test."

The pre-war conception of defense against air attack has been shown to be "not very wrong," he added, "though we had to invest millions of pounds on theoretical construction for aerial defense."

The spokesman asserted war experience showed that all naval defenses can be defended. As an example, he said, since the Orkneys base at Scapa Flow was well armed against an aerial onslaught, it had not been molested.

On the "positive side" of the year's ledger, he also listed British "defeat" of the magnetic mine and continued control of the seas, including the Mediterranean.

RAIL CLERKS' COMMITTEE NAMED TO FIX STRIKE DATE

Union President Says District Chairman Indorse Everything Negotiations Have Done.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP).—District chairman of the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks have empowered a committee to fix the time of a nation-wide strike of some 30,000 members employed by the Railway Express Agency, Inc.

George M. Harrison, union president, said last night that the chairman "indorse everything the Negotiating Committee had done" in connection with the failure of the brotherhood and the agency to agree on how to establish the 44-hour week.

The clerks now work 48 hours. The 44-hour week was recommended by a fact-finding board appointed by President Roosevelt in July to avert a threatened strike.

The brotherhood contended the company refused to apply the new hours in "a fair and reasonable way," and the agency asserted the brotherhood was demanding it go beyond the fact-finding board's report.

RED ARMY MARSHALS TO WEAR DIAMOND-STUDDED GOLD STARS

Decorations to Contain 21 Gemstones, Is Created by Order of Supreme Soviet.

MOSCOW, Sept. 3 (AP).—A marshal's star—brilliant in gold, platinum and diamonds—was created today by the Supreme Soviet to be worn by Marshals of the Red Army.

The order provided for five-pointed gold stars with smaller stars in the center, each to be encircled with five diamonds of 3.06 carats and 56 smaller diamonds. They are to be worn suspended from broad red ribbons.

There are now five Red Army Marshals—Vice Premier Clement Voroshilov, Defense Commissar Semen Timoshenko, Vice Commissar for Defense Gregory Kulik, and Deputy Defense Commissar Semen M. Budenny and B. M. R. S. Sushchenko.

Provide, Communist party newspaper, published an editorial in connection with a coming call to the colors of the classes of 1921 and 1922 exalting "the holy duty of the Soviet citizen to serve in the army."

Good-Will Flyer in Guatemala.

GUATEMALA CITY, Sept. 3 (AP).—The Mexican good-will flyer, Maj. Antonio Cardenas, arrived here yesterday from El Salvador, the chief of the 38 families in the building of a 20,000-mile tour of Latin America, begun in Oakland, Cal., will fly to Cuba before going to Mexico.

Figures Cover Craft Shot Down in and Around England—August Total Given as 967.

LONDON, Sept. 3 (AP).—Nearly 2000 German warplanes were shot down by British planes and anti-aircraft defenses in the first year of the war against Germany, the Air Ministry reported last night.

The ministry said the fighters shot down 1771 enemy planes while the anti-aircraft guns accounted for 196.

In a review of the first year of air war, the ministry indicated the bulk of the German losses came in the last two and one-half months. It reported 1500 Nazi planes were destroyed since the large-scale raids on England began June 18.

The figures referred exclusively to planes downed in and around Britain, the ministry reported.

Many Damaged.

Probably another 750 German aircraft "will never fly again," the ministry added, contending that "day by day our fighters have proved more than equal to the enemy."

British losses were admitted to be "considerable," but the ministry said the ratio was in Britain's favor and pointed out also that many British pilots are saved even when their machines are lost.

It acknowledged that interception of German night raiders presents many problems, but declared these were being met "with increasing success" with the assistance of searchlight crews, observer corps and anti-aircraft batteries.

The Royal Air Force's "steady night bombing of Germany" was declared to have been successful, and this was attributed largely to the much-criticized leaflet raids early in the war to points as distant as Prague and Vienna.

Air Mileage.

The Air Ministry news service, after a brief reference to the total "bag" of 1967 raiders for the war's first year, added that "by nightfall, pilots of the fighter command had flown more than 17,000,000 miles or 700 times around the world during the year."

From a "modest" total of 200,000 miles in September, 1939, the mileage had risen to a "peak" of 4,500,000 for August.

August also was a record month for victories, for "the fighter pilots shot down 967 German bombers and fighters," the news service said.

LINCOLN BIOGRAPHY MATERIAL GIVEN TO ILLINOIS LIBRARY

Includes Notes and Memoranda on Which John Hay, John Nicolay Based Work Issued in 1870.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 3 (AP).—Trustees of the Illinois State Historical Library announced today the acquisition of much of the material on which John Hay and John G. Nicolay based their 10-volume biography of Abraham Lincoln.

Surviving notes, memoranda, copy and proofs of the biography, "Abraham Lincoln: A History," recent by were given to the library by Alice Hay Wadsworth, daughter of John Hay and wife of Congressman James W. Wadsworth of New York.

Included in the collection were two original letters written by Hay and signed by Lincoln and Lincoln's own abstract of telegraphic returns from the presidential election of 1864, as sent by Governors of the Union states.

Nicolay and Hay, both Illinoisans, were Lincoln's private secretaries during the Civil War. Their Lincoln biography was published in 1870.

ROOM OR BOARD HELD PART OF WAGES WHERE PROVIDED

Actual Cost Must Be Considered in Computing Overtime Pay, Wage-Hour Office Rules.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP).—The wage-hour administration said yesterday that when employers furnish board or lodging in addition to cash wages, the actual cost of such facilities must be considered as part of the regular pay rate in computing overtime wages.

The ruling modified the previous policy which did not contemplate consideration of board or lodging in overtime computations when the minimum wage was paid in cash.

Titled Moves Furniture, Takes Bag.

CHICAGO, Sept. 3 (AP).—Someone broke into the lobby of the Cordova Apartments on the South Side at night. Without waking any of the 38 families in the building, the thief quietly pushed tables, chairs, ash stands and other furnishings out of the way and left with a 12x12 rug.

HEALTHFULLY COOL!
THE MOST MODERN AIR-CONDITIONED
SYSTEM EVER INSTALLED ANYWHERE!

OPPORTUNITY

Start to morrow!

OUR ONLY ORIGINAL SALE IN ST. LOUIS

BRINGS THE SEASON'S GREATEST FRESH NEW MERCHANDISE TO FALL AND WINTERED—SALE

BOYS' BETTER SUITS

\$12.98 and \$14.98 all-wool tweeds; Herringbones, diagonals, mixtures, 2 lined knickers included. **\$9.99**
Sizes 8 to 15 ———— (Fourth Floor.)

STUDENTS' TOPCOATS

\$24.95 all-wool tweeds with wool zip-out plaid linings. Blue, brown, green. Sizes 18-22 ———— **\$18.90**
(Fourth Floor.)

\$24.95 STUDENT SUITS

All-wool covert. Single-breasted, with outside cash pocket. Tan, brown, green, teal. **\$18.90**
17-22 ———— (Fourth Floor.)

\$2.98 WOOL LONGIES

Tom Sawyer tweeds and flannels, with elastic sides, self belt. Blue, brown, green, 6-12 ———— **\$1.68**
(Fourth Floor.)

\$1 TOM SAWYER SHIRTS

Cotton knit polo shirts with long sleeves. Crew neck, zipper neck or turtle neck. 3 colors. **59c**
Sizes 6 to 20 ———— (Fourth Floor.)

\$1.35-\$2.50 SHIRTS

Men's shirts in woven broadcloth, sizes 14-17. pajamas in flannel prints. Sizes A to D—Easts. **\$1**
(Street Floor & Thrift Ave.)

65c NEW FALL TIES

Exciting new patterns, colors. Rayons and wools in the group. **44c**
Come early for these at ———— (Street Floor.)

\$45-\$50 KUPPENHEIMERS

New fall suits in wanted tweeds and chevrons. Double and single breasted models, new colors. **\$38.95**
All are rayon lined ———— (Fourth Floor.)

MEN'S FALL SUITS

Worsted! Shepherds! Both single and double-breasted models; also regular models. Rayon lined. Men's sizes ———— **\$21.75**
(Fourth Floor.)

MEN'S \$25 TOPCOATS

Popular camel shades. Rough tweeds, soft shetlands. All are **\$19.95** and rayon satin linings ———— (Fourth Floor.)

MAYTAG WASHERS

\$165 when new! Model 80, factory rebuilt, should give years of service; square aluminum tub. **\$29.95**
Hurry! ———— (Fifth Floor.)

\$14.95 ROASTER

"Nesco" Electric 2-burner roaster, 11-qt. size, looks whole meal; hurry just 100 to go at Opportunity **\$8.99**
low price ———— (Fourth Floor & Thrift Ave.)

59c-69c PANTIES

Runproof rayon tricot knits! Step-ins, briefs, trunks; tearose, in regular and extra sizes 5-10. **39c**
Elastic tops ———— (Second Floor and Thrift Ave.)

TUCK STITCH PANTIES

59c Warm cotton panties with elastic waistband and knees. Tearose, small medium, large; 35c ———— **3 for \$1**
(Thrift Ave.—Street Floor.)

\$6.50 HOUSECOATS

Saybury washable rayon crepes in wrap and zip styles. Sizes 12-44 and 14½-24½. Lovely prints. **\$4.44**
Don't miss this buy ———— (Second Floor.)

\$1.15 UNION SUITS

Men's suits of soft cotton knit, in open and closed styles. White, sizes 36-44. Buy your winter's supply now! **79c**
(Linker's—Second Floor.)

59c-79c APRONS

Cay fresh flower prints on colorfast percales. Flattering styles. Grand for gifts or prizes. **3 for \$1**
Each 39c or ———— (Apron Dept.—Second Floor.)

BETSY ROSS FROCKS

Soft wool-like weaves in tailored stripes and solid colors. Also tubifast rayon crepes. All sizes. **\$1.84**
Becoming styles ———— (Thrift Ave.—Street Floor.)

\$3.50-\$15 *FORMOLDS

Our entire stock of Formold foundations, at real savings. Come early for your choice of **20% OFF**
several styles ———— (A & L Undergarments—Second Floor.)

\$2.25 RAYON SLIPS

Noted make. Guaranteed seams. 4-gore style. Silk and lamberg rayon satin, in tearose and white. **\$1.79**
Sizes 31-37, 34-44 ———— (Second Floor & Thrift Ave.)

\$1.25 SODA CHECKS

Use them any time, for delicious luncheons, snacks and sweets at our brand new **\$1.00**
fountain ———— (Street Floor.)

49c DAHLIAS

"Calart" like-real flowers; 27-in. stems with 2 blooms and lovely foliage. Six shades ———— **24c**
(Gift Dept.—Sixth Floor.)

29c SALAD PLATES

Hand-cut crystal, elaborate floral cutting; use them for salads or desserts ———— **8 for \$1**
(Fifth Floor.)

HOUSEWARES

4c Hospital Towels ———— 15 for 50c
70c Almoce Pad and Cover ———— 47c
3 for 69c Almoce Soap Chim ———— 3 for 44c
69c Galvanized Tin Pail ———— 10 for 45c
85c Universal Wash Boards ———— 50c
12½c Almoce Paper Towels ———— 6 for 47c
51 Triple Flour Sifters ———— 69c
\$2.49 Folding Ironing Board ———— \$1.40
\$1 Old English Dust Mop ———— 70c
(Fifth Floor and Thrift Ave.)

\$7.98 GLADSTONE

Undergarment wide, waterproof Kevlar lining; black or brown. 24-inch size reinforced. **\$4.59**
corners ———— (Fourth Floor.)

TOILETRIES BUYS

Chips, large box ———— 3 for 40c
Palmolive Soap ———— 10 for 40c
Lifeguard Health Soap ———— 10 for 40c
Lifeguard Soap ———— 10 for 40c
Woodbury's Soap ———— 5 for 30c
Levy's Soap, medium ———— 10 for 40c
Levy's Soap, large ———— 10 for 40c
Levy's Soap, small ———— 10 for 40c
Woodbury's Creams and Lotions, both ———— 50c
(No Mail or Phone Orders)
(Street Floor)

CHAIR, NEEDLEPOINT

Reg. \$6.98! Duncan Phyfe or Ives-back, mahogany finish chair and partly-woven needlepoint. **\$4.98**
point, both ———— (Fifth Floor.)

\$14.95 MATTRESSES

With 183 coil springs, durable ticking covers with handles for turning. Your choice of **\$9.77**
Full or twin sizes ———— (Seventh Floor.)

\$1.29 4-HOUR ENAMEL

Hard, porcelain finish, dries in 4 hours, leaves no brush marks, one coat covers. White and **88c**
19 colors, quart ———— (Fifth Floor.)

\$4.98 COUCH COVERS

For studio couches; full sizes, 3 cushions; tubifast, plush, cottons; pleated valance, cord seams. **\$2.88**
Blue, wine, green, brown ———— (Sixth Floor.)

\$3.98 DRAPERIES

Floral prints on rough-textured cottons; 36 inches each side, 2½ yards to hang. Pair ———— **\$2.79**
(Sixth Floor.)

\$1.49 LACE PANELS

Rich ecru, all-over patterned cotton laces; hemmed sides and bottom; 45 inches wide, 2½ yards long, each ———— **98c**
(Sixth Floor.)

39c RAZOR BLADES

"Blue Ribbon" Blades of finest Swedish steel, for regulation double-edge razor. Here's the opportunity save. Box of **25 25c**
(Nations—Street Floor.)

JUNIOR DRESSES

\$7.98 Collapsible Frocks in Fall wools, rayon crepes, favorite colorings; black, new colors, sizes 8 to 15. Grand buys! **\$6.49**
(Third Floor.)

\$14.95 FROCKS

Rayon crepes, dressy, afternoon and street fashions, many with jackets, nooses, and women's **\$11.99**
sizes. Autumn colors ———— (Modesto Dress Shop—Third Floor.)

MISSSES' SUITS

Man-tailored, single-breasted; new slender skirts; navy, black, Worsted, Stripes, **\$8.99**
Tweils. Sizes 12 to 20 ———— (Third Floor.)

UNTRIMMED COATS

\$16.95-\$19.95 smart black wools, for women, misses. Fitted or boxy, with side ties, yokes, blouse backs ———— **\$13.99**
(Third Floor.)

DOWNSTREET STORE

BOYS' \$4.49 JACK FALL BAC

Wool back, leather trimples and irregulars; sleeves, upper clothing of styles in Fall **55c**
and black ———— (Downstairs St.)

IRREGS. \$1.29 SHIRT-\$1.19 SLI

Men's Fused collar shirts and irregulars; broadcloths; all - fresh and rayon sat- **69c**
clean; sizes 14 to 17 ———— (Downstairs St.)

19c TOPMOST PERM 99 RAYON FROG

Remnants; floral, mo- **\$1**
stripes, checks, also; sizes 32 to 44 ———— (Downstairs St.)

\$1.19 TRUTH SHIRT FALL DRESS

8½x99 - inch torn size most styles, newest col- **\$2**
hemmed; bleached, also; sizes 14 to 16 ———— (Downstairs St.)

89c DINNER CLOTHS 99 SPORTS COA

30-inch rayon and cottons' and women's; floor- **\$7**
mask Dinner Cloths; lace or plaid backs; sizes 32 to 44 ———— (Downstairs St.)

\$1.29-\$1.49 CURTAINS 99 NURSES' SHO

Priscilla, voile cottage and **\$1**
room. Curtains; lace or **\$4**
rayon marquisette panels; each or pair ———— (Downstairs St.)

IRREGS. 79c-\$1 98-\$7.98 COAT

Women's full-fashioned, fur-trimmed and **\$4**
and high twist chiffon **\$4**
weights ———— (Downstairs St.)

DRY CLEANING
• Men's Suits
• Coats
• Plain Dresses
60c

DAMP WASH
12 POUNDS, 59c
Everything beautifully laundered and returned damp ready to iron.

3c EACH ADDED POUND

GRAND LAUNDRY
Family Wet Wash Laundry
3044 LAWTON
JEFFERSON 4559

WALKER & FULLER'S

FOR PHONE ORDERS
DIAL MAGIC NUMBER CE. 9449
FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

UNITY DAYS

4 BIG DAYS

ONLY STORE-WIDE IN SEPTEMBER

THE SEASON'S GREATEST VALUES!

EVERY MERCHISE TO FILL EVERY WINTERED—SALE PRICED!

DOWNSTAIRS STORE

BOYS' \$4.49 JACKS FALL BAGS

Wool back; leather front; irregular; wide
leaves; zipper closing; styles in Fall
to 8 ————— **59c**
Downstairs Store.

REGG. \$1.29 SHIRTS \$1.19 SLIPS

Men's Fused collar shirts and irregular; rayon
roadcloths; all fresh sizes and rayon sat.;
lean; sizes 32 to 44 ————— **69c**
Downstairs Store.

9c TOPMOST PERCENT RAYON FROCKS

Remnants; florals, monograms; French crepes and spun
tripes, checks, etc.; sizes 10 to 16; rayon fabrics; misses',
6-inch; yard ————— **\$1.38**
Downstairs Store.

\$1.19 TRUTH SHOW FALL DRESSES

11x99-inch torn size dress styles, newest colors,
hemmed; bleached; also rayon fabrics; misses',
inch; sizes 10 to 16; rayon fabrics; misses',
imit 6 ————— **\$2.69**
Downstairs Store.

99c DINNER CLOTHES SPORTS COATS

16-inch rayon and cotton; men's and women's; fleeces,
mask; Linner Cloths; 5 or 6 plaid backs; **\$7.99**
or box styles.
Downstairs Store.

\$1.29-\$1.49, CURTAINS NURSES' SHOES

Priscilla, voile cottage and other Brand; black or white
room Curtains; lace; rayon fabrics; misses',
rayon marquisette panels; sizes 9 to 11; AA to E ————— **\$1.59**
Downstairs Store.

REGG. 79c-\$1.19 79c-\$1.19 COATS

Women's full-fashioned coats; fur-trimmed and tail-
and high twist chiffons; styles; 7 to 14; also tots'
service ————— **\$4.99**
Downstairs Store.

\$2 TO \$10 JEWELRY

Exciting new Fall Costume pieces
—necklaces, pins, clips, bracelets.
Some stone-set. Lovely. 1 OFF
colors . . . now ————— **2**
(Street Floor.)

\$2.98 FALL HANDBAGS

Envelope, pouch and handle styles.
Calfskin, suede and grains; black,
brown, wine, ————— **\$2.29**
green —————
(Street Floor.)

\$1.98-\$2.98 HANDBAGS

Leather bags — calfskin, suede,
genuine buffalo! Black and fall
colors; envelope, pouch, **\$1.59**
handle styles —————
(Street Floor & Thrift Ave.)

FALL JERSEY FROCKS

Season's darling in wanted shades;
classic tailored and basic frocks,
misses' 12-20 sizes. Grand Opportunity
saving at this ————— **\$6.49**
low price —————
(Sport Shop—Third Floor.)

\$16.95 FALL DRESSES

Brand-new! One-piece, and jacket
types in rayon crepe; 1-piece wool
Dresses; Fall-toned rayon crepes
galore. Misses' women's sizes.
Sale savings ————— **\$13.99**
at —————
(Moderate Priced Dresses—
Third Floor.)

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 4-5-6-7

49c-59c FINE RAYONS

Printed Jersey, printed Comospun,
Carillon crepe and other rayons. 39
inches wide; washable; yard ————— **29c**
(Second Floor.)

\$3.98 FILET CLOTHS

Handmade Tuscan filet cloths, 72x90
in size. Made of fine hand- **\$1.99**
twisted yarn. Just 100, each
(Thrift Ave., Street Floor.)

COATS SEWING THREAD

Well-known sewing thread in 300-
yard spools. Black and white. Limit,
2 dozen. Stock up now. **80c**
Special at . . . DOZ. —————
(Street Floor.)

DR. DENTON SLEEPERS

Infants' one and two piece styles of
this noted brand. Washable and
warm. Buy now, at re- **20%**
duction from list prices of
(Tots' Underwear—Second Floor.)

GIRLS' BLOUSES

White pique and broadcloth tuck-ins,
Peter Pan collars; rick-rack trimmed
or embroidered; 7 to 14 **94c**
years. Opportunity buys at
(Third Floor.)

\$6.98-\$7.98 FROCKS

Rayon crepes, wools, jerseys, heather
flannels, jacket and dressy **\$5.49**
styles; women's, misses' sizes
(De Mura Shop—Third Floor.)

\$5.95 CRICKET CHAIR

Solid maple frame, Colonial design.
Separate button-tufted seat and back
cushions in figured glazed chintz.
Four attractive colors, **\$4.44**
pleated flounce —————
(Seventh Floor.)

MEN'S PAJAMAS

Reg. \$3.98 Kaylon rayon. Notched
collar style; neat all-over figures.
Sizes A, B, C and D **\$2.99**
—low priced at —————
(Street Floor.)

\$19.95 KNEE HOLE DESK

18th Century styles desk with large,
roomy drawers and filing space.
Grand for small houses and
apartments. Now ————— **\$21.99**
Beautifully finished in mahogany
veneer —————
(Seventh Floor.)

\$29.95 STUDIO COUCH

Comfortable couch; opens to full-size
bed. Innerspring mattress. Your
choice of colors and covers. Grand
for small houses and **\$21.99**
apartments. Now —————
(Seventh Floor.)

\$37.50 CONTEMPORA

Mattress or box spring. Think of it,
either at this low price. Mattress has
385 pocketed coils, pre-built side
wall 8-oz. ACA cover. **\$19.95**
Matching spring —————
(Seventh Floor.)

\$6.95 OCCASIONAL PGS.

Choose from 2 styles end tables,
lamp, coffee, or butterfly tables.
Solid walnut throughout. Beautifully
finished. A sensational **\$4.44**
buy at —————
(Seventh Floor.)

\$8.75 SALON HATS

French Room hats—beautifully detailed!
Berets, off-the-face styles, **\$6.75**
turbans, brims and casuals —————
(Millinery—Fashion Floor Third.)

\$5 MODERNETTE HATS

All of the newest styles in Fall hats in-
cluded in this "beginning of **\$3.79**
the season" sale. Buys at —————
(Millinery—Fashion Floor Third.)

\$94.95 PHILCO RADIO

1940 Model 40-155XF, American and
foreign reception; 8 tubes. 3 bands.
push-button tuning. **\$49.95**
built-in aerial —————
And Old Radio
(Fourth Floor.)

SELBY ARCH PRESERVERS

Women's \$10.75 Selby Shoes; selected
Fall styles in oxfords, pumps, **\$8.80**
sandals; 3 1/2 to 10, AAAA to D
(Second Floor.)

\$109.50 1939 MAGIC CHEF

All-white porcelain. Fully insulated with
exclusive Loran Red-wheel oven regula-
tor. Grid pan, smokeless broiler. Acid-
resisting porcelain top. **\$67.98**
Bargain priced at —————
(Fifth Floor.)

AIMCEE SOAP FLAKES

Large 13-ounce white Soap Flakes, of-
fered at this low price. Stock up
and ————— **3 Boxes 43c**
save! —————
(Toiletries—Street Floor.)

\$1.95 MINERAL OIL

Full gallon of S. B. F. heavy pure white
Mineral Oil, at extreme savings for
Opportunity ————— **\$1.19**
Days —————
(Street Floor.)

\$7.95 PULL-UP CHAIR

Fine walnut finish, attractive upholstery
in 5 wanted patterns. Cotton tapestry,
rayon damask in rust, green, blue or
burgundy. Opportunity Sale **\$5.99**
priced at only —————
(Seventh Floor.)

79c LB. CANDIES

Lewis miniature chocolates, 100
pieces to the pound box. Delicious
centers richly coated in rich, **59c**
dark chocolate —————
(Street Floor.)

BAKERY SPECIALS

Luscious fresh peach
divinity cake ————— **49c**
Repeated searches and 13
hours of questioning during two
days of detention in Spain were re-
ported yesterday by Dr. James V.
Sparks, who arrived here with his
wife and 20 members of his section
of the American Volunteer
Ambulance Corps en route home
from France. **32c**
grand family treat —————
(Street Floor.)

\$1.98 TABLECLOTHS

Fast-colored printed cloths on good
quality cotton twill weave material.
58x78 size. **\$1.49**
Real opportunity —————
(Second Floor & Thrift Ave.)

GAY KITCHEN TOWELS

Brand-new printed designs! Fine
quality sail-cloth, neatly hemmed.
Limited quantity. **23c**
Each —————
(Second Floor.)

RHYTHM STEP SHOES

Women's \$7.75 fall footwear; black,
brown suede; alligator grain calf;
black kid; styles for dress **\$6.60**
and street wear —————
(Second Floor.)

Entire Stock Men's ARCH PRESERVER SHOES

Every Fall Style in Wright Arch
Preservers Reduced
\$10.50 Shoes ————— \$ 8.64
\$11.50 Shoes ————— \$ 9.64
\$12.50 Shoes ————— \$10.64
(Street Floor.)

GIRLS' OXFORDS

"Saddles" . . . with red rubber soles;
white elk with tan saddles; tan elk
with brown saddles; sizes **\$2.99**
3 1/2 to 9, AAA to B —————
(Second Floor.)

COLLEGIENNE COATS

Reversibles in wool tweeds, gabardine
lined; with matching hoods. **\$8.98**
Sizes 9-15 —————
(Collegienne Shop—Third Floor.)

DRESSY COATS

Women's, misses' \$29.95 grand all-
weather types in dressmaker black
woolens; rayon crepe **\$24.99**
and satin linings —————
(Third Floor.)

TOTS' \$12.98 COAT SETS

Well tailored of all wool. Three
pieces, with matching hat and leg-
gings. Navy, sizes **\$7.90**
1 1/2 to 6 —————
(Second Floor.)

LAMB CHOP LUNCHEON

50c
Grilled Rib Chop served on toast
points, with Garden Peas
Shoeing Potatoes, French Dressing
Fresh Peach Cobbler, or Ice Cream
Coffee, Tea or Milk
(Sixth Floor.)

3 1/2 LBS. COOKIES

"Fairbrook" cookies . . . tender, tempt-
ing butter-flavored! Filled and un-
filled cookies in a grand **89c**
assortment —————
(Street Floor.)

\$1.89 LINOLEUM

Genuine bur-lap-backed inlaid linoleum,
6 ft. wide. Every pattern
through to the inset. Marbled,
swirl effects and inset pat-
terns, sq. yd. ————— **99c**
(Sixth Floor.)

Britain Has Spent \$2,000,000,000 In U. S. During First Year of War

Probably Not More Than \$500,000,000 Worth of Contracts Filled—Two Billions in Orders Likely in Second Year.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP).—Great Britain has ordered two billion dollars worth of goods in the United States since it declared war on the Third Reich a year ago today.

British purchasing agents, who gave this figure, estimated that another two billion dollars in orders would be forthcoming in the second year of war.

The British have bought nearly everything from fire hoses to airplanes. The list runs into hundreds of items, but with the air war relentlessly growing more intense, the emphasis has been constantly on planes. About \$1,200,000,000 of the first year's contracts were for aircraft.

Probably not more than \$500,000,000 of the first year's contracts have yet been filled, however. In many cases new factories—a number of them paid for by the British—had to be built before a start could be made on the orders. In some cases items had to be standardized with United States needs so that a single factory could handle both, and so delay ensued.

No Word on Details.

Details as to just how many planes have been bought or delivered, their types, and similar information about other purchases are not available. Inquiries bring the polite but firm British reply: "Sorry, but you know we are at war."

From other sources, however, indications are that Britain and the empire now are getting about 10 new military planes a day off American assembly lines. By next summer, they seem to have hopes for about 70 a day. Expressions of doubt that the war will last that long are laughed at.

To pay the cash required by the neutrality law for their purchases, the British have been sending gold

here at the rate of about \$100,000,000 a week. It comes fresh from the mines of South Africa and Australia, from the bank vaults of London, but most often from Canada where much was either stored before the war or landed by convoy afterwar.

To transact a purchasing business greater than that of any commercial firm and surpassed only by the United States Government's own procurement plans, the British have a rapidly growing staff now totaling more than 1000 persons, mostly in New York. The bulk of them are Canadians or other British subjects, but many are Americans, even in high positions.

The Man Who Is Boss.

Bushy-browed, dynamic Arthur B. Purvis is their boss. An Englishman with 25 years' experience in Canada and the United States, he handles a staff of knights and brigadiers with a brisk good humor that has made him a popular and respected figure in both New York and Washington—between which he commutes by plane or train two or three times a week.

For months, Purvis' activities were somewhat limited by the necessity of co-operating with a French purchasing mission. But the very day that France surrendered, he bought up all the unfilled French contracts—probably a sizeable portion of the two billion dollar contract total in the last year.

At first the British purchasing was concentrated on airplanes and equipment which Britain's own factories could not produce in sufficient quantities. With the prospect that some British factories might be bombed out of commission, the second year's program is expanding into new items, particularly tanks, field artillery and shells. Machine guns, always a prominent item, are to be doubled.

AMERICANS DETAINED, QUESTIONED IN SPAIN

Ambulance Corps Member on Way Home From France Tells of Experiences.

LISBON, Portugal, Sept. 3 (AP).—Repeated searches and 13 hours of questioning during two days of detention in Spain were reported yesterday by Dr. James V. Sparks, who arrived here with his wife and 20 members of his section of the American Volunteer Ambulance Corps en route home from France.

"They wanted information about French military factories, but got nothing," said Dr. Sparks, a dentist and former commander of the Paris post of the American Legion. "The Spaniards failed entirely in their aims, although they treated us like criminals, searching me, my wife and every member of our party five times during our 24 hours in jail at Figueras."

"We were arrested and I was separated from my wife soon after we arrived at Port Bou. They kept us in prison under armed escort in a large, cold room. All the time we had no blankets and slept on a cement floor with nothing to eat but potatoes."

"All our luggage, papers and documents were taken away and never returned. I was taken into the Spanish intelligence service and questioned 13 hours under 'third-degree' methods."

"Meanwhile, at 3 o'clock in the morning my wife was told to leave Spain within 12 hours and she hadn't a cent. British Consul Whitfield, although ill, rushed to the station, gave her money and wired American authorities at Barcelona, where Consul William George was most helpful."

Sparks said his party finally was taken to Barcelona, kept in a hotel there under arrest and later escorted by military authorities to the Portuguese border.

The party hoped to leave aboard the American liner American Export scheduled to sail tomorrow for New York.

CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS, 74, WINS YACHT-RACE IN STORM

Former Secretary of Navy Braves Choppy Sea That Keeps Other Vessels in Port.

MARBLEHEAD, Mass., Sept. 3 (AP).—Charles Francis Adams, Secretary of the Navy in the Hoover administration, still is nautical-minded at the age of 74.

While fishing vessels and freighters hugged port yesterday because of unfavorable weather, Adams skipped his eight-meter yacht, Thisbe, to victory in a sailing race.

Other shippers described the choppy six-mile course as a "mountain climbing roller coaster."

FISHERMAN HOOKS MUSKRAT

After 20 Minutes Fighting, It Gets Away With Fly in Nose.
SALT LAKE CITY, Sept. 3 (AP).—George Q. Cannon of Salt Lake City, fishing on the West Fork of the Duchesne River, said he cast into the stream and hooked a muskrat.

PILOT DIVES BURNING PLANE TO LAND, ESCAPES WITH BURNS

Flames Extinguished in 2000-Foot Plunge; One Passenger Aboard.

WICHITA FALLS, Tex., Sept. 3 (AP).—Two Oklahoma City men rode a flaming airplane in a 2000-foot dive to earth yesterday and escaped with burns.

V. V. Van Lindingham, 29-year-old salesman, the pilot, was burned seriously on the arms, legs, face and back. His passenger, W. L. Barnett, 24, was burned on the hands.

Witnesses said the plane caught fire and Van Lindingham immediately put it into a dive and whipped out the flames. The fuselage covering was completely burned away and the control stick handles were burned off. Only the wings remained covered when the plane landed.

MAIL ORDER BOOK SALE RULES

Announced by F. T. C. as Bar on Misrepresentation.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP).—The Federal Trade Commission announced yesterday 22 trade practice rules which it said were intended to prevent "misrepresentation and deception" in mail order sales of books.

The rules prohibit falsely representing the conditions under which books are offered, the authorship of the source of content, or the sponsorship.

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CONVERSION OIL BURNER \$268.00

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3 YEARS TO PAY

GENERAL ELECTRIC Automatic Heat

FOR FREE SURVEY CALL
General Installation Co.
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Nazi Thrusts at London Repulsed

Continued From Page One.

night by British bomber squadrons, which aimed especially heavy blows at a power plant at Genoa, a dynamite works near Cologne and the gun emplacements on the French coast, the Air Ministry announced tonight.

Three British planes were lost in the operations, the ministry said.

It also asserted that British planes bombed supply ships in a Norwegian harbor on Sogna fjord

AMBASSADOR Friday, 11:30 p.m.

Spectacle Romance
of the Dramatic
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Bags — \$5.98 to \$10.95

(Casual Shop—Fourth Floor)



and at sea off the Dutch coast.
British and German planes
fought spectacularly over
Thames estuary, waterway to Lon-
don, marking the anniversary with
one of the conflict's biggest air
battles.

300 Raiders Beaten Off.

Observers said about 300 raiders
were beaten off by British fight-
ers and ground defenses and the
Air Ministry said 23 German
planes had been destroyed in to-
day's attacks. Fifteen British planes
were lost, but eight pilots were
safe, it added. (British losses for
the day were said in Berlin to be 54
so far, including at least 15 planes
destroyed on the ground, against
only 12 German planes missing.)
The main German attacks again
apparently were directed chiefly
at airdromes in southeastern Eng-
land, which have been attacked re-
peatedly since the Germans first
broke through to the London area
in force on Aug. 18 to bomb Croy-
don.

"Flying Barns" Appear.

Today's thrusts from the contin-
ent came after a four-hour and
21-minute overnight alarm in the
London area, which was preceded
yesterday by three futile attempts
by four-motored "flying barns" and
swarming fighter escorts to pene-
trate capital defenses.
The 40-passenger German "mon-
sters" were used as troop trans-
ports in the Norwegian campaign,
but the British said there was
no indication they were on such
service over England. Rather,
they suggested, other types of Ger-

man bombers are becoming scarcer.
The Admiralty an-
nounced that a Norwegian torpedo
boat co-operating with British na-
val forces had shot down a Ger-
man dive bomber which attacked
the torpedo boat and a nearby
merchant ship.

In the earlier repulse of the Ger-
man mass attack on the southeast
coast, fighting lasted more than an
hour before the Germans scattered
and headed back over the channel.
In one coastal district six air-
men were seen drifting down by pa-
rachute several miles from the scene
of the main battle, apparently hav-
ing jumped from disabled planes.

The Germans apparently were
thoroughly beaten as, after the
hour's fighting, they jetisoned
their bombs and turned homeward
with British fighters in pursuit.
When the British fighters re-
turned to their bases, some of them
dropped their "victory roll."

Air Ministry Communique.

The Air Ministry's communique
today:
"Enemy aircraft in considerable
numbers crossed the southeast
coast this morning. Preliminary
reports so far available indicate
that a few bombs were dropped in
Kent and Essex. Little damage
appears to have been caused. A
few casualties are reported, sev-
eral of which were fatal."

"Further reports of yesterday's
actions confirm that eight more
enemy aircraft were shot down
yesterday by anti-aircraft fire. This
brings the total enemy air-
craft destroyed yesterday to 50, of
which 12 were shot down by anti-
aircraft fire. The total number of
enemy aircraft shot down by our
ground defenses is now over 200."

London's initial alarm lasted one
hour and 12 minutes, beginning at
10:22 a. m. (3:22 a. m. St. Louis
time). The sirens sounded their
warning almost within 30 minutes
of the hour a year ago when Nev-
ille Chamberlain, then Prime Min-
ister, announced Britain was de-
claring war on Germany. Two days
earlier Germany had invaded Po-
land.

The southeast coast battle, the
biggest that particular vicinity had
experienced, developed when a
large force of German bombers
accompanied by scores of Messer-
schmitt fighters, encountered a
strong flight of British fighter
planes.

The British attacked the German
formations just as they reached an
inland town.
While civilians scampered for
shelters, the British flyers scat-
tered the German bombing forma-
tion and engaged the Messer-
schmitts. One British fighter elud-
ed a German plane by diving from
20,000 feet—a height of almost four
miles—to just above the town's rail-
road station.

A bomber, pouring smoke,
crashed in a vertical dive. One
airman was seen to bail out and
float to earth by parachute miles
away.

The first German fighter which
was downed went spinning to the
earth from about 20,000 feet alti-
tude. Before it struck, its gasoline
tanks appeared to explode.

In another air activity earlier in
Southeast England, a raider
dropped incendiary bombs on a
plant, starting a fire which was vi-
sible for miles. No workers were
on duty.

London firms kept going without
a change of pace as minute men on
rooftops kept a sharp lookout for
raiders to sound local alarms when
it became prudent to take shelter.

Four-Hour Overnight Alarm.
German bombers earlier had held
London under alarm for four hours
and 21 minutes, the all-clear sound-
ing at 2:55 a. m. It capped a day
of bitter daylight fighting in which
a total of about 700 German planes
attacked Britain.

Little activity was observed in
the night attack on the London
area. One raider dropped about
15 bombs and another unloaded two
scream bombs, damaging houses
but causing no casualties.

The Germans attacked elsewhere,
particularly in the industrial mid-
lands, where they struck for the
eleventh successive night. Several
persons were killed by a direct hit
on an air raid shelter.

The Government said the "gen-
eral damage was slight" from the
night raids and the number of cas-
ualties "is remarkably small."

The Air Ministry said of yester-
day's daylight raids that 300 planes
—bombers and fighters—were used
in the last attack alone.

It issued this report of raids last
night in Germany and Italy:

"The dynamite works at Schle-
vusch, northeast of Cologne, and
the important railways junction of
San Pier d'Arena at Genoa were
heavily bombed."

"Other aircraft attacked the
electric power station at Genoa,
oil installations at Ludwigshaven
and Frankfurt, the Bosch ignition
plant at Stuttgart for the
second night in succession, the
Bayer explosive works near Co-
logne, the Dortmund-Ems Canal,
the French port of Lorient and
gun emplacements at Cap Gris
Nez."

"Attacks were made on oil tanks
at Flushing and on the harbor of
Ostend."

Attacks on Munich.
The Royal Air Force described
last night its first heavy raid on
Munich, birthplace of Nazism, as
part of a wide-sweeping attack
from the North Sea to the
plains of Lombardy in Italy.

A news bulletin said that a force
of heavy bombers attacked the air-
plane engine factory of the Bayer-
ische Motorenwerke Co. at Munich
Sunday night and early yesterday.

Important buildings were reported
hit, along with a testing track
and railway junction points. Many
fires were seen to break out.

This was only one point in the
newly-extended attacks, of which
the left flank struck at Emden and
Nordenham on the North Sea and
the right at Turin and Milan in
Italy.

Another objective was the Bosch

ignition plant at Stuttgart, which
was heavily defended by anti-air-
craft batteries.

Fires Started.
Fires and explosions were start-
ed. A second wave of planes ar-
riving 10 minutes later was guid-
ed by the flames.

At Mannheim, pilots said, they
saw bomb bursts on railway sid-
ings, and at Ludwigshaven they
hammered hard at a group of oil
tanks. Haze prevented accurate ob-
servation of results there.

In the Emden and Nordenham
dock areas, fires were started and
one direct oil tank hit was noted.

At Mannheim, 20 miles from
Mannheim, the flyers attacked in-
dustrial buildings and reported that
a great bluish network lit up like a
plan on a drafting board, suggest-
ing that a large electrical installa-
tion had been short-circuited.

In the attack on Northern Italy,
the report said, the first planes de-
scending on the Fiat airplane plant
at Turin, set off an explosion so
heavy that a bomber several thou-
sand feet high was tossed about
by the detonation.

Fires were said to have been
visible for a half-hour after the
planes turned homeward.

Turin railway sidings also were
blasted, and many bombs struck
the Po River railway bridge about

five miles north of Alessandria.
Bombs were reported to have
caused immediate explosions at the
Marelli magnet works at Milan.
The British then followed up by
scattering incendiary bombs over
the same target.

One bomber, thwarted by the
weather in efforts to soar over the
Alps, deposited its bombs on the
Beauvais airport en route home.
Blenheim bombers of the coastal
command bombed shipyards at
L'Orient, France, described as a
German U-boat and E-boat base.
Ground fog and darkness made de-
tails uncertain, but several hits on
shipyards, followed by explosions
and fires, were observed.

Altogether, the Air Ministry
summed up, "the R. A. F. method-
ically bombed selected targets in an
area of 700 miles."

An Air Ministry and Home Se-
curity Ministry communique sum-
marized enemy attacks on South-
east England carried out yesterday

afternoon:

"A considerable number (of Ger-
man planes) crossed the coast of
Kent simultaneously in three
waves. While one of these ap-
proached South London, the other
two massed in the Thames estuary
and moved northward. All enemy
formations were engaged and
driven back by our fighters."

"A Thames-side town was bombed
and some buildings were damaged.
Some damage also was done to a
town in Essex but no casualties
have been reported from these
quarters. At one town in Kent
some buildings were hit and some
people received injuries, a small
number being fatal."

"It is now known that in earlier
attacks yesterday bombs caused
damage to houses in several towns
in Kent and Essex and to a hos-
pital. Casualties were caused in
each area, a small number being
fatal."

"Full reports of air battles over

this country during the week end 88 enemy aircraft destroyed on the
show that three more enemy air-
craft were destroyed by our fight-
ers on Saturday, making a total of now known to be safe."

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ly payment—and in the meantime you are enjoying sound,
refreshing, healthful sleep. No other mattress has the
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3 utensils in one.
Useful. Reg. \$1.95, now
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1 1/2, 2, 3 qt. pans.
Reg. \$3.60, now at \$2.79



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cious coffee. 6-cup size,
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juices from running over
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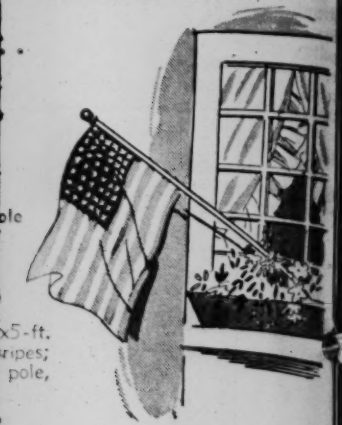
2x3-ft. size	\$5.95	4x6-ft. size	\$24.00
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FLOORCOVERINGS—Fourth Floor

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88 enemy aircraft destroyed on the day. One R. A. F. pilot previously reported missing on Saturday now known to be safe.

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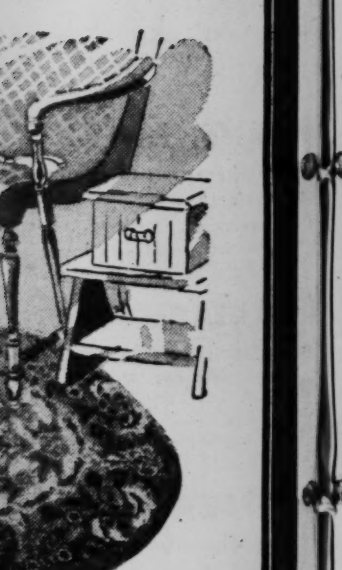


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PRESIDENT-ELECT OF PANAMA URGES PAN-AMERICAN UNITY

Bridge Administration to Democracy and Co-operation for Continental Solidarity.
PANAMA, Sept. 3 (AP).—Dr. Arnulfo Arias, President-elect of Panama, declared Sunday the policy of his administration "will be strongly pan-American, directed primarily toward co-operation for the strengthening of continental solidarity among American nations."
Dr. Arias, who will take office Oct. 1, said it was his aim to "ex-

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State Department Asserts Swap Transcends World Law

Continued From Page One

als discussed at uncanny length the great national and hemispherical defense advantages of the transfer which was accomplished as an executive act not requiring legislative sanction.
A greater obstacle to the transfer than the 1917 and 1940 was Article 8 of the 1907 Hague conventions which provided that no neutral government shall permit the departure from its jurisdiction of any vessel intended to cruise or engage in hostilities against a Power with whom that Government is at peace.

Jackson in his advisory opinion ignored this convention, which the Senate ratified in 1908. State Department officials, when asked whether the transfer violated Article 8, retorted that, if Bill Jones or John Smith wanted to use a microscope on one detail of the agreement and apply the technicalities of law, some infraction might be found, but the administration regarded the trading of the obsolete ships for eight magnificent naval outposts as a chance for unprecedented reinforcement of our defense—a ring of steel—against the every increasing menace of a world movement showing no signs of decreasing.

No Hostility Intended.
Departmental spokesmen, without mentioning Hitler or Germany, asserted that the transfer could be regarded as hostile only by somebody looking for trouble. When this country, they said, was confronted by a terrific world movement people here would soon become tired of looking to technicalities of the law, which there was no intention of violating.
When a reporter asked a departmental source whether the explanation meant that "all rules were off" there was an immediate denial.

The United States, an official asserted, is still neutral and has no intention of interfering in the affairs of Europe.
The transfer of the destroyers, he continued, was in no sense an act of war and the administration could not see any other nation visualizing such a marvelous acquisition of naval bases as anything other than the strengthening of our own defense.

Undreamed of Chance.
The chance to acquire the eight naval and air bases, the official said, was too important to throw away since it would strengthen the defenses of this country from New Foundland to the Panama Canal and even to South America. The acquisition was then described as a mountainous, monumental accomplishment, comparable with the purchase by Jefferson of the Louisiana Territory.

This opportunity, which was undreamed of before and might not be offered again, should not be thrown away, the official asserted, just because Bill Jones might say that transfer of the destroyers, whose value was in no way commensurate with the bases, would get us into trouble.

The departmental spokesman would not disclose what other negotiations were under way with Great Britain although Lord Lothian in his note of yesterday proposed that six of the bases named be exchanged for "naval and military equipment and material which the United States Government will transfer to His Majesty's Government."

It was emphasized at the department that the trade of the naval bases for destroyers was a completed action and that any other proposals discussed would be on other condition.

Opponents Out of Capital.
The announcement of the transfer of destroyers caught several of the most outspoken opponents of the trade out of Washington. As late as last week Senator Walsh and Danaher had had no hint that Admiral Stark would certify that the 50 destroyers were not essential to the Navy, and the announcement today by the Navy Department did not reveal when he had made his certification.

The official negotiations between the State Department and the British Embassy began Aug. 4, it was learned today, although Prime Minister Churchill's address to Parliament, disclosing the offer of the Naval and Air Bases, was not given until Aug. 20.

Churchill at that time, however, said that Britain had decided "spontaneously, without any inducement" to tell this country that it was prepared to lease bases in the Atlantic. There was only a vague reference to a wish that "our friends across the ocean would send us a timely reinforcement."

YOUTH SAVED FROM LEDGE WHERE GIRL JUMPED TO DEATH

NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (AP).—Grief-stricken over the death of a girl friend, Stanley Logan, 22 years old, an army private, threatened to jump from a fourth-story apartment house window today. From the same ledge his 15-year-old friend, Veronica Honejko, jumped to her death last Thursday when fire swept the building.
While two priests sought to dissuade him, firemen rigged a safety net below and finally, with the aid of police, forced him back into the room to safety.

One of the priests was the Rev. Francis X. Quinn, who was scheduled to go to Washington today to receive a Congressional Medal for valor as a result of a somewhat similar episode last year. In April, 1939, Father Quinn entered a barricaded apartment where John Naumo, a gangster, had been holding 90 policemen at bay. After pleading for an hour, with Naumo's pistol aimed at him, Father Quinn persuaded the gangster to surrender.

ment to bridge the gap between peace flotillas of 1939 and war flotillas of 1941." Destroyers were not mentioned by name in the speech, although British commentators immediately pointed out that the word "flotilla" was usually associated with destroyers.

On Aug. 16 the President had issued a formal statement announcing that this country was negotiating for naval and air bases from Great Britain, but at his press conference, while he conceded there would be a "quid pro quo," he insisted that the acquisition of the bases had nothing to do with the then rumored transfer of the destroyers. The day before, Early, his press secretary, had declared that reports about a trade of destroyers for bases was "just another one," implying that it was just another unsubstantiated rumor.

During last week there were persistent rumors that the President was trying to persuade Admiral Stark that the naval and air bases were far more valuable from a national defense standpoint than 50 "obsolete" destroyers. Stark's announcement today that he had certified the transfer indorsed the Roosevelt argument.



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room sizes (approximate sizes)

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1—Chinese, 10x14 — originally \$ 450 for 4 days \$ 295
1—Royal Sarouk, 15.6x9 originally \$ 750 for 4 days \$ 495
1—Royal Sarouk, 15.9x10.5 originally \$ 850 for 4 days \$ 550
1—Deluxe Kerman, 18x10 originally \$1200 for 4 days \$ 750
1—Royal Sarouk, 18.6x10.6 originally \$ 975 for 4 days \$ 650
1—Royal Sarouk, 19x10.3 originally \$ 895 for 4 days \$ 595
1—Deluxe Kerman, 20x11.7 originally \$1450 for 4 days \$ 950
1—Kerman, 21.5x12.3 — originally \$1750 for 4 days \$1225

scatter sizes (approximate sizes)

50—Hamadans, 3x2 — originally \$13.50 for 4 days \$8.95
50—Sarouks, 3x2 — originally \$19.50 for 4 days \$12
35—Hamadans, 4.6x2.6 — originally \$29.50 for 4 days \$19
25—Sarouks, 5x3.6 — originally \$75.00 for 4 days \$49
30—Chinese, 4x2 — originally \$29.50 for 4 days \$19
25—Chinese, 5x3 — originally \$59.00 for 4 days \$39
10—Sarouks, 7x4.6 — originally \$ 135 for 4 days \$89
11—Kermans, 4x2 — originally \$42.50 for 4 days \$27
10—Kermans, 5x3 — originally \$89.00 for 4 days \$59
5—Karajah Runners, 11x2.6 originally \$45.00 for 4 days \$29
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THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

A know that any retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles; that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare; never be satisfied with merely printing news; always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.
April 10, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Mr. Willkie's Task.

THE country is still waiting for Mr. Willkie to go into his act. We have the frame but not the picture. Kibitzing Mr. Roosevelt's day-to-day performance serves no purpose. This is, after all, the Roosevelt administration. What we want from the Republican candidate is a view of what things will be like in the Willkie administration, if any.

Mr. Willkie says he agrees with Mr. Roosevelt on most of his social objectives. But he is against big government, which he believes is at least as pernicious as big business. To put the best possible light on the Willkie philosophy, it may be regarded as meaning that Mr. Willkie believes industry a better vehicle than government through which to serve the ultimate public weal. He is undoubtedly in favor of the financial reforms of the New Deal, and will retain them. It must fairly be said for him, also, that his utility managerial experience does not extend back to the horrors of pre-1929, but on the contrary, he has served his utility presidency under New Deal laws and regulations.

But what can Mr. Willkie do about business and employment, wherein lie the cure for our domestic problems? There was a day when business management in this country earned its right of leadership by providing employment to the people. Whether the division of the gains was just or not—and it usually wasn't—there was at least a distribution encompassing practically all the population.

True, fewer women were wage-earners and agriculture required more manpower than today, making the problem of employment a comparatively simple one.

At any rate, so long as business was the source of jobs and incomes, so long was business respected by the people and permitted pretty much its own way in the management of its affairs.

Can business, and will it, resume this function and this responsibility? Can it give us assurance of benefits that will justify lifting what business calls restrictive laws and regulations? Could Mr. Willkie obtain such benefits either by persuasion or by legislation and regulation?

Just for illustration, could corporate taxation be used as a device with which to reward or penalize business in the proportion that it gives employment or fails to give employment? Each of these would have a sounder constitutional basis than did the NRA, a scheme which had a similar objective. Perhaps, for that matter, the NRA itself would pass the present Supreme Court.

However, the specific suggestion is merely for purposes of the argument. The underlying point is that business must face this question: Will you pay the price for the election of your kind of man?

If some (by no means all) of your prerogatives are returned to you, will you earn and deserve them? Will you give the people employment without quibbling over the effects on your book-keeping, even to the point where, if your sacred "return on investment" falls, you will write down your investment to a realistic figure upon which your actual earnings will automatically constitute a fair return?

That would only be a recognition that owners are not quite as wealthy as they would like to think; that they have no right to be as wealthy as they think they are, from a sheer economic standpoint, morally quite aside.

In many ways the New Deal has sought such an end, the Wage-Hour law being the latest effort. But more than laws must be obeyed by business.

If business wants this to be a business man's country, it must conform to higher and unwritten law of business statesmanship and trusteeship. It must demonstrate its capacity for leadership and social responsibility.

Then, and only then, can it ask the people to commit their destinies to Mr. Willkie, and Mr. Willkie's most spectacular appeal to the nation would be an assurance that business has learned a code of behavior that entitles it to leadership in the nation's affairs.

Mr. Willkie is a business man. He is the business man's candidate. He can lead business back to its traditional position in American affairs only if he can first educate business to the responsibilities and duties of that position.

The best service he can render his business backers is to qualify them for the place they are ambitious to occupy in our national life.

That, if anything, is the mission accorded to Mr. Willkie by the swift events which placed him before the people of the United States as a candidate for our highest office.

H. K. W.

Vandalism at Jefferson Memorial.

THE stone pillars in the entrance of the Jefferson Memorial are being used as a blackboard by children and grown-up girls and boys as well who take great pleasure in defacing the pillars with pencil and chalk, and even by cutting initials in the stone.

This mars the appearance of the entrance and detracts from the beauty of the building. I am writing this letter to you in the hope that steps will be taken to stop further destruction of the Jefferson Memorial entrance.

E. R. C.

Dictator Roosevelt Commits an Act of War

Mr. Roosevelt today committed an act of war.

He also became America's first dictator.

Secretly, his Secretary of State, Mr. Hull, entered into an agreement with the British Ambassador that amounts to a military and naval alliance with Great Britain. This secretly negotiated agreement was consummated yesterday, Sept. 2.

Today Congress is informed of the agreement. Note well the word "informed." Although the President referred to his under-cover deal as ranking in importance with the Louisiana Purchase, he is not asking Congress—the elected representatives of the people—to ratify this deal. He is telling them it already has been ratified by him—America's dictator.

The President has passed down an edict that compares with the edicts forced down the throats of Germans, Italians and Russians by Hitler, Mussolini and Stalin.

He hands down an edict that may eventually result in the shedding of the blood of millions of Americans; that may result in transforming the United States into a goose-stepping, regimented slave state.

Under our Constitution, treaties with foreign Powers are not legal without the advice and consent of the Senate. This treaty, which history may define as the most momentous one ever made in our history, was put over without asking the Senate either for its advice or its consent.

The authority which the President quotes for his fatal and secret deal is an opinion from the Attorney-General. Whatever legal trickery this yes-man may conjure up, the fact is that the transfer of the destroyers is not only in violation of American law, but is also in violation of The Hague Covenant of 1907, solemnly ratified by the United States Senate in 1908. It is an outright act of war.

Undeterred by law or the most primitive form of common sense, the President is turning over to a warring Power a goodly portion of the United States navy, against the repeated statements of Senators, Navy Department officials and officers of the navy that the ships are needed for our own defense.

But that is only one phase of this insane performance. We get in exchange leases on British possessions in this hemisphere—but only leases. What good will these leases be if Hitler should acquire title to these islands by right of conquest? There is even the possibility that, in the course of a negotiated peace, Great Britain might be forced to cede these islands to Hitler.

PROSECUTOR GRAVES IS OUSTED.

A year and a half ago Gov. Stark made the following statement about the Prosecuting Attorney of Jackson County: "Prosecutor Graves' continuous failure to prosecute ghastly felonies justifies his immediate removal from office."

Graves has now been ousted from office by the State Supreme Court, along with Sheriff James L. Williams. This is not only a victory for the Governor and for Attorney-General McKittick, but a triumph for the public. It is also another nail in the coffin of Pendergastism, whose supine creature Graves has been.

Whatever reason the State Bar Advisory Committee has had for not filing disbarment proceedings against Graves has now been removed. Obviously a man who has prostituted his job as a prosecutor is not fit to hold a license to practice law and to function as an officer of the court.

The University of California threatens to expel any student who speaks against conscription. The higher democracy?

THE RUSSELL-OVERTON AMENDMENT.

Representative May, chairman of the House Military Committee, calls attention to a clause of the 1916 National Defense Act whereby the President, "in time of war or when war is imminent," may take over a munition or other military supply factory in case the operator refuses to manufacture articles desired for the army at "a reasonable price" or to give preference to military orders. The property so taken is not to be confiscated, but the Government would be required to pay "a fair and just" rental for the use of the plant.

This clause seems to cover the same ground and to be aimed at the same objective as the Russell-Overton amendment to the conscription bill, to which Mr. Willkie objected in a public statement last week, although a majority of Republicans in the Senate voted for it. It is Mr. May's opinion that the 1916 law makes the Russell-Overton amendment unnecessary, although he said he might be in favor of an amendment proposed by Representative Smith of Connecticut, which would not refer to the imminence of war, but would make the power to take over plants effective during the life of the draft. The Smith proposal also specifies that, under certain circumstances, manufacturers could refuse to accept military orders if, for instance, they held existing contracts that could not be abrogated without forcing them into bankruptcy.

Either the 1916 clause must be applied or some new form of power to fit industry into the defense program is sure to be insisted on by Congress. Whatever political motives, as Gen. Johnson suggests, prompted passage of the Russell-Overton amendment, it is right in principle. If there is a defense emergency—and the Post-Dispatch believes there is; and if it was necessary to draft men—and the Post-Dispatch accepts Gen. Marshall's view that it was; and if we American citizens and our sons stand ready to be drafted—and the Post-Dispatch believes that the majority do stand ready, and, if so, the minority will have to accept its decision, then a recalcitrant or over-greedy manufacturer who is in a position to make a product that is essential for the defense of his country and who won't, as other manufacturers are doing, come to terms, that manufacturer should be forced to make it.

This sort of legislation, of course, should be carefully drafted, as the Russell-Overton amendment apparently was not, lest it be used by over-ambitious or unscrupulous public officials to pervert his power to vicious ends. Congress should make certain that this is a defense measure and not an entering wedge to out-and-out Socialism or out-and-out Fascism.

What, then, will become of Roosevelt's leases? Obviously, to avoid all sorts of possible complications, we should have full sovereignty over our own naval and air bases.

Of all sucker real estate deals in history, this is the worst, and the President of the United States is the sucker.

Thomas Jefferson did not lease Louisiana from Napoleon Bonaparte. He acquired it outright, to have and to hold forever.

Woodrow Wilson didn't lease the Virgin Islands from Denmark. With the advice and consent of the United States Senate, he bought them.

In the case of Newfoundland and Bermuda, Mr. Roosevelt tells us that the right to bases "are gifts—generously given and gladly received." In other words, the great and rich United States is taking largess from a nation that owes us more than five and a half billion dollars! We are accepting a tip, according to the President.

For at least 10 years, this newspaper has repeatedly called attention to the urgent desirability of acquiring Caribbean islands owned by Britain and France for our own defense purposes. In that belief, we are ardently in agreement with Mr. Roosevelt.

No move was made to this end by Roosevelt or his predecessors, despite the fact that we had a trading argument in the billions of war debts owed to us by France and Britain.

No, Roosevelt saw France go down without negotiating for the islands in exchange for the debts, and only now, with Britain in the throes of a desperate war, does the President move to protect our shores.

But, in doing so, he commits an act of war, he strips our navy of 50 valuable ships and he enters into leases which might not be worth the paper they are written upon in a month's time.

And all this is done in utmost contempt of democratic processes and of the Constitution of the United States.

If this secretly negotiated deal goes through, the fat is in the fire and we all may as well get ready for a full-dress participation in the European war.

If Roosevelt gets away with this, we may as well say good-bye to our liberties and make up our mind that henceforth we live under a dictatorship.

If Congress and the people do not rise in solemn wrath to stop Roosevelt now—at this moment—then the country deserves the stupendous tragedy that looms right around the corner.

What, for example, does the word "facility" mean when the Russell-Overton amendment says condemnation proceedings may be instituted against any "manufacturing plant or facility"?

In opposing the principle of the Russell-Overton amendment, Mr. Willkie is out on the end of a very long limb.

DID VIENNA SETTLE ANYTHING?

The Russians have massed 500,000 troops on the Rumanian border. This news came this morning on the heels of unofficial Soviet claims on Moldavia and last week's demands from Moscow to Bucharest for explanations of border incidents.

The Balkan situation, therefore, seems to be as acute as it was before the Germans and Italians forced Carl to yield a large section of Transylvania to the Hungarians at the Vienna conference, while, at the same time, they undertook to guarantee the Kingdom's new frontiers.

Russia, Hitler's very doubtful partner, got nothing at that "little Munich"—unless it was a slap in the face. Hungary is a Nazi puppet, with little more independence than Slovakia. Hitler, therefore, only extended his own frontiers. And it seems certain that he did so not out of any great desire for the particular territory seized, but to forestall Russian occupation and to keep the Red army that much farther from vital and vulnerable points in South-eastern Germany. Nazi Panzer divisions, it is said, will occupy the region.

Hitler obviously does not trust the Stalin who made possible his war in the west. Russian regard for Germany seems to be little more than a matter of hollow diplomatic words. All of which raises the question of whether Stalin may not terminate his non-aggression pact with Berlin just as soon as he comes to the conclusion that British resistance has seriously weakened Germany, and offers him an opportunity for military success in Central Europe. It may never come to pass, but the makings of a two-front war stare Hitler in the face.

MAYOR LA GUARDIA SAVES SOME MONEY.

Some idea of the boldness which Mayor LaGuardia has taken in his work as executive of the country's largest city can be obtained from the news that New York City is saving hundreds of thousands of dollars formerly paid out in insurance premiums. After his election, the enterprising Mayor conducted a survey of insurance costs and of municipal losses covered by insurance policies. He found that surprisingly large savings could be made by canceling certain insurance. So he proceeded to save the taxpayers money.

Fire insurance and casualty insurance are the fields of his greatest savings. According to Mr. LaGuardia's report to the United States Conference of Mayors, \$700,000 is a conservative estimate of the annual saving on fire insurance alone. Over the six-year period, this has meant a saving of approximately \$4,200,000. But the saving on casualty insurance is even larger. In one recent year, it would have cost New York \$2,300,000 to insure its motor vehicles. The difference between that staggering sum and the \$145,000 sustained in actual losses measures the savings to the taxpayers—\$2,155,000.

New York City obviously is so large that the ordinary rules on which insuring is based do not apply. That is, New York is big enough that it becomes the field which sustains the principle of insurance. New York is its own insurance company.

Whether smaller cities could follow the same course with safety remains to be seen. In any case, a checkup on costs and losses in the City Halls of the country, including St. Louis, would be illuminating. What do the figures show here, Mr. Nolte?



TOO BUSY TO DEBATE.

Says the Destroyer Deal Means War

The Mirror
of
Public Opinion

Transfer of American war vessels to Britain would be measure no more "short of war" than Hitler's arming of Sudetens, "behind-the-scenes" weekly bulletin says; warns that destroyer build-up is part of a larger build-up and war would be inevitable final result.

From Aug. 24 issue of *Uncensored*, published in New York, under sponsorship of John T. Flynn, Harry Elmer Barnes, Richard L. Neuberger and others.

The following step-by-step chronicle of the Roosevelt administration's recent foreign policy presents the background for the President's announcement today of the defense base-destroyer deal with Britain.—Editor's Note.

ON Aug. 12, Senator Claude Pepper predicted this the United States would release 50 over-age destroyers to Great Britain "as soon as Congress and the public became accustomed to the idea." The President, Mr. Pepper said, would find a legal way of doing it. The campaign to get the nation accustomed to the idea was already under way and was following a familiar pattern.

First there was a trickle of stories out of Washington. Concurrently, there was much behind-the-scenes activity to get big names to support the idea or to dissuade them from attacking it. Then Gen. Pershing was brought forth to begin the open drive in earnest. By this time, William Allen White and his Committee to Defend America by Aiding the Allies, the ice-breakers for all interventionist expeditions, were all over the map with word that the British fleet was all that separated the United States from the fate of Holland.

Meantime from the White House came silence as deep and meaningful as the silence on the third term. But in the New York Times of Aug. 22, Arthur Krock reported: "In the matter of the destroyers he (the President) has stayed in the background while a favorable build-up for the project was being made by many persons. Some of these are close enough to him to suggest that Mr. Roosevelt inspired or encouraged, certainly approved, their effort."

Four years ago, Mr. Roosevelt himself indicated that this sort of inspired build-up for a presidential policy was to be expected. In his famous Chautauqua speech on Aug. 14, 1936, he said: "Nevertheless, and I speak from long experience, the effective maintenance of American neutrality depends today, as in the past, on the wisdom and determination of whoever at the moment occupy the offices of President and Secretary of State."

But the crucial steps in United States foreign policy cannot be taken with complete disregard for public opinion. Hence the build-up. Few Washington observers doubt that Britain will get 50 or so destroyers or that Congress will not be consulted in the matter or that a "legal" way will be found or that the navy will certify that they "can be spared."

Congress was not consulted on the formation of the Canadian-American Joint Board of Defense. In fact, the administration seems to be intensely preoccupied with ways of avoiding Congress—even regarding policies on which there would be little likelihood of important opposition.

Taken by itself, the proposal to send destroyers to Britain strikes an emotional response. And because such proposals are made one at a time, a nation that fervently hopes for the destruction of Hitlerism is likely to be attracted by them.

But a nation equally hopeful of avoiding war is likely to miss the fact that these individual proposals are "var-lengthening steps on the road to war." The destroyer build-up is part of a larger build-up. It must be examined not as an isolated question but as part of a larger policy.

Labor's Loyalty

From *Labor*, Organ of the Railroad Brotherhoods.

IN contrast to the attitude of certain industrial leaders, who are refusing to sign mutual contracts until their profits are guaranteed, the letter printed below was prepared and transmitted to President Roosevelt. It is signed by all the members of the Labor Policy Advisory Committee, appointed by Sidney Hillman, labor member of the National Defense Commission. The committee is composed of six leaders of the AFL, six leaders of the CIO and four leaders of the railroad labor organizations; therefore, it is representative of the entire American labor movement. The letter reads as follows:

Dear Mr. President: We—as representatives of American organized labor—are completely cognizant of the issues that confront this nation by reason of the crisis in world affairs. We are fully aware that the preservation of our democratic institutions can be accomplished only by active, energetic and constant endeavors to that end. Compacently to take these values for granted is to contribute to their destruction.

We, the undersigned, constituting the entire membership of the Labor Policy Advisory Committee, organized to cooperate with the National Defense Commission, wish to pledge to you, Mr. President, as head of our great nation, our full and unstinted devotion to our country and to the program of national defense. We and our membership are united in our effort and determination to give effective and expeditious cooperation in the fulfillment of the defense program, and to contribute to a free and secure democracy.

measure, that the British Isles are essential to United States defense in the same sense that Puerto Rico is and, therefore, Hitler must be kept from either outpost.

In lifting the arms embargo and making their industrial plant available to the British war machine, most Americans were trying to help Britain help herself. But interventionists were trying to save Britain at any cost. Now that lifting the embargo has been decided, the interventionist reasoning dictates sending 50 old destroyers to Britain. If 50 old destroyers do not save Britain, the inexorable logic of the interventionist would require the sending of new destroyers, and then, in the words of Mr. White's committee, "all materials of war—airplanes, artillery pieces and ships."

Obviously the United States could not follow this reasoning, stop at any point short of war. The ultimate logic of the course, perceived by the brighter and franker members of Mr. White's committee, is to declare war now. But American campaigns to get them "accustomed to the idea" of immediate declaration of war. Anyway such a campaign may never be necessary since a nation that has permitted itself to become entangled in the "short of war" build-up will eventually find it almost impossible to adopt any other course but war.

When the emotionally satisfying destroyer proposal is viewed in its proper context, it is no more a measure short of war than Hitler's arming of the Sudeten Germans. And opposition to the proposal does not mean indifference to the fate of Britain or blindness to the implications of German victory. It is based on the obvious fact that the proposal is an irrevocable step toward war and that United States involvement in war—particularly a war in which the United States is nowhere prepared—would be the deadliest of blows to democracy everywhere.

SOCIAL

MRS. LILLY BUSCH was married to Bryn Mawr, Pa., yesterday.

The bride and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Fairlawn, the summer home, in Narragansett, R.I., Rev. William Hodge of the presence of a family.

Mr. Blabon and his bride immediately after the ceremony trip to the Gaspe House, Littlefield.

The bride and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Fairlawn, the summer home, in Narragansett, R.I., Rev. William Hodge of the presence of a family.

Mr. Blabon, son of M. L. Blabon of Littlefield, is the late Mr. Blabon, is a member of the University of Pennsylvania and a member of the Country and Gun Clubs.

Mr. and Mrs. Magna come in St. Louis is at a place, and their two daughters were spending the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Johnson, 3000 N. 1st St., St. Louis, is at her home in St. Louis, Miss. on a late visit. Her son, Oscar Johnson, is at Berkeley, Cal., on a cottage for the summer.

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SOCIAL ACTIVITIES

MRS. LILLY BUSCH MAGNUS was married to George W. Blabon II of Littlefield Farms, Bryn Mawr, Pa., yesterday noon at Bryn Mawr, the summer home of the bride's parents. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. William Hodge officiating in the presence of a family gathering. Mr. Blabon and his bride left immediately after the ceremony on a motor trip to the Gaspe Peninsula. After Oct. 1, they will live at the Oak House, Littlefield Farms.

The bride and her sister, Miss Margaret Magnus, who will be married Oct. 23 to Tom Randolph Potter at the Church of St. Michael and St. George, are great-granddaughters of the late Mr. and Mrs. Adolphus Busch, first members of the Busch family in St. Louis, and granddaughters of the late Mr. and Mrs. William D. Orthwein and of the late Mrs. J. W. Loeb of Chicago. Mrs. Blabon is the former wife of Arthur D. Freese.

Mr. Blabon, son of Mrs. Edwin L. Blabon of Littlefield Farms, and the late Mr. Blabon, is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania and a member of the Philadelphia Country and Gun Clubs, and the Merion Cricket and Racquet Clubs. Mrs. Blabon, whose maiden name is Magnus, whose home in St. Louis is at 4 Hortense place, and their two daughters have been spending the summer at Fairview.

Mrs. Oscar Johnson, 38 Portland place, is at her home in Holly Springs, Miss., on a late summer visit. Her son, Oscar Johnson Jr., is at Berkeley, Cal., occupying his cottage for the summer. He will be home the latter part of the month.

Post-Scott Engagement.

ANNOUNCEMENT has been made of the engagement of Miss Margaret Phillips Scott, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Scott of York, N. Y., to Frederick Woodford Post, son of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Hayward Post of New York, and the late Dr. Post of St. Louis.

Miss Scott attended the Bearley School, New York, and is a graduate of Chatham Hall in Virginia and of Radcliffe College. Mr. Post was graduated from Amherst College and the Columbia Law School. He is a younger brother of Dr. Lawrence T. Post and Dr. M. Hayward Post of St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry J. Butler of Cape Ladue road are expected to leave the latter part of the week for Harbor Point, Mich., where they have been spending the summer. Mr. and Mrs. Butler were called to Evanston, Ill., last week because of the death of her father, Louis Ferguson.

Miss Fairchild Is Wed.

MISS MARY LAMBERT FAIRCHILD, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Berry Fairchild, was the bride of Walter Judge, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Judge, at San Antonio, Tex. The Rev. J. W. Jones of St. Mark's Episcopal Church, officiated at 6 o'clock. Mr. Judge is the son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Judge of St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin A. Kayser, White Bridge lane, and their son, Edwin, returned recently from a fishing trip in Wisconsin, Michigan and Lake of the Woods, Ont. En route to St. Louis, they stopped in Douglas, Mich., where Edwin E. Kayser visited at the J. Lindsay Francis summer home.

Parties for Bride-Elect.

SEVERAL parties have been planned for Miss Mary Fairchild, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Judge, who will marry Mr. Walter Judge, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Judge, at the Church of the Immaculate Conception. Mr. Dwyer is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Dwyer, 5143 Page boulevard.

Miss Mary Lenore Harline of Kansas City, who will be a bridesmaid, gave a luncheon Saturday at the Coy home. Miss Adelaide Coy, sister of the prospective bride, will be hostess at a dinner dance for the bride party at Hotel Chase Tuesday night. Another sister, Miss Helen Coy, will enterprising buffet supper after the rehearsal Thursday night at her parents' home.

Miss Barbara and Miss Annie Cousland, 506 Lake Avenue, will be home soon from their annual visit home. Mr. Price is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Vincent L. Price, 6320 Forest boulevard.

Married at Home.

A quiet ceremony yesterday afternoon Miss Rose Collier and Henry Arden Miller were married at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Henry Allison Collier, at Columbia, Mo. The Rev. Dr. Carl Agee officiated. Mr. Miller is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Miller, 1117 McCausland avenue. George Carson of Galtshurst, Mo., gave his niece in marriage. She wore a gold-colored wool frock, and accessories and a corsage of orchids. She was unattended.

Max H. Hyre of Washington University was best man for Mr. Miller.

After an informal reception at the Collier home for the families and close friends, Mr. Miller and his bride departed for an undisclosed destination.

The bride, who made her home at 100 Kingsbury boulevard, is associated with the Social Security Commission of Missouri. She was graduated from Vassar College and the Missouri School of Journalism. Her father, who died several years ago, was Circuit Judge Collier of Columbia. Mr. Miller attended Dartmouth College, Hanover, N. H., and the University of Missouri, and was graduated from Washington University. He is a twin brother of Franklin Miller Jr. of New Brunswick, N. J., and a brother of Joseph Webb II of Cincinnati.

Married in Rhode Island



MRS. GEORGE W. BLABON II

WHO before her marriage yesterday was Mrs. Lilly Busch Magnus, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Magnus, 4 Hortense place. The wedding took place at noon at Fairview, the summer home of Mr. and Mrs. Magnus at Narragansett, R. I.

'GREAT WALTZ' SETS ONE NIGHT'S RECORD

11,033 Persons at Municipal Opera's Closing Performance—Season's Total 765,198.

In closing its season Sunday night the Municipal Opera set an all-time attendance record for a single performance when 11,033 persons crowded into the open-air theater to see "The Great Waltz."

The previous record of 10,807 had been set this year on one of the nights of Victor Herbert's "Naughty Marietta" and tied by last Friday night's showing of "The Great Waltz."

Total attendance for the 91 performances this year—the largest ever given in one season—was 765,198, an average of \$408 a night. Average nightly crowds for other years are as follows: 1939, 8265; 1938, 8989, and 1937, 9011. In each case the figures include 1700 in the free seats. The all-time season attendance record of 774,958 was established in 1937.

A preliminary survey by opera officers indicated there would be a deficit this year, the seventh in the opera's 22-year history. On four previous occasions the deficits have been met out of surplus. In 1919 and 1930 the guarantors were called on to meet the deficits but were repaid in the following seasons.

For the second time in its history the opera gave its full run of scheduled performances. The Monday night show of "The Great Waltz" was called off because of rain but a special supplementary midnight show was given Saturday. In the 1938 season no performance was canceled.

The season this year opened with a two-weeks' run of "The American Way," seen by 109,492 persons. It was the first time that any play had been given for more than 10 performances. The season's record for weekly attendance was captured by "The Great Waltz" with 70,131. The all-time weekly record of 72,251 was set by "Roberta" in the 1938 season.

Attendance figures on all 12 of this year's shows follow: "The American Way" (14 performances), 109,492; "The Great Waltz," 70,131; "Rio Rita," 68,187; "Naughty Marietta," 65,181; "Good News," 62,226; "Apple Blossoms," 60,278; "The Chocolate Soldier," 60,028; "Babes in Arms," 59,241; "Rosalie," 57,269; "Anything Goes," 54,337; "East Wind," 51,168; "Knickerbocker Holiday," 47,600.

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BOYD'S BEST SELLING SUITS FOR JUNIORS

With 2 Pairs of Knickers \$12.95

Signals... 1-2-9-5! Here's the signal for every mother and her school-age son to go into a huddle! The result—a trip to Boyd's to outfit junior in one of these sturdy Suits. All wool; wanted colors. Sizes 8 to 15.

Tommy Tucker Rugby All-Wool Suits at \$5.98

Good-looking flannels in blue or brown. Double-breasted coats with shorts. Sizes 5 to 12.

Fourth Floor

Boyd's

BOYD-RICHARDSON-OLIVE AT SIXTH

FATHER FLANAGAN VISITS IN WEBSTER

Head of Famous Boys' Home at Boystown, Neb., Officiates at Wedding.

The Rt. Rev. Mgr. Edward J. Flanagan was the young Irish assistant pastor of St. Patrick's parish at Omaha, Neb., 23 years ago, when he founded a home for homeless boys on the unusual principle that "there are no bad boys." Today his hair is graying, but the Irish remains in his voice and quick blue eyes, and he believes in his principle more than ever.



Fr. Flanagan.

Boystown, Neb. Fr. Flanagan's work there are widely known. The original small shelter has now grown to a spacious home and school of English Gothic architecture. Its plant represents \$3,000,000 of voluntary contributions invested in the business of giving boys a chance.

Officiates at Marriage.

Father Flanagan was in Webster Groves today to officiate at the marriage of Miss Alicia Croghan and Frank Jaeger at Holy Redeemer church, Lockwood and Selma avenues. Miss Croghan is the daughter of Father Flanagan's cousin, Michael J. Croghan, 338 Oakwood avenue, Webster Groves.

Here just for the day, Father Flanagan talked of his work to the Post-Dispatch reporter between the marriage service and the wedding breakfast at Westborough Country Club. "My principle still holds," he summed up his years of service. "More than 4000 boys have gone through my home, and there wasn't a bad one in the lot."

"Of course," he went on, "there have been and still are a number that the courts and adult society in general have labeled bad. The two boys now in school who were robbed, for example, or the one convicted of murder who graduated last June with honors."

Favors More Discipline.

To Father Flanagan a boy is raw material of which something good or bad can be made. Society, he feels, is failing in its business to make good things of boys. Reformatories in his view are largely "preparatory schools for crime." What is needed, he said, "is more discipline for boys—say, compulsory summer camps or military training for all youths between the ages of 16 and 18."

"Besides discipline and training," Father Flanagan continued, "a boy needs sympathy. I'm not much of a psychologist, but I know that intelligence and kindness can make good men of boys who seem started on lives of vagrancy or crime. It is time we began saving our young men for God and country."

HEADS LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Sean Lester Temporary Successor to Joseph Avenol. GENEVA, Sept. 3 (AP).—Sean Lester, deputy secretary-general of the League of Nations, today took charge of the League as temporary successor to resigned Secretary-General Joseph Avenol.

Dr. Maude E. S. Abbott Dies. MONTREAL, Sept. 3 (AP).—Dr. Maude E. S. Abbott, 71 years old, internationally known authority on cardiac ailments, died yesterday after an illness of three months.

W. A. Lamson, Grain Man, Dies. CHICAGO, Sept. 3 (AP).—Warren A. Lamson, 59 years old, senior partner in the grain brokerage firm of Lamson Brothers & Co., died yesterday.

ANDERSON TELLS TEACHERS TO STRESS AMERICAN IDEALS

Schools Must Mold Citizens Capable of Detecting Un-American Propaganda, He Says in Talk at Soldan.

In an address yesterday before teachers, principals and administrators of Soldan High School, Homer W. Anderson, new Superintendent of Instruction, said the schools must mold citizens who know how to keep their eyes open in order to detect un-American propaganda.

"We must be more certain than ever that the youth get a deeper understanding and love of the foundation principles of a society in which government has its source in the people, is conducted by the people themselves and is for their own welfare," he declared.

"Teaching what our free institutions and our individual liberties mean to our welfare and how they are guaranteed to us, are much more important than teaching only the structures and mechanics of governments."

Discussing responsibilities of School Board members, Anderson said: "The successful board member cannot possibly represent any selfish interests, either his own or any particular group in the community. He must recognize that the schools do not exist to give one class of people jobs or another class contracts for materials or services."

"If the board follows the sound policy that schools exist for the education of children, the only teachers who should be employed are those best qualified for the available positions. The same is true of administrators, clerks and custodians."

No good school program can be carried on in any city where any consideration but merit governs the appointment, retention and promotion of employees. No school system will be effective in the purchase of materials if the consideration is the amount of taxes paid by the firm instead of the quality and price of the good to be purchased. This does not mean that school conditions are equal generous preferences should not be shown local candidates for positions and local business firms."

MISUSE OF INTELLIGENCE TESTS IN SCHOOLS CHARGED

Mistakes Have Done Much to Discredit Them, Association of Psychologists Is Told. STATE COLLEGE, Pa., Sept. 3 (AP).—Misuse of intelligence tests was charged before the American Association of Applied Psychologists today by Dr. F. Kuhlmann, head of the Bureau of Mental Examiners, Division of Social Welfare, Department of School Security, St. Paul.

"Millions of children," he said, "have had their school careers adjusted solely on the basis of single groups of test scores. The inevitable mistakes made in this way have done more to discredit all mental tests, including individual examinations."

He asserted that mental tests should never have been allowed in the hands of anyone not especially trained as a psychologist.

W. A. Lamson, Grain Man, Dies. CHICAGO, Sept. 3 (AP).—Warren A. Lamson, 59 years old, senior partner in the grain brokerage firm of Lamson Brothers & Co., died yesterday.

LILLIAN WALD, SOCIAL REFORM LEADER, DIES

Founder of New York Settlement Succumbs After Lifetime of Work in Slums.

WESTPORT, Conn., Sept. 2 (AP).—Lillian Wald, founder of the famous Henry Street settlement in New York City, author, and close friend of President and Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, died Sunday night. She was 73 years old.

Miss Wald, who devoted her life to social reform, had been ill for some time at her home, "House on the Pond," here. The Henry Street settlement with which she was closely identified was founded by her shortly after she was graduated from the New York hospital training school for nurses.

Miss Wald also founded the visiting nurses association in New York which today sends more than 250 nurses daily throughout the city and it was through her efforts that the Children's Bureau in the Federal Department of Labor was established. At the close of the World War, the late President Wilson named her as American delegate to a number of international conferences in Europe.

FUNERAL OF DR. EMIL E. HEIN TO BE TOMORROW AFTERNOON

Former City Hospital Superintendent Suffered Paralytic Stroke While on Vacation.

Funeral services for Dr. Emil E. Hein, former superintendent and chief of staff of the City Hospital, will be at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at Robert's Chapel, 1905 South Grand boulevard, with burial in Bellefontaine Cemetery.

Dr. Hein, who had been ill for three years, suffered a paralytic stroke while visiting in Labadie, Mo., Saturday night. He was brought back to his estate at St. Albans, Mo., where he had been vacationing with his family, by his caretaker, Marvin Bowler, and died there several hours later. He was 49 years old and resided at 3409 Russell boulevard.

A graduate of Washington University, Dr. Hein headed the City Hospital in 1916. He resigned during the war to serve in the medical corps. In 1925, he took a special course in skin disease in Vienna, Austria. His office was one of the retirement were in the Lourdesman Building. Until his illness, Dr. Hein was an executor of the \$3,000,000 estate of Charles A. Stockstrom, stove manufacturer, who died in 1935. His wife, Mrs. Ada Stockstrom Heine, was one of the three beneficiaries of the estate.

Surviving Dr. Hein, in addition to his wife, are a daughter, Lorraine, 11 years old, and his father and sister, Conrad W. Hein and Miss Cecelia Hein, both of 3887A Utah place.

3 3/4 %

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Your First DINNER DRESS Should Be Dramatic! In Celanese Taffeta \$16.95

The original of this gown was designed by Molyneux... it has a tremendous skirt of Black Celanese Rayon Taffeta with top of giddy Red jersey and matching Turban. Sizes 10 to 18.

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SONNENFELD'S for fashion

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NEXT FEW WEEKS LIKELY TO DECIDE FATE OF BRITAIN

Continued From Page One.

Know there is no other way out. They still are hopelessly outnumbered in the air by the Germans. But the quality of their planes and aviators compensates, to a certain extent, for the lack of an adequate number of machines.

The British general staff is by way of forgetting the classical expression "it isn't cricket" and is prepared to oppose eventual German invasion with "gloves off." This is interpreted in many quarters here to mean that they are ready—should the Germans succeed in landing in England—to use every means of combat, even gas.

The whole British coast from Dover to the Midlands is an armed camp. There is neither a big nor a little Maginot line. Just breastworks with Bren light guns and Vickers' heavy machine guns manned by 650,000 hastily trained troops which form Britain's first line of defense. An equal number of men are now training intensively to replace those who will fall. The British general staff is reported to look with a good deal of calm—some say hopefully—to a German landing.

There is, according to military observers in England, no chance that Hitler has to bring Britain to its knees. The complete annihilation of its air force and its air ports. He has four weeks to do it.

If the efforts of the German Army are not successful in that space of time the situation for the Reich will be far from pleasant. In the coming fall and winter months the aviation forces will not be able to operate successfully.

In the meantime American factories will increase their output for Great Britain and the number of planes to be delivered will be increased to something like 500 a month—possibly more.

The German Government is fully convinced that as soon as this country's military preparations are completed it will have to reckon seriously with the United States as an important factor in international affairs.

According to reports from Berlin Wendell Willkie's acceptance speech made a painful impression in the Wilhelmstrasse. The German diplomats who are advising Hitler on American affairs seem to have missed their guess when they forecast that the Republican candidate would take an attitude opposed to that of his Democratic opponent on foreign affairs.

This nation's rearmament efforts, which were scoffed at in Berlin as childish gestures intended to intimidate the South Americans, are now considered to be a grave source of danger to totalitarian plans. It is true that for the time being we are hopelessly unprepared to meet trouble in South America if that trouble begins in the course of this year.

But the failure of the German high command to subdue Britain before the bad October weather sets in would postpone indefinitely any attempt on the part of the Fascist-Nazi sympathizers in Latin America and give this country the necessary time to improve its armaments.

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THOMAS may save your hair (1) by keeping your scalp free from infections, such as dandruff, and (2) by systematically helping to stimulate the sources of hair nourishment. Ninety per cent of all cases of baldness result from the 14 local scalp infections which respond readily to Thomas treatment. If your scalp itches; if your hair is falling; or if you are troubled with dandruff—Nature is warning you that some of the 14 local scalp infections may be attacking your hair. You can, if you choose, disregard these positive warnings—and become bald. Or you can consult a Thomas expert who will determine the exact cause of your hair loss, apply the reliable Thomas treatment to help you keep a good head of hair.

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Maj. Al Williams On Aviation

Continued From Page One.

been brought over England by air power.

Now turn to the Chairman of the House Naval Affairs Committee, Carl Vinson (Georgia). Vinson, too, has been long associated with decisions as to how much money is to be appropriated for the navy.

While control of the Atlantic and the safety of America were being discussed in the event that the British fleet should be destroyed or surrendered, Mr. Vinson said: "You just wait, if that British fleet is destroyed or if it surrenders, you will be mighty glad we are building a fleet for the Atlantic. . . . That British fleet has been our protection all during the previous years."

Obviously, Mr. Vinson hasn't caught the true significance of airpower or the evidence of seapower's subservience to airpower.

Rothermere's Warning.
No less short of actual air invasion of America will ever budge some experts from their big navy spending programs.

In 1933, Lord Rothermere warned England's Parliament and the people: "Not a penny should be spent on increasing any other form of national armaments until this wide breach (airpower) in our defenses has been closed. In Great Britain as in France, powerful vested interests, professional and industrial, have grown up around the army and the navy. These can pull many strings to divert the nation's money to those purposes with which they are identified. Such pressures must be firmly resisted. The nation's need is aircraft. It can no longer be neglected. Otherwise, we shall expose ourselves and our country to terrible disaster."

Lord Rothermere's prophetic warning also applies to the United States.

and personnel so as to become an important military factor in a world where the totalitarians hoped to have the upper hand.

This is, in short, the situation. We must expect the Germans to make the utmost effort to cripple Britain within the next few weeks. On their success in doing so hangs the fate of the whole war which was started a year ago. All the tremendous German victories during the last 12 months will crumble like a sand castle if Britain cannot be defeated soon.

That the German high command will leave no stone unturned and will not hesitate to make the greatest sacrifice to achieve this purpose is obvious. The whole question is whether the British can stand their ground when Hitler unleashes all Germany's forces against the Reich's principal foe. Some able military observers seem confident that the British can do it. Whether they are more correct in their present prognostications than they have been in the past remains to be seen.

BERLIN OPERA OPENS EARLIER

All Stage Shows Begin at 7 P. M. to Avoid Air Raid.

BERLIN, Sept. 3 (AP).—In order to give patrons of the State Opera, the State Theater and other entertainments time to get home before the British air raiders arrive—usually around midnight—the curtain hour has been advanced an hour to 7 p. m.

HOW ITALY WENT TO WAR—DIPLOMAT DESCRIBES MOVES

Continued From Page One.

most minute plan of the big push. Still the order was not to be given. Von Brauchitsch, too, seemed reserved and cautious. Even Hess and Himmler expressed doubts. Chamberlain's speech was the drop that caused the cup to overflow. The British mission proved to be Hitler's final impetus. Dr. Fuhrer decided. The order to attack was at last given.

Problems Intensified.

The great battle unfolding on the continent of Europe swiftly sharpened all the outstanding problems. Mussolini, too, was forced to step more actively. It took days, not the calculated months, for the Nazi legions to meet French troops on French soil. Hitler's entire plan was based on his lightning-war methods. He began to hurry his Axis partner. He goaded Mussolini to stiffen his line of conduct, and so draw away from the main theater of war toward the Italian border.

French troops. Mussolini tried to buy his way out by mere shouts—by a new anti-Allies campaign in the Fascist press, the insulting posters, the demonstrations against the British and French Embassies, and residents in the streets of Italian cities. This was petty and underhanded, but it had the desired effect; trainloads of French troops were at once taken from the north to the Alps and the Italian border, while squadrons of British war vessels were sent to the Mediterranean.

Mussolini was pleased. He was succeeding, he thought, in keeping out of war at a cheap price, yet doing Hitler a favor and so earning his right to mark time a while longer. On May 14 the Italian press was instructed not to write too much or too enthusiastically of the Nazis' crushing victories, for the break-through still seemed to be occurring at France's less important lines. The mammoth battle between the Allies and the Nazis had just begun, and its outcome was far from certain.

By May 17, however, the situation was radically different. Germany's triumph was by then assured. Chances of a separate peace with the French increased daily. Mussolini must make haste lest he lose his "visitors." And so he ordered a widespread mobilization. He set Italy's entrance into the war for the second half of June.

Ciano's Frankness.

Thus, from "non-belligerency" Italy, officially passed into the status of "eve of entrance." Rome's entire tactics, in their minutest details, were from now on co-ordinated with those of Berlin. On orders from Mussolini his men broke off negotiations with two British delegations, dealing with matters of trade and already completing a new agreement on the problems of the blockade in a sense favorable to ships and goods bound for Italy. These delegations had come, and their negotiations had begun, at the invitation of Bastianini, the Italy envoy to London.

Puzzled by Mussolini's orders to break off these so far successful negotiations, Sir Percy Loraine, the British envoy in Rome, asked Count Ciano for reasons. Mussolini's son-in-law and Italy's Foreign Minister replied:

"There is no sense in our signing any economic agreements with you. Italy has decided to declare war against you. The time for such a declaration draws near—it is a question no longer of months. At best it is a matter of weeks."

The British envoy was nonplussed. Least of all from a diplomat did he expect such amazing frankness. He attempted to speak of the responsibility before history which Italy would assume by an unwarranted and unjustified attack upon France and Britain.

Ciano replied:

"What we are thinking of is not responsibility before history but our coming victory over you."

The die was cast.

(Copyright, 1940.)

EDEN CALLS FOR ALERTNESS DURING NEXT FEW WEEKS

Continued From Page One.

Winston Churchill.

"Nothing could have equalled his courage at the darkest hour," he said. "He is a true warrior, brave and fertile in expedients, ever cool and watchful."

Eden said "defense works have been pushed forward" at immense speed.

"In contrast with three months ago, they represent a national transformation," he said.

He noted that "the R. A. F., by its splendid gallantry, strikes the prelude for victory," but added "it is the army that must deal the final blow."

50 WARSHIPS FOR FAR EAST TO BE BUILT IN AUSTRALIA

More Shipyards to Be Put to Work on Naval Vessels, to Go in Service Next Year.

MELBOURNE, Sept. 3 (AP).—Prime Minister Robert G. Menzies announced today that 50 naval vessels are to be built in Australia "to defend shipping from submarines, aircraft and mines."

It is planned to complete the ships by next year, Menzies said. Seven shipyards now engaged in naval construction are to be augmented by others.

The new craft are to be of Australian design, manned by Australians and named after Australian towns.

ROOSEVELT AND FLYNN TO DISCUSS CAMPAIGN

Chairman Says He Will Report That Willkie Is 'Losing Ground.'

NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (AP).—Democratic National Chairman Edward J. Flynn arranged to fly to Washington tonight to discuss the party's campaign with President Roosevelt.

The conference would be the first between the two since Flynn succeeded James A. Farley as national chairman.

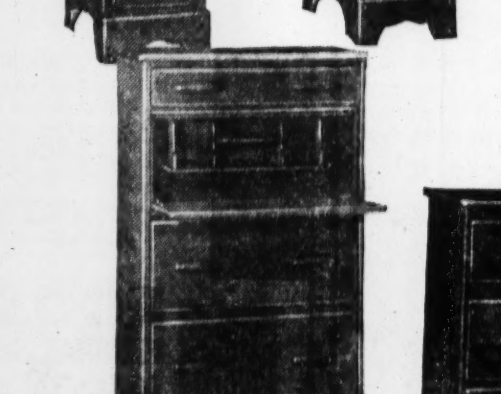
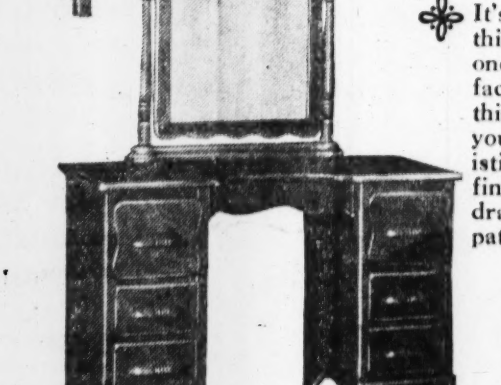
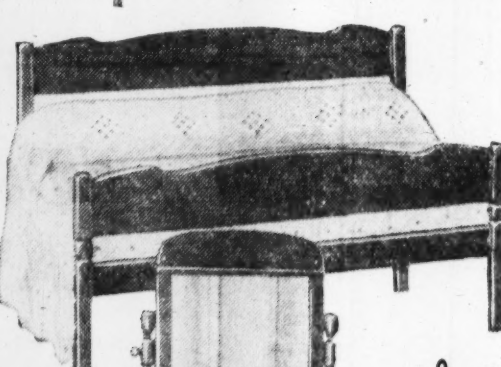
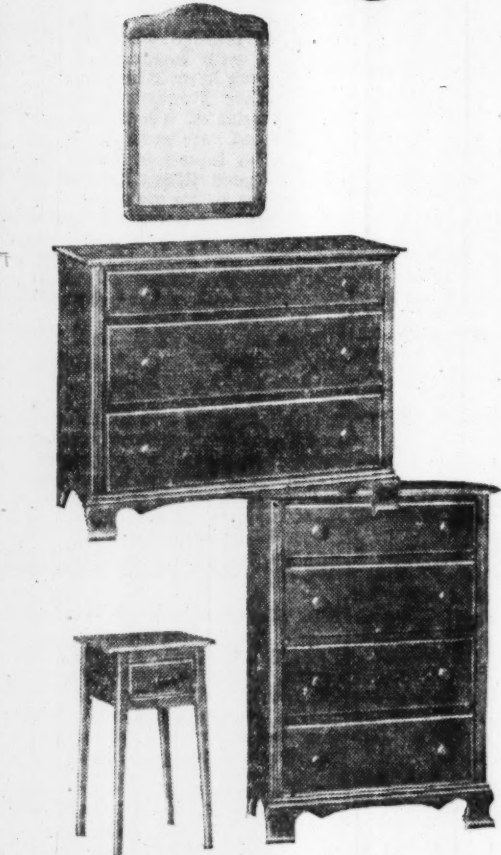
Flynn said he would report that the President's Republican opponent, Wendell L. Willkie, "is gradually losing ground."

At a press conference, Flynn commented at length on statements of Joseph Martin Jr., Republican National Chairman, which described President Roosevelt's Labor day speeches as "political" and suggested that Willkie be given similar free radio time.

"He says they were political and we say they were not," Flynn said. "We are entitled to our opinion as well as he is."

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NO NEED FOR CONSCRIPTION, SAYS CIO AUTO UNION HEAD

Bill Drawn by Those Opposed to Drafting of Wealth, R. J. Thomas Asserts.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 3 (AP).—R. J. Thomas, president of the CIO United Automobile Workers Union, declared today "there is no need for conscription" and added "CIO unions will do more for the defense of this country than many manufacturers."

Thomas addressed delegates and visitors to the sixth annual convention of the CIO United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers

Union embracing 231,129 workers. Asserting the original conscription bill before Congress was drafted by "the very same persons who are opposed to the conscription of wealth," Thomas declared "no manufacturer should be permitted to make a dime of the predicament we're in."

DATES FOR HOPSON TRIALS

Oct. 1 on Mail Charge, Nov. 15 on Tax Allegation.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (AP).—October 1 was set today for the trial of Howard C. Hopson, co-founder to the Associated Gas & Electric System and two others on charges of using the mails to defraud investors of more than \$200,000.

At the same time, United States District Judge John C. Knox set Nov. 15 for Hopson's trial on another indictment charging conspiracy to evade income taxes. Hopson has been ill. His counsel told the Court his heart had been placed "under observation in order to determine whether he is mentally able to go to trial."

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GROUP No. 1

Included in the group are Dressers, Chests, Vanities and Chest Desks. Most of these pieces match up perfectly into three and four piece ensembles. All are in complete colonial harmony as you will note by viewing the few photographs at the left.

YOUR CHOICE **14⁹⁵** Each

All maple beds in this No. 1 Group are styled to fit with the pieces above.

YOUR CHOICE **9⁴⁵** Each

GROUP No. 2

In this group are larger Dressers, Chests, Chest on Chests and Vanities. These as in Group No. 1 are in that much desired colonial style. These pieces can be used in combination with the pieces in Group No. 1. A few of these pieces are shown on the right.

YOUR CHOICE **17⁹⁵**

The beds in this group are priced for this sale at

YOUR CHOICE **11⁴⁵**

It's not often that we are afforded the opportunity such as this to place before you a clearance of odds and ends by one of the nation's great factories devoted to the manufacture of maple furniture. These pieces are just the thing for your boy's or girl's room, that guest room or for your bedroom. They possess all the sturdy characteristics that you demand in maple. The smooth, mellow finish is bright and cheerful, just the color for those dark drab rooms. Because of the limited stock behind each pattern your early selection will amply repay you.

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At the same time, United States District Judge John C. Knox set Nov. 15 for Hopson's trial on another indictment charging conspiracy to evade income taxes. Hopson has been ill. His counsel told the Court his heart had been placed "under observation in order to determine whether he is mentally able to go to trial."

BUSINESS AS USUAL

regardless of the fire which partially damaged our plant Sunday night. Provisions have been made to render our usual service.

Collection and deliveries of bundles will be made promptly as usual.

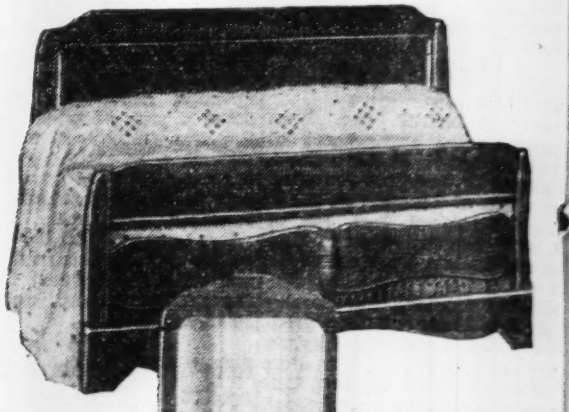
Curb service from 7:30 a. m. to 7:30 p. m.

IMPERIAL LAUNDRY

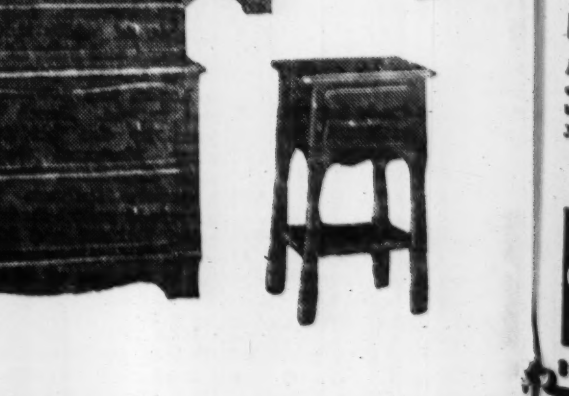
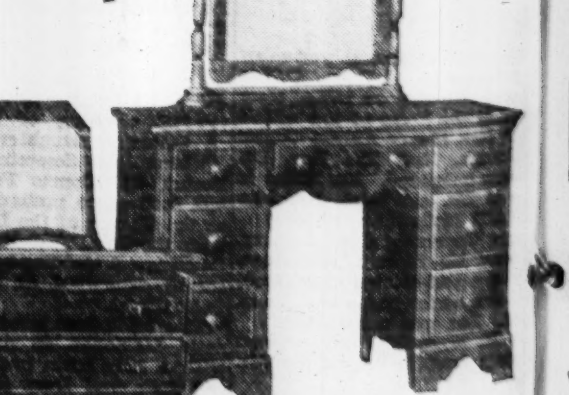
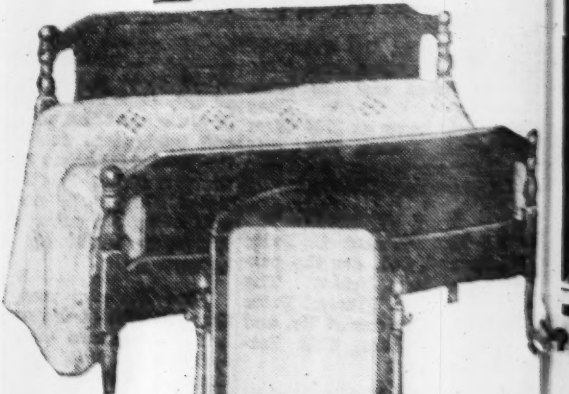
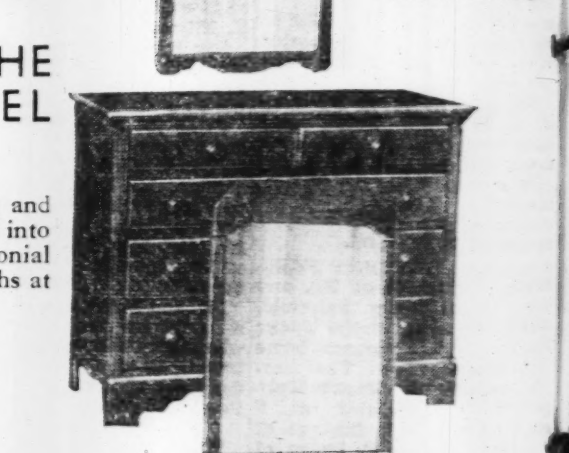
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ROOSEVELT NAVY PLAN ON TOWAS

Sees Armor Plate ships Being Factory at South ton, W. Va.

SOUTH CHARLES Sept. 3 (AP).—President Roosevelt's plan for completing what he termed a "timely journey" to the plant began today he had reached that "what was started now is bearing full fruit."

He made the statement greeting by radio to West Virginia's capital city for Washington train.

Roosevelt had war presses, saws and plan armor plate for flight inspection of the plant at South Charleston.

He said the plant was a "glorious plant" for the World War crash of put back into operation. He said an old likewise will be reconstructed turning out not only for the navy but the army, too.

Met By Gov. A group of State dignitaries met by Gov. Homer A. Hand to greet Roosevelt's party him on his arrival and armor factory.

Senator Neely (Dem., Va.) Representing the West Virginia delegation, E. K. Kootz, Democratic committeeman, had a presidential special at before it reached South.

Inside the gates of the plant, where a mile of been specially reserved visit, the President was a marine detail and a hint that developments are expected soon was the President late yesterday in a speech in which he called the Great Smoky National Park in Tennessee a "national treasure."

He asserted: "New bases must be built and I think will be able to enable our fleet to move to the shores."

His statement that bases would be set up on the Tennessee-North Carolina boundary, brought from an administration that must prepare in a moment to defend their freedom of life.

Standing before a building a mile above sea looking out over an immense valley and the President said that some necessary that men and naval bases were needed, agents of dictators must be tared.

For, he said, the "back that has ever been against freedom of the

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ROOSEVELT VIEWS
NAVY PLANT, GOES
ON TOWASHINGTON

Sees Armor Plate for Warships Being Shaped in Factory at South Charleston, W. Va.

SOUTH CHARLESTON, W. Va., Sept. 3 (AP).—President Roosevelt, completing what he called a "sentimental journey" to a naval ordnance plant begun when he was Assistant Secretary in 1917, asserted today he had received the idea that "what was started 23 years ago now is bearing full fruit."

He made the statement in a brief greeting by radio to the people of West Virginia's capital before leaving for Washington on a special train.

Roosevelt had watched huge presses, saws and planers shaping armor plate for fighting ships in an inspection of the ordnance plant at South Charleston.

He said he was glad that the ordnance plant, idle for years after the World War crash of business, was put back into operation last summer. He said an old shell plant likewise will be reconditioned and begin turning out munitions, not only for the navy but probably for the army, too.

Met By Gov. Holt. A group of State dignitaries headed by Gov. Homer A. Holt was on hand to greet Roosevelt and accompany him on his survey of the gun and armor factory.

Senator Neely (Dem.), West Virginia; Representative Smith (Dem.), West Virginia; and Arthur B. Kootz, Democratic national committeeman, had boarded the presidential special at Huntington before it reached South Charleston.

Inside the gates of the ordnance plant, where a mile of roads had been specially resurfaced for his visit, the President was greeted by a marine detail and bugle salute.

A hint that developments might be expected soon, was dropped by the President late yesterday afternoon in a speech in which he dedicated the Great Smoky Mountains National Park in Tennessee and North Carolina.

He asserted: "New bases must be established—and I think will be established—to enable our fleet to defend our shores."

His statement that he thought bases would be set up—his strongest utterance on the subject up to that time—was injected extemporaneously into a text completed the day before—prior to a brief conference with Secretary of State Hull in Washington which dealt primarily, Hull said, with British matters.

Warning to Get Ready. Yesterday's speech dedicating the park, delivered at Newfound Gap on the Tennessee-North Carolina boundary, brought from Roosevelt an admonition that "Americans must prepare in a thousand ways" to defend their freedom and way of life.

Standing before a rugged monument a mile above sea level and looking out over an impressive expanse of valleys and ridges, the President said that sacrifices were necessary, that men and guns and naval bases were needed, and that agents of dictators must be countered.

For, he said, the "greatest attack that has ever been launched against freedom of the individual"

is nearer the Americas than ever before. The threat of the airplane, bomb, tank and machine gun is just as close to us today, he said, as was the threat to the pioneer of the arrow, tomahawk and knife they supplanted. But America needs the "spirit of the pioneer," the President said, "plus a conviction that there are no divisions among its people."

"We in this hour," he said, "must have absolute national unity for total defense."

Speech at Tennessee Dam. Earlier yesterday the President dedicated the gigantic Chickamauga Dam near Chattanooga and a system of man-made lakes in the Tennessee Valley to the total defense of the United States of America.

Roosevelt said the operation of the Tennessee Valley Authority supplied a demonstration "of what a democracy at work can do, of a people uniting in a war against waste and insecurity."

The President spoke from an open automobile before a cheering throng that stretched along the sides of the dam.

"There were and are those," he asserted, "who maintain that the development of the enterprise that lies largely in this State is not a proper activity of the Government. As for me, I glory in it as one of the great social and economic achievements of the United States."

NAZIS EXPECTED TO MARCH
TO SOVIET-RUMANIA BORDER

Mechanized Divisions to Take Over Sept. 15 to Enforce Axis Guarantee, Informed Sources in Bucharest Say.

BUCHAREST, Sept. 3 (AP).—German motorized divisions will take over on Sept. 15 protection of Rumania's South Bucovina border, newly formed by Rumania's cession of North Bucovina to Soviet Russia, informed sources said today.

This first line of defense against the possibility of any further Russian penetration in that area, they said, will be centered at Vatra Donel, with Rumania's own forces dropping back to form a second line in the vicinity of Piatra Neamt.

The reported date for German forces to take over is two days after Hungary is slated to complete occupation of Northern Transylvania, ceded by Rumania under the Axis dictate.

Both Rumanian Government and semi-official German sources said strong Nazi forces would be supplemented by some Italians as a token of Axis collaboration in the guarantees given to Rumania in the Vienna arbitration last week.

Clashes Continue. Troubled conditions in Northern Transylvania continued with clashes for possession of communications, railway stations and barracks reported in some places between armed Hungarian groups and Rumanian gendarmes and police.

From border towns came reports of sporadic armed clashes, with many injuries and some deaths. Plans for military resistance against transfer to Hungary continued in Northern Transylvania despite stern warnings.

Gen. Ian Antonescu has been released from the monastery where he was confined after organizing armed opposition to the Government after the Russian occupation of Bessarabia and has been made commander of Transylvanian units.

It was uncertain, however, whether he would side with Gen. Ion Dragalina, who sent word to Bucharest that he and his men would resist to the end although Rumanian troops are under orders to withdraw in preparation for Hungary's entrance into Transylvania Thursday.

A similar message came from Gen. Mihail Corniciu, former Minister of War, who also is stationed on the Transylvanian frontier.

At Cluj, ancient capital of Transylvania, the Rumanian peasant leader, Julius Marin, ardent opponent of the cession agreement, dictated at Vienna last week by Germany and Italy, was reported to be rallying his followers for armed

resistance to the Hungarians. Thousands Take Oath. At Brasov, scene of some of the most violent week-end disorders, thousands of persons knelt in the public square and took an oath pledging "death to the traitors" who acquiesced in the agreement.

Hastily organized armed Transylvanians seized communications, transportation services and strategic military posts at Sibghet, Stau Mare and other towns in the affected territory.

Bucharest itself appeared calmer after the week-end disturbances, but troops still patrolled the streets and kept a close guard on King Carol's palace.

The Government apparently spurred by a semi-official German threat to occupy all of Rumania with Nazi troops unless anti-Axis agitation is curbed, announced 281 "alarms" had been sentenced to concentration camps. The roundup was continuing.

Unconfirmed reports said two units of Nazi motorized troops already were waiting at the frontier near Sibghet.

Ion Lugujanu, Parliament member, former Minister to Rome and editor of a leading Bucharest newspaper, was released yesterday after being held in jail overnight. His newspaper, published a long account of Sunday's disorders, in which German, Italian and Hungarian property was destroyed and scores of persons were injured.

An important Rumanian official gave this explanation of the Government's failure to try to crush Transylvanian resistance plans: "If Hungary is convinced it cannot occupy the territory peacefully, it will certainly call on the German army to effect the transfer. Rumanian troops would not attempt to fight the Germans, but the transfer then would go down in history as a military success. This would make a better case for Rumanians to argue at some future peace conference that they never voluntarily relinquished the territory."

There were reports meanwhile that Soviet Russia had sent a note to Berlin asking for clarification of a German guarantee to protect Rumania against further territorial encroachments, made at Vienna in return for Rumania's agreement to cede Northern Transylvania to Hungary.

The note was said to have been the subject of a conference with the German Minister to Rumania, Wilhelm Fabricius, held yesterday with the new Rumanian Minister to Bucharest, Arkyed I. Leventiev.

"Today we are facing a time of peril unmatched in the history of the nations of the world, and because we are undertaking the total defense of our nation, the Tennessee Valley region has assumed, in addition to its own domestic betterment, its share of responsibility for national defense."

DIVE INTO SHALLOW WATER
FATAL TO WOOD RIVER YOUTH

David Sullivan Succumbs to Neck Injury at Altam Memorial Hospital.

David Sullivan, 15-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Sullivan of Wood River, died at Altam Memorial Hospital yesterday of a neck injury suffered Friday when he dived from an eight-foot bank into water a foot deep in Wood River, a creek east of Altam.

The creek, normally shallow, had filled after heavy rains early in the week, but had been receding. Sullivan was swimming with several companions and did not know the water level had lowered so sharply.

He was a student at East Altam-Wood River Community High School. Surviving are 11 brothers and sisters.

WEATHER CONDITIONS AT KEY POINTS

(From Weather Bureau Reports.)

State of weather, Temp. at 7 a. m., Temp. today, Highest yesterday, Lowest today, Precipitation last 24 hours.

Ashville, N. C. Cloudy 59 60 59 .00
Atlanta Cloudy 68 91 66 .00
Bismarck, N. D. Cloudy 66 95 65 .00
Boston Cloudy 63 86 60 .00
Butte Cloudy 60 74 57 .00
Chicago Clear 58 73 56 .00
Cincinnati Clear 53 79 50 .00
Cleveland Clear 84 91 80 .00
Des Moines Clear 61 82 59 .00
Detroit Clear 57 74 55 .04
El Paso Clear 66 75 62 .00
Fort Worth Clear 77 97 77 .00
Hartford Clear 65 85 65 .00
Indianapolis Clear 55 75 54 .00
Kansas City Clear 69 79 69 .13
Little Rock Clear 70 88 68 .00
Los Angeles Clear 78 92 78 .00
Louisville Cloudy 64 85 63 .00
Memphis Cloudy 78 91 74 .07
Miami Cloudy 63 82 63 .00
Minneapolis Cloudy 71 92 70 .00
Mobile Cloudy 68 98 77 .00
New York Cloudy 68 81 66 .00
Norfolk Cloudy 71 84 67 .00
Oklahoma City Cloudy 72 86 72 .00
Omaha Cloudy 65 88 65 .00
Philadelphia Clear 64 86 63 .00
Phoenix Clear 74 98 74 .00
Pittsburgh Clear 60 74 57 .15
Portland, Ore. Cloudy 58 70 58 .00
St. Joseph, Mo. Cloudy 68 83 65 .00
St. Louis Cloudy 66 84 65 .00
Salt Lake City Clear 63 82 64 .00
San Antonio Cloudy 77 94 75 .00
San Francisco Cloudy 59 69 56 .00
Seattle Clear 58 70 56 .22
Springfield, Ill. Cloudy 56 83 55 .00
Washington Clear 69 85 68 .00

Rivers' Stages at Other Cities.
Pittsburgh 15.6 feet, a fall of 1.1; Cincinnati 18.1 feet, a rise of 1.4; Louisville 15.8 feet, no change; Cairo 16.2 feet, a rise of 0.4; Memphis 6.4 feet, a rise of 0.4; Vicksburg 2.7 feet, a fall of 0.9; New Orleans 2.2 feet, no change.

JAPANESE DEMAND
PASSAGE THROUGH
FRENCH COLONY

Near-Ultimatum Reported — Would Set Up Military Base in Indo-China — Governor Seeks Time.

HONGKONG, Sept. 3 (AP).—The Japanese army was reported today to have demanded immediate submission by French Indo-China to demands for the right to move Japanese troops through the French colony and use Haiphong as a military base or "take the consequences."

Reports from informed neutral sources in Hanoi, capital of Indo-China, said Governor-General Jean Decoux, newly appointed by the Vichy Government, was trying to delay a showdown on this virtual ultimatum by asking for time to seek instructions from Vichy and to "consider the larger aspects of the case."

(A Reuters (British news agency) dispatch reaching Shanghai from Saigon, French Indo-China, said the Hanoi Government had rejected a Japanese ultimatum presented Sept. 1 demanding permission to transport troops through the colony.)

The movement of Japanese troops through French Indo-China would enable Japan to strike at Chinese resistance in the southern border provinces of Yunnan and Kwangsi.

A Japanese military mission has been in Indo-China for several weeks enforcing a blockade against the movement of war materials to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek through French outposts.

Chinese officials in Hongkong said Dr. V. L. Wellington Koo, Chinese Ambassador to France, yesterday warned the Central Chinese Government at Chungking the Peking administration was prepared to meet the Japanese demands.

Hitherto it had not been believed that the Japanese would force the issue in French Indo-China until after the end of the rainy season, probably in mid-October.

The Hanoi developments were said by the Chinese informants here to increase the possibility of Indo-China becoming a battlefield. China has announced it would send troops into the French colony should the Japanese enter it "with a view to an attack on China."

The Japanese have indicated they want to use the French-owned Yunnan railway as an avenue into China. This runs from Haiphong

to Kunning, capital of Yunnan, and nerve center of Chinese land and air communications in the south.

Formidable mountain barriers have for 10 months blocked Japan's thrusts at China by way of Kwangsi Province.

INDIGESTION may affect the Heart

Gas trapped in the stomach or gut may set like a hair-trigger on the heart. At the first sign of distress smart men and women depend on Bell-sco Tablets to get gas free. No laxative but made of the fastest-acting medicine known for self-indigestion. If the FIRST DOSE doesn't give Bell-sco better, return bottle to us and receive DOUBLE Money Back.

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NAZI FLYER, DOWNED
IN ENGLAND, GIVES
\$2 TOWARD SPITFIRE

German, on Way to Prison Camp, Smilingly Donates Sum to Waitress.

(Copyright, 1940.) LONDON, Sept. 3.—A German pilot shot down over Kent last Sunday gave five marks (normally \$2) toward the purchase of a British Spitfire plane.

When the train on which he was being taken to a prison camp stopped at Chatham station, a waitress ran out from the buffet and thrust a Spitfire fund box through the carriage window. Told what the collection was for, the German flyer smilingly pushed a five-mark note into the box.

ORDER DISINCORPORATING BERKELEY IS SET ASIDE

Judge Nolte Reinstates Municipality on Appeal Contesting Significance on Original Petition.

An order of the St. Louis County Court issued Aug. 11, 1939, disincorporating the city of Berkeley, was set aside by Circuit Judge Julius R. Nolte at Clayton today.

The community, which lies generally north of Natural Bridge road and west of Carson road, was reinstated as a fourth-class city.

The County Court order had been appealed by a group headed by Mayor George Weiss, who challenged the authenticity of many of the 788 signatures on the original disincorporation petition.

Judge Nolte overruled the contention of the faction favoring disincorporation that his court was without jurisdiction to hear an appeal from the County Court order.

The disincorporation petition had alleged that the city, with an area of about 2000 acres and population of 2000, was too sparsely settled and had too low an assessed valuation to function successfully. Lambert-St. Louis Field is within the boundaries of the city.

to Kunning, capital of Yunnan, and nerve center of Chinese land and air communications in the south.

Formidable mountain barriers have for 10 months blocked Japan's thrusts at China by way of Kwangsi Province.

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MISSOURI SUPREME COURT
REFUSES TO OUST CONCERN

Caroline Products Co., Litchfield, Ill., Found Not to Have Violated "Filled Milk" Law.

JEFFERSON CITY, Sept. 3 (AP).—The Missouri Supreme Court held today the Caroline Products Co. of Litchfield, Ill., does not violate State laws against "filled milk" and denied Attorney-General Roy McKittick's plea to bar the company from business in Missouri.

The case attracted wide interest among farm and dairy associations and grocery companies. The State Department of Agriculture and the Farmers' Association supported the Attorney-General.

The Caroline Co. manufactures food products containing skimmed milk, coconut oil and vitamins A and D concentrates. The court described "filled milk" as a product in which a substitute has been used for milk fat and which is sold "in imitation" of milk.

The court said the company's products "are wholesome, nutritious, uninjurious, unadulterated and beneficial." They are not sold "in imitation or semblance of milk."

DIVES FROM BOAT; SAVES MAN

Fred Melms Rescues Albert Vogler at Creve Coeur Lake.

Albert Vogler, 4080 Garfield avenue, was saved from drowning in Creve Coeur Lake yesterday afternoon by Fred Melms, who dived from a rowboat and managed to pull Vogler a distance of about 20 feet and put him in the boat.

Vogler was swimming near the boat in which the two had been taking an outing when he was seized with cramps. Melms could not reach him from the boat. After the rescue, Vogler was taken to his home, suffering only from shock. Melms lives at 4300 Maryland avenue. Vogler, who is 21 years old, is an employee of a glove firm.

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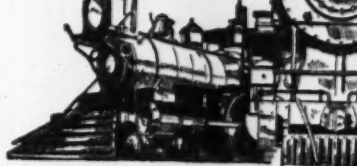
UNION VACUUM STORES, INC.

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VACUUM CLEANER SPECIALISTS

New York Fair Attendance 350,000. NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (AP).—Labor day attendance at New York's World's Fair totaled 350,000—the fair's second biggest day of the year.

Used Washing Machine Parts WRINGER ROLLS, 49c WASH MACHINE, Parts CO. 4119 GRAVOIS — LaSalle 0260 Open Tuesday and Friday Till 9:30 P. M.



90 Years of Progress

Ninety years ago this week a wood-burning locomotive drawing a clattering passenger car puffed over six miles of strap-iron rail freshly-laid across the Illinois prairie from Batavia to Turner Junction. Thus, on September 2, 1850, what was to become the 11,000-mile Burlington system, was born.

During the 90 years that have ensued the Burlington has shared the hopes and fears of farmers and stockmen... toiled side by side with the builders of cities and industries... experienced prosperity and depression. And, through its colonization work and family of employees, has played an important part in the social and cultural development of the fourteen states it serves.

Today, as in 1850, the Burlington is a willing partner in developing the American West, a West still fired by the enthusiasm, the courage and the vision of its dauntless pioneers.

1850 - SERVING THE WEST FOR 90 YEARS - 1940

Before you start househunting, consult the large lists of rental properties advertised in the Post-Dispatch want pages daily and Sunday.

THE COMBINED RESOURCES OF THE B FREDMAN STORES, ACTING AS ONE POWERFUL UNIT IN THIS

\$500,000 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION SALE

\$500,000

Merchandising scoop representing the combined efforts of one of the largest furniture organizations in the Middle-West. With the co-operation of over 200 factories Fredman Bros. have exhausted every effort to make this outstanding sale in their history.

OPEN UNTIL 9

ZENITH PHILCO RCA RADIO

\$59

PAY \$1 WEEKLY

FREE!

Factory Co-operation Makes This Sensational Value Possible

ZENITH, PHILCO or RCA RADIO FREE

With This 2-Pc. Living-Room Suite

It's a whale of a "Buy" made possible only through the combined Fredman buying power and factory co-operation. You get both the 2-Pc. Living-Room Suite and the Radio at this low price.

6-PIECE STUDIO COUCH OUTFIT \$28

A Living Room by day, a Bedroom by night. The Innerspring Studio Couch alone is worth \$39.50, so you can see what a "Buy" the pieces are! Only

• Studio Couch • Occasional Table • Pair End Tables • Pair Table Lamps Pay 50c Weekly

OIL HEATERS

• QUICK-HEAT • INTERNATIONAL • SPIROFLAME

And Other Famous Makes You'll enjoy this quick, clean, safe, efficient oil heat. No ashes. No soot.

\$29 75c Weekly

The FRIENDLY FREDMAN 1130 OLIVE

COUNTRY BOYS BROTHERS FURNITURE CO.

GOOD LUCK TO WHO ENTER HERE

BRAND NEW FURNITURE STORE

GREEN AND LEWIS ASSAIL DRAFT IN LABOR DAY TALKS

Both Say Conscription
Would Be Unnecessary
if Army Offered Inducements to Volunteers.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP).—Labor's pledge of co-operation in the national defense effort was stressed yesterday as the country observed labor's annual holiday, but the pledge was accompanied by vigorous expressions of union opposition to peacetime conscription.

The two big union chieftains, William Green of AFL and John L. Lewis of CIO, both repeated their assurances that organized labor could be counted on to do its part in the vast rearming program.

Both likewise were outspoken against the conscription legislation now half way through Congress.

The keynotes they sounded were echoed by other orators of the day, who also urged a greater voice for labor in the direction of the rearmament effort, and the preservation of labor's "social and legislative gains" in the defense production drive.

Secretary of Labor Perkins reported in a Boston address last night that non-agriculture employment had gained more than 1,000,000 in the last year, and was now some 9,000,000 greater than in 1913.

She forecast a continued increase in the number of jobs because of defense orders.

Green, delivering his Labor day message at Denver, and Lewis, speaking from Washington, voiced the common belief that conscription would be unnecessary if the army offered the inducements of a shorter enlistment term and higher pay to voluntary recruits.

The possibility of getting the necessary manpower by voluntary enlistments, Green asserted, "must be given a fair trial first."

"On a matter as vital as this to the nation's welfare," he said, "we feel that it is the duty of the President of the United States to send a message to Congress stating the manpower needs of the nation's military forces and recommending a definite program to fulfill these needs."

Lewis, in a similar vein, said there was "something sinister about the attempt to force conscription upon our nation, with no revelation of the purposes for which conscription is sought."

He demanded to know what kind of a foreign, military and naval policy required, as he said, "an army of 4,000,000."

Conscription, he said, would "break down our civil liberties" and introduce "the principle of compulsion by government."

Green, in his speech, also assailed the "dictatorships of Stalin, Hitler and Mussolini," and advocated anew that all aid short of war be extended to Britain.

A. F. Whitney, president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, told a Chicago audience that labor interests were endangered by "those who are attempting to twist the virtues of national defense into a plan for destroying the gains which labor has made."

On the other hand, Senator Minton (Dem.), Indiana, in a speech at Mount Carmel, Ill., said the "Wagner Act is here to stay," adding that the administration "will not turn back to the old days that permitted the unrestrained exploitation of labor through poor pay and long hours."

A former Secretary of Labor, Senator Davis (Rep.), Pennsylvania, in a radio address from Washington, spoke of totalitarianism as the challenge of the day, and cautioned that "Fascism can use labor unions, social legislation and all forms of voluntary organization as a front for its sinister power, deceiving people and lulling them into the false belief that they are still the rulers of their Government."

He said that the United States was "moving through the cycle of power government such as has been seen in every other part of the world."

BOY, 13, KILLED AT AUTO RACE

KNOXVILLE, Ill., Sept. 3 (AP).—Abingdon, was killed yesterday when he was struck on the head by a wheel that came off an automobile during races at the fairgrounds.

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Married



MRS. HARRY E. PAPIN JR.

MRS. GRACE ASHLEY WED TO HARRY E. PAPIN JR.

Dress Designer and Insurance Broker Married at Drake Hotel in Chicago.

Mrs. Grace Ashley, St. Louis dress designer, and Harry E. Papin Jr., an insurance broker, were married last Saturday at the Drake Hotel in Chicago.

Mrs. Ashley is the designer of a shirt-waist dress which bears her name. She has a home and shop at 4904 McPherson avenue and a summer home, Greystone Manor, on the Mississippi River bluffs near Pevely, Mo.

Papin is the son of Harry E. Papin Sr., 5290 Waterman avenue. He is associated with W. H. Markham & Co. After a brief honeymoon he and his wife will live at Greystone Manor.

Among St. Louisans present at the wedding were Papin's brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Pierre Loisel Papin of the Shackleford road, and Mrs. Ashley's brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Gus Gossrau, 6070 Cates avenue.

DETECTIVE STORY READER TURNS IN ESCAPED PRISONER

Convict, Identified While Working as Pinboy, Had Fled Ohio Jail Two Years Ago.

DETROIT, Sept. 3 (AP).—One of five men who escaped from the Lima (O.) penitentiary nearly two years ago was held here today, his arrest credited to a detective story reader with a keen memory.

Detectives last night seized Marion B. Pierce at a downtown howling alley where he was employed as a pinboy, said he admitted his identity as one of the five who escaped. His four companions have been recaptured.

Pierce originally had been sentenced to a 10-to-20-year term in connection with the shooting of a Cleveland policeman in 1923. The detectives who arrested Pierce said a bowler had recognized him from a picture published in a detective story magazine.

WALLACE TO GIVE ADDRESS AT BELLEVILLE THURSDAY

Candidate on 5-Day Tour of Illinois; Committees From 5 Counties Preparing Program.

Henry A. Wallace, Democratic candidate for Vice-President, will speak on his candidacy and that of President Roosevelt in Belleville Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. He is on a five-day tour of Illinois.

Committees representing five counties—Madison, St. Clair, Clinton, Monroe and Washington—have prepared the program, which will be given at the Belleville Athletic Field. Other speakers will be Congressman Marvin Jones, chairman of the House Committee on Agriculture, and Clifford V. Gregory, former editor of Prairie Farmer Magazine.

J. H. Lloyd, chairman of the Illinois Committee for Agriculture, sponsor of Wallace's tour in Illinois, said non-partisan political organizations and farm groups would be represented at the meeting.

BENEFIT SHOW REHEARSAL

Entire Cast of "St. Louis Cavalade" to Take Part Monday.

Rehearsal for the dancing chorus for "St. Louis Cavalade," firemen's benefit show, began today in Municipal Auditorium. The show will open at the Auditorium Sept. 16.

The entire cast of about 450 will start rehearsals next Monday. Included will be Tom Mix, cowboy actor, and the Hustris and Mlle. Lalage, aerial performers.

PARCEL POST SPONSOR DIES IN WASHINGTON

Jonathan Bourne Jr., 85, Author of Postal Law, Left Senate in 1913.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP).—Jonathan Bourne Jr., United States Senator from Oregon from 1907 to 1913, died early yesterday in his apartment. He was 85 years old. Death was attributed to complications arising after he had broken

en a hip in falling in his residence six weeks ago. Mrs. Bourne was with him when he died. She is the only immediate survivor.

Bourne was author of the parcel post law. Prior to entering the Senate, he was a member of the Republican National Committee from 1888 to 1892.

Born in New Bedford, Mass., Feb. 23, 1855, Bourne was the son of the owner of a large fleet of whaling ships. He entered Harvard, but left college to go to sea. Shipwrecked off Formosa, he was picked up and taken in 1878 to Portland, Ore., where he studied law, was admitted to the bar, and engaged in mining, farming and various commercial enterprises.

CLIPPER TAKES OFF WITH BROTHER OF HITLER'S ARCH FOE

Refuge in U. S. May Be Sought for Otto Strasser, Head of 'Black Front.'

LISBON, Sept. 3 (AP).—The Dixie Clipper left for New York today with 27 passengers, including Bernard Strasser, a Benedictine Monk who is reported seeking refuge in the United States for his

brother, Otto, an arch-foe of Adolf Hitler.

Another passenger was Mrs. Anne Harrison, wife of Leland Harrison, United States Minister to Switzerland.

Bernard Strasser was aboard the Yankee Clipper when it made two false starts last week and was left behind on its third take-off when its load was reduced because of strong headwinds over the Atlantic.

His brother Otto, one of the founders of the Nazi party, broke with Hitler in 1930, organized the opposition "Black Front" and has been reported recently living in a small Portuguese fishing village. Another brother, Gregor, who remained with Hitler, died in the 1934 blood purge.

RIGHT TO FILE GIVEN IN CONTEMPT CASE

Supreme Court Allows Press Association Briefs for Post-Dispatch Men.

JEFFERSON CITY, Sept. 3 (AP).—The Missouri Supreme Court today granted the Missouri Press Association the right to file briefs on behalf of two St. Louis Post-Dispatch editorial employees convicted of contempt in Circuit Court.

The association lost its request for

permission to make oral arguments. The two employees, Ralph Coghlan, editorial page editor, and Cartoonist Daniel R. Fitzpatrick, were convicted with the Pulitzer Publishing Co. as a result of editorial criticism of a ruling by the late Judge Thomas J. Rowe.

LORD HORNE DIES AT 69

LONDON, Sept. 3 (AP).—Lord Horne of Slamannan, chairman of the Great Western Railway and a former Chancellor of the Exchequer, died today in Surrey. He was 69 years old. He served in the Cabinet of David Lloyd George as Labor Minister, then was president of the Board of Trade and Chancellor of the Exchequer between 1919 and 1922.

Death followed an appendectomy.

IT STARTS TOMORROW! WEDNESDAY! VANDERVOORT DAYS

ST. LOUIS' NEWEST! GREATEST! MOST SUCCESSFUL SALE!

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Store HOURS 9 to 5:30

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Takes Part with Marvelous Values in Fashion-Right Items for Women, Men, Boys, Girls—Plus Savings in Many Home Needs!

SCRUGGS-VANDERVOORT-BARNEY

8 PERSONS IN AUTO ACCIDENT OVER HOUR

Six Are St. Louis One a County—Another Deaths Injuries Suffered

Eight persons, including a St. Louis County woman, were killed in an auto accident in the St. Louis area Sunday afternoon.

The dead: Harry Forman, 26, 6733 Flyer avenue; Medford F. Darnell, 3023 Watson; Miss Doris Klute, 4118 Blaine; Mrs. Elizabeth W. O'Brien, 4118 Blaine; Michael O'Brien, 4118 Blaine; Hal Purcell, 1309 H. Alton.

Carmen Gonzalez, at the foot of Gimble North St. Louis.

Peter Scales, 28, Thomas street.

Forman, a laborer, lost control of his Lemay Ferry road, a b Telegraph road, at 3 day and crashed into a

Wrecking equipment to pry open the driver's extricate Forman, who hours later at County shock and internal injury with him were Louis

6583 Scanlan avenue, cuts of the face and Preston Richard, 6547 rue, cuts of the leg and Darnell was killed by

ternoon when his crashed head-on into an on United States Highway half mile west of St. His skull was crushed, mobile was driven by Williams of Indianapolis

Head-on crash. Miss Klute, a clerk, and five other persons injured Sunday night in automobile crash on a half mile south of the River.

She was a passenger in mobile driven by Edward derman, an electrician, cock avenue. Minderm a fractured wrist and Others in the machine

ard Carpenter, a planer, Fleta avenue, St. Louis and Miss Georgia, St. clerk, 1919 Allen avenue, tier is in Lutheran Hospital for lacerations of and face.

The second automobile, occupied by Joseph H. Blum, 4164 Schiller place, the car, and Walter W. cook, 719A Wilmington. Police reported that each the other was driving, fered abrasions of the leg and internal injuries.

is in City Hospital with turned leg and cuts and Fatally Hurt Crossing Mrs. Wilkinson died in Christian Hospital of injuries Sunday night when struck at Broadway a street by an automobile

avenue. Mahon said into the path of his when apparently intent ing a street car which he eeding.

O'Brien died Sunday of injuries of the skull suffered last Sunday Grand boulevard and avenue. The driver, William ford, 17, 4521 A Find avenue, lice that O'Brien slight street car and stepped path of his automobile.

Purcell was riding with son of St. James, Mo., way 66, near Lambert Field early Sunday when chine collided head-on with driven by Miss Betty S. iac, Mich. Purcell was ead at County Hospital.

Wilson was treated for injuries. Miss Smith's fractured wrist and lacerating with her were J. panaro of Pontiac, who severe facial injuries.

Archard of Detroit, injured. Gonzalez died of a crash when his motorcycle crashed into a truck on Highway 40, had an annual three-day picnic land, Ill., given by a motorcycle clubs.

Scales and the Blum were killed and six others injured.

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Blemished Skin Kills Romance

Many shattered romances traced directly to ugly skin. Why tolerate itchy pimples, angry red blotches or other resulting from external causes?

You can get quick relief from Peterson's Ointment! 35¢. Money refunded if satisfaction does not delight you. Ointment also soothes irritated feet and cracks between toes.

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with the Pulitzer
as a result of edito-
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8 PERSONS KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENTS OVER HOLIDAYS

Six Are St. Louisans and
One a County Resident
—Another Dies of In-
juries Suffered Last Week.

Eight persons, including six St. Louisans and a resident of St. Louis County, were killed in traffic accidents in or near St. Louis over the Labor day holiday. A ninth victim died Sunday of injuries suffered last week.

The dead:
Harry Forman, 24 years old, 6733 Fyler avenue.
Medford F. Darnell, 29, 3966A Cote Brillante avenue.
Miss Doris Klute, 21, 7527A Wise avenue, Richmond Heights.
Mrs. Elizabeth Wilkinson, 80, a widow, 4418 Blair avenue.
Michael O'Brien, 63, Postoffice clerk, 3028 Watson road.
Hal Purcell, 1309 Harold street, Alton.

Carmen Gonzalez, 35, residing at the foot of Gimblin road in North St. Louis.
Peter Scales, 28, Negro, 2922 Thomas street.
Attra Mae Bledsoe, 28, Negro, 2037 Franklin avenue.

Loses Control of Auto.
Forman, a laboratory worker, lost control of his automobile on Lemay Ferry road, a block south of Telegraph road, at 3 a. m. yesterday and crashed into a tree.

Wrecking equipment was used to pry open the driver's seat and extricate Forman, who died six hours later at County Hospital of shock and internal injuries. Riding with him were Louis Schueddig, 6533 Scanlan avenue, who suffered cuts of the face and wrist, and Preston Richard, 6547 Smiley avenue, cuts of the leg and face.

Darnell was killed yesterday afternoon when his motorcycle crashed head-on into an automobile on United States Highway 40, a half mile west of St. Jacob's, Ill. His skull was crushed. The automobile was driven by Paul D. Williams of Indianapolis, Ind.

Head-on Crash.
Miss Klute, a clerk, was killed, and five other persons were injured Sunday night in a head-on automobile crash on Highway 61, a half mile south of the Meramec River.

She was a passenger in an automobile driven by Edward K. Minderman, an electrician, 6929 Hancock avenue. Minderman suffered a fractured wrist and lacerations. Others in the machine were Richard Carpenter, a plasterer, 3915 Fleta avenue, St. Louis County, and Miss Georgia Sindelar, a clerk, 1919 Allen avenue. Carpenter is in Lutheran Hospital with a skull injury. Miss Sindelar was treated for lacerations of the arms and face.

The second automobile was occupied by Joseph H. Biel, a chauffeur, 4164 Schiller place, owner of the car, and Walter Whitehead, a cook, 719A Wilmington avenue. Police reported that each man said the other was driving. Biel suffered abrasions of the leg and hand and internal injuries. Whitehead is in City Hospital with a fractured leg and cuts and bruises.

Fatally Hurt Crossing Street.
Mrs. Wilkinson died yesterday at Christian Hospital of injuries suffered Sunday night when she was struck at Broadway and Biessel street by an automobile driven by John Mahon, a clerk, 4920 Harney avenue. Mahon said she stepped into the path of his automobile when apparently intent on boarding a street car which he was preceding.

O'Brien died Sunday at City Hospital of injuries of the spine and skull suffered last Wednesday at Grand Boulevard and Finney avenue. The driver, William L. Crawford, 17, 4521A Flad avenue, told police that O'Brien alighted from a street car and stepped into the path of his automobile.

Purcell was riding with Ira Wilson of St. James, Mo., on Highway 66, near Lambert-St. Louis Field early Sunday when their machine collided head-on with another driven by Miss Betty Smith of Pontiac, Mich. Purcell was pronounced dead at County Hospital.

Wilson was treated for internal injuries. Miss Smith suffered a fractured rib and laceration. Riding with her were Joseph Campanaro of Pontiac, who suffered severe facial injuries, and Paul Arehart of Detroit, injured foot.

Gonzalez died of a crushed skull when his motorcycle crashed head-on into a truck on Highway 40, three miles north of Collinsville, Ill. Sunday morning. Paul Potter Jr., 16, driver of the truck, told police that Gonzalez swung out of a traffic lane to pass another machine.

At Collinsville it was stated that both Gonzalez and Darnell, the other motorcyclist killed on Highway 40, had attended an annual three-day picnic near Highland, Ill. given by a group of motorcycle clubs.

Scales and the Bledsoe woman were killed and six other Negroes

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Blemished Skin Kills Romance

Many shattered romances may be traced directly to ugly skin blemishes. Why tolerate itchy pimples, eczema, angry red blotches or other irritations resulting from external causes when you can get quick relief from soothing Peterson's Ointment? 35c all drug stores. Money refunded if one application does not delight you. Peterson's Ointment also soothes irritated and chafed feet and cracks between toes.

Dead in Italy



GIULIO GATTI-CASAZZA.
GATTI-CASAZZA DIES;
EX-MANAGER OF 'MET'

New York Opera Executive
From 1908 to 1935
Succumbs in Italy.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (AP).—Giulio Gatti-Casazza, whose 27-year-old tenure as manager of the Metropolitan Opera Company made the American organization one of the foremost grand opera companies of the world, died yesterday.

Discoverer of Caruso, Chaliapin and other great singers of the era, the 71-year-old impresario succumbed in retirement at his ancestral home in Ferrara, Italy. He was general manager of the metropolitan from 1908 to 1935.

Private burial services were held yesterday. Because of his deathbed request, announcement of Gatti-Casazza's death and burial was withheld until after the funeral.

Madame Frances Alda, the opera singer, received word of the death of her former husband, from whom she was divorced in 1928, by cablegram in New York. Gatti-Casazza's second wife was Rosina Galli, who died in Italy last April.

An appreciation of both artistic excellence and box-office appeal were his outstanding traits as director of the Metropolitan. Gatti-Casazza brought Italian opera to the Metropolitan at a time when productions were mainly German. He encouraged American composers and singers and during his administration he produced 15 American works which had about 100 performances. In all he staged some 5000 performances.

For seven years Gatti-Casazza and Arturo Toscanini, as conductor, worked together at the Metropolitan. In 1915 their friendship cooled and it was not until 1932 that they were reconciled. When they met, both wept.

Learning of Gatti-Casazza's death, Leon Rothier, leading Metropolitan basso for 30 years, said the world had lost an "incomparable organizer who made musical history by creating what is known as the golden era of the Metropolitan, never to be equalled."

Some of the new faces the impresario brought to the Met were Amelita Galli-Curci, Marion Talley, Lily Pons, Jeritza, Anna Pavlova, the dancer, Lawrence Tibbett and Kirsten Flagstad.

NAZI DEMAND ON COUNTRIES OF LATIN AMERICA REPORTED

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica, Sept. 3 (AP).—The newspaper Diario de Costa Rica said today the German Government has demanded, in a note to Central-American governments, cancellation of commercial debts of Holland and other Nazi-occupied nations.

The paper added that official acknowledgment of receipt of the note was lacking.

Germany's action, the paper observed, illustrated the Reich's need to obtain new economic resources. It suggested Costa Rican "alertness" to confront the "arrogant practices" of the Reich.

were hurt when an automobile, apparently driven at high speed, crashed into the pier of a railroad overpass in Dupu, Ill., early yesterday. After hitting the pier the automobile turned over. The injured persons, all from St. Louis, were taken to Homer G. Phillips Hospital.

St. Louis Resident Hurt in Crash

Near Bloomington, Ill.
BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Sept. 3 (AP).—A small boy was killed and eight persons injured yesterday in a three-car collision on Highway 66 near Funks Grove.

Joseph Lopepero, son of Tony Lopepero of Chicago, was killed when the collision threw him to the pavement. Injured were Mrs. Lopepero, Mrs. Sidney Block, St. Louis; Mr. and Mrs. Martin Segretto and their daughters, Josephine and Constance; Miss Marie Laroeca, and Miss Frances Laroeca, sisters of Mrs. Segretto, all of Springfield.

The coroner said Lopepero told him that his automobile first side-swiped a car driven by Segretto and then crashed head-on into an auto driven by Block after Lopepero had turned to admonish his son for crawling over his baby sister to look at a train passing by. The Segretto car went off the highway and turned over four times.

R. E. MATTHEWS SR. FUNERAL

Funeral services for Roy E. Matthews Sr., cashier of the real estate department of the Mercantile-Commerce Bank and Trust Co., who died yesterday at St. John's Hospital of a heart ailment, will be held Thursday morning at 9 a. m. at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 2701 Kingshighway Memorial boulevard. Burial will be in Calvary Cemetery.

Mr. Matthews, who was 50 years old, lived at 5216 Lotus avenue. Surviving are his widow, Mrs. Catherine Matthews, a daughter, Dorothy, a son, Roy E. Jr., two sisters, and a brother.

UTAH VOTING TODAY; SENATOR KING SEEKING RENOMINATION

Democrat Out for Fifth Consecutive Term Has Two Opponents; Run-off Predicted.
SALT LAKE CITY, Sept. 3 (AP).—A double challenge to United States Senator William H. King's bid for a fifth consecutive term featured primary voting in Utah today. King, a Democrat, first went to the Senate in 1916.

Opposing him for renomination were Representative Abe Murdock of Beaver and Delbert M. Draper, Salt Lake City attorney. Observers generally predicted a run-off election would be likely. To win

the nomination, a candidate must receive more than 50 per cent of the total vote.

Observers anticipated a close contest also for the Republican senatorial nomination among Oscar W. Carlson, Philo T. Farnsworth Jr. and John U. Webster, all of Salt Lake City, and George W. Worthen of Provo.

Seeking nomination for Murdock's seat in Congress were four Democrats and four Republicans.

Representative J. Will Robinson, Provo, was opposed for the Democratic nomination in the Second District, but five aspirants sought the place on the Republican ticket. Six Democrats and five Republicans sought gubernatorial nominations.

\$7500 Fire at Laundry.

Damages estimated by firemen at \$7500 were caused by a fire that broke out in a two-story brick

building at 4701 Delmar boulevard, alarms were sounded for the blaze, occupied by the Imperial Laundry which was of undetermined origin. Co., at about 6 p. m. Sunday. Three No one was injured.

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BETTER AUTOMOBILES
ARE BUILT BUICK
WILL BUILD THEM

SEE YOUR NEAREST BUICK DEALER SATURDAY

King George Decorates Heroes While Nazi Air Raid Is in Progress

Refuses to Delay Ceremonies at Buckingham Palace in Which He Presents Victoria Crosses.

LONDON, Sept. 3 (AP).—King George VI, refusing to permit an air raid to interrupt the ceremonies, bestowed today three Victoria Crosses, highest British military honor.

The King was holding court in Buckingham Palace when the 72-minute alarm—London's thirty-seventh—was sounded. He continued and decorated some 330 soldiers.

The recipients of the Victoria Crosses were: Lieutenant-Commander Richard Stannard of the trawler Arab, who tried to extinguish a fire in an ammunition dump at Namsos, Norway.

Second Lieut. Richard Annand of the Durham Light Infantry, who, among other exploits, disregarded his own wounds to get his injured orderly to safety.

Flight Lieut. Roderick Learoyd, who bombed a vital link of the Dortmund-Ems Canal in the face of point blank German anti-aircraft fire.

Lord Beaverbrook, Minister of Aircraft Production, was present to see his son, Maxwell Aitken, a Royal Air Force squadron leader, receive a Distinguished Flying Cross from the King.

The first legal case in British history to be tried in an air raid shelter was written into the record today. A High Court Judge adjourned underground with witnesses and barristers when warning sirens interrupted a hearing.

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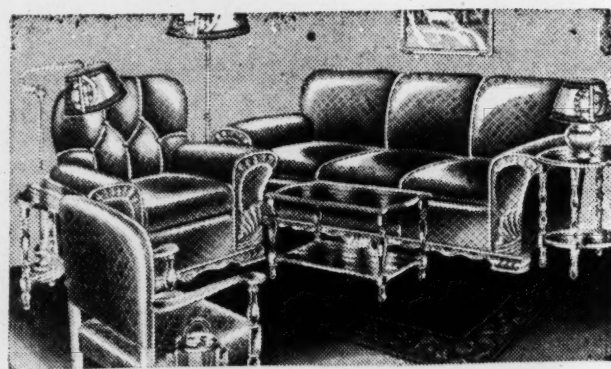
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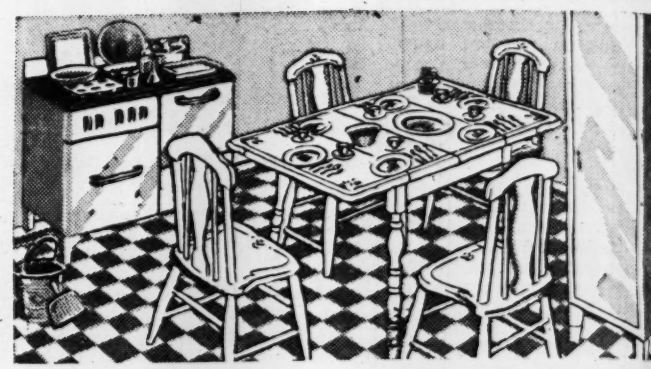


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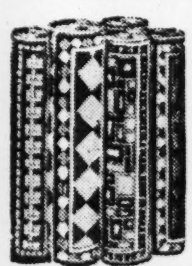
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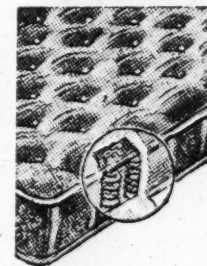
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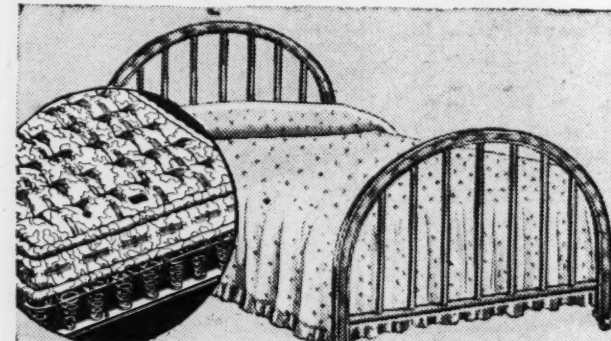
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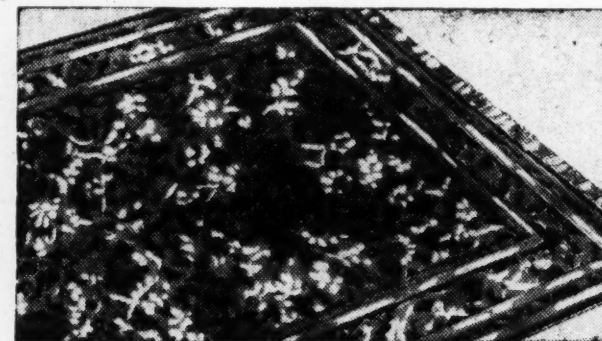


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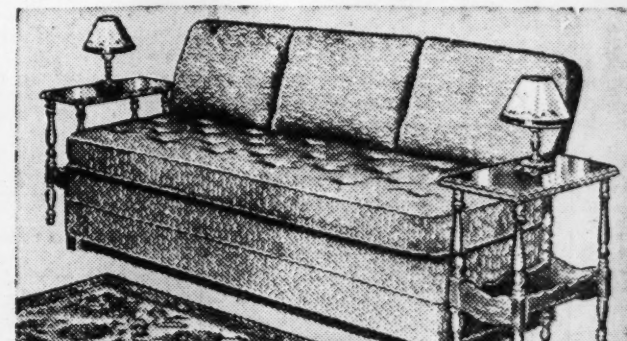
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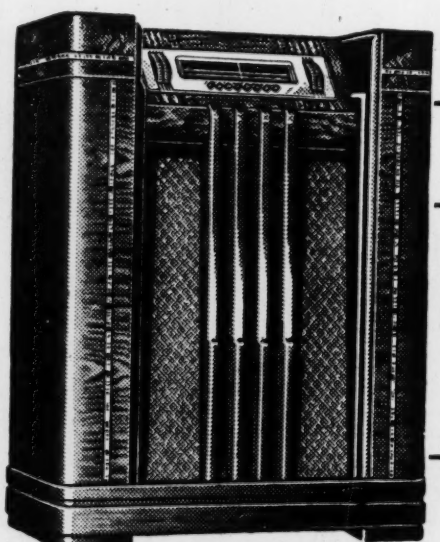


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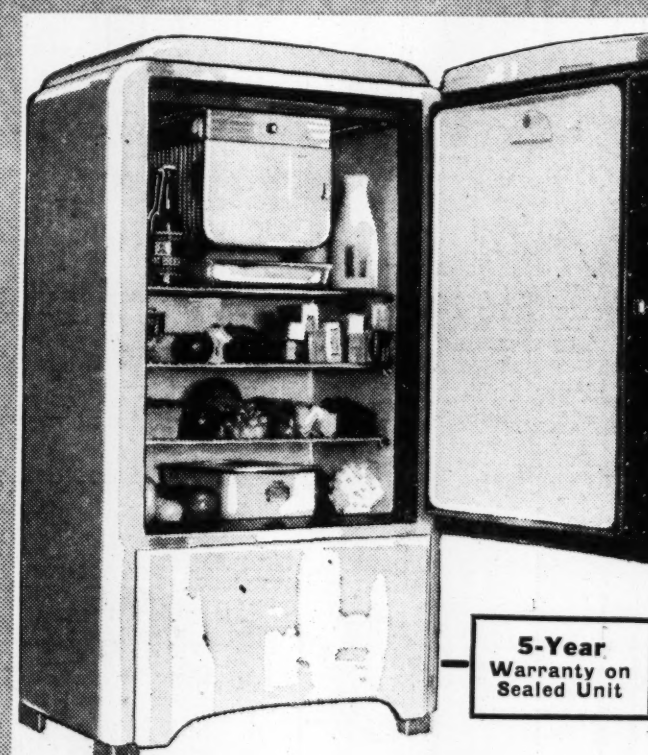
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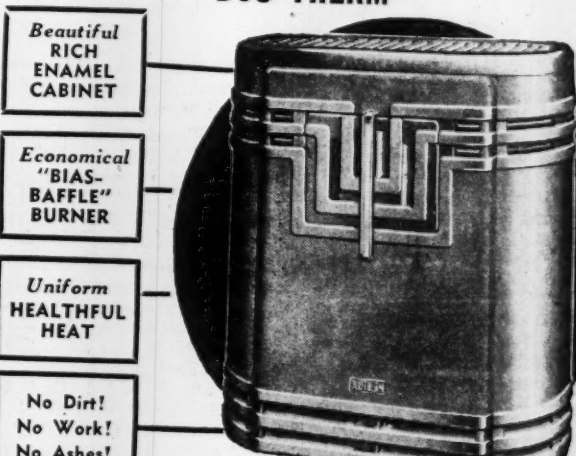
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PART THREE
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Sis Quinlan
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Open
FAIRMOUNT RACE
by Junior Nicholson,
in the first race here
a sprint of five and
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Sis Quinlan paid \$38
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Double Witch, the 1
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St. Louis jockey, ran
fine race of opening
back in the rundown
to overtake Doc Oster
half a length in the
at five and one-half
Glady's Reed, an 11-y
starter, a field horse
The winner paid \$5.20.
About 3500 persons w
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her last two races and
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HERSHEY, Pa., Sept.
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didn't do him any good.
Snead:
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Bramham Does
A Good Job.
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There were 44 minor lea
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CARDS 2, REDS 2 (5½ Innings); M'GEE FACES LEAGUE LEADERS

Sis Quinlan, Ridden By Nicholson, Wins Opener at Fairmount

By Herman Wecke

FAIRMOUNT RACE TRACK, Sept. 3.—Sis Quinlan, capably ridden by Junior Nicholson, got the long-shot players off on the right track in the first race here this afternoon, when she took the opening dash, a sprint of five and one-half furlongs, beating out Lightning Fast by three-quarters of a length. King Bee, aqual favorite with Time Play, at 7 to 2 was third. The time was 1:07.35.

Sis Quinlan paid \$38 for \$2 for a win ticket.

Double Witch, the 11 to 5 favorite ridden by Andy Bomur, East St. Louis jockey, ran back to his fine race of opening day, came back in the rundown the stretch to overtake Doc Oster and win by half a length in the second race at five and one-half furlongs. Gladys Reed, an 11-year-old first starter, a field horse was third. The winner paid \$5.20.

About 3500 persons were present. Sis Quinlan came here from Polo Park, with a record of having won her last two races and for the year has captured four of six starts.

FAIRMOUNT PARK RACING RESULTS

Weather clear; track fast.

FIRST RACE—Five and one-half furlongs:

Sis Quinlan (J. Nicholson) — 38.00 14.60 8.60
Lightning Fast (W. Cassidy) 7.00 4.20
King Bee (S. Clark) — 12.20 6.80
Time, 1:07.35. Tommy Ardale, Miss Vep, Night Princess, Gen. Greenock, Trans Wyan, Redd, Fort Thomas, Island Bag also ran. Offied.

SECOND RACE—Five and one-half furlongs:

Double Witch (A. Bomur) — 5.20 3.40 2.60
Doc Oster (P. Kieper) — 8.40 7.40
Gladys Reed (J. Nicholson) — 3.80
Time, 1:07.15. Tommy Ardale, Miss Vep, Night Princess, Gen. Greenock, Trans Wyan, Redd, Fort Thomas, Island Bag also ran. Offied.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs:

Nana Kat (S. Clark) — 12.20 6.80 5.40
Vicuna (E. M. Johnson) — 6.40 5.00
Someone Else (A. Bomur) — 6.20
Time, 1:12.45. Blue Star, False Card, Miss Entry, Luckingio, Sir Blackie, Bay Memor, Please Doctor, Carl H. also ran. Offied.

4.—Pretty Hasty.

(Also-runs listed according to order of finish.)

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Look Out, Gunners, for These Tigers!



There'll be a decided Missouri U. flavor to the College All-Stars-Gunner football game Friday night at Walsh Stadium. Here Coach Don Faurot of Missouri, who is directing the play of the All-Stars, "reviews" old plays with six members of his last year's Big Six champions. They are, standing, left to right—Bill Amelung, Ken Haas, Clarence Hydron, Mel Wetzel; kneeling—Clay Cooper and Bob Leach. Faurot is being aided in the coaching of the All-Stars by Frank Loeb of Washington U.

\$11,159,000 Bet at Washington Park's 31-Day Race Meet

CHICAGO, Sept. 3 (AP).—The Washington Park Jockey Club announced last night at the closing of 31 days of racing at Washington Park that the meet totalled \$11,159,000.

The total a year ago in the 30-day meeting was \$8,714,688, an average of \$290,488 per day. This year the average was \$359,969.

An estimated crowd of 35,000 wagered a total of \$836,460 yesterday, breaking single-day records since the track came under the present management in 1935.

The previous high betting mark was \$657,836 on May 30, 1937.

Ernie Lain Signed by Gunners

Ernie Lain, former star Rice Institute fullback, has signed with the St. Louis Gunners and is on his way from Houston, Tex., to join the professional team in time for practice tomorrow, the club announced this afternoon.

Lain, who weighs 250 pounds, was in training for a month with the Washington Redskins of the National League, but found no place there in competition with Sammy Baugh and Andy Farkas.

Bud Yates of the Gunners, he will be in shape to play on arrival, having merely made a round trip to Texas after leaving the Redskins training camp.

Coach Jim Kendrick of the pros rates Lain equal to Baugh and Davey O'Brien as a passer, and declares the big fellow's blocking and running ability will make him a standout with the St. Louis team.

Another addition to the squad announced today is Wright Paebus, 230-pound tackle from Louisiana State University. The squad now has 22 men.

The Judge, who is a 200-pound, base-voiced he-man, still is something of a shrinking violet. . . . He shuns photographers. . . . And he doesn't want his box flag-draped on state occasions. . . . So modest Bill gives the credit for the rejuvenation of the minors to Commissioner Kenesaw Mountain Landis.

As a matter of fact, Landis' authority in the minors is limited to appeals of players on claims amounting to \$300 or more, appeals on free agency claims, disputes between the majors and minors and "conduct detrimental to baseball."

All the active conduct and management of all the minor leagues is strictly up to Branchham. . . . They think a lot of this guy in Durham and all points, north, south and west.

"But why Durham?" you may ask. . . . Why does the minor league capital of the country have to be this out-of-the-way town? . . . Why shouldn't a central city of greater size and importance be chosen as the seat of operations?

The answer again backs up to Branchham himself. . . . Bob Thompson, to whose publicity this writer is indebted for some of the facts set forth above, writes that Branchham declined to take the

Minor League Results.

NEWARK 4-1, Jersey City 3-1.
Rochester 9-11, Toronto 6-4.
Montreal 4-3, Buffalo 3-0 (first game 11 innings).

Baltimore 11-4, Syracuse 10-9.
TEXAS.
Beaumont 7-2, Shreveport 6-2 (second game seven-inning tie, darkness).

Tulsa 8-5, Oklahoma City 6-2.
Dallas 5-5, Fort Worth 2-1.
Houston 2-6, San Antonio 6-0.

Continued on Next Page.

Other Racing Results

At Aqueduct.

FIRST RACE—Seven furlongs:
Mon Time (Canning) 19.10 7.90 6.50
Two Fly (Heade) — 4.30 3.60
Irish Mirth (Driscoll) — 12.20

Time, 1:27. Time O'Night, Stereos, Old River, Fay Lode, d-Aleida, Bide-yourtime, Swing Bend and Sun Fox also ran. d-Finished second but disqualified.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs:
Ocean Bound (Canning) 13.40 5.50 4.10
Agility (Westrop) — 6.50 4.50
Pat's Boy (Bierman) — 3.00 2.30

Time, 1:13. Miss Brodeaux, Speedy Jole, Powdered Hells, Llanero and Haste Back also ran.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs:
Jim's Niece (S. Renick) 3.30 2.40 2.10
Double B. (Arcaro) — 3.00 2.30
Rockkicker (Nash) — 2.30

Time, 1:12.55. Wait for Baby, Small World, Glorious Time and Torchlight also ran.

SIXTH RACE—One mile and one-sixteenth:
Hard Jester (Donoso) 12.60 6.90 4.30
Cross Country (Westrop) — 12.70 7.60
Family Doc (Robertson) — 5.90

Time, 1:47.55. Blare, Silver Lady, Strombus and Creepy Mouse also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs:
Dotted Swiss (Barba) — 3.70 2.90 2.60
Pat's Boy (Bierman) — 3.70 4.20
One Jest (Arcaro) — 5.10

Time, 1:12.55. Wait for Baby, Small World, Glorious Time and Torchlight also ran.

(Additional Race Results on Page 4C).

Continued on Next Page.

Brownies Cut Lead Of Indians

By a Special Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 3.—Though they're not going to finish in the first division, and aren't even going to approach the 500 percentage mark, the Browns may be able to say four weeks hence that they were the leading factors in the 1940 pennant race.

Specifically, they may be able to say that they prevented the Indians from winning their first championship in 20 years.

By scoring a double victory over the League leaders yesterday before 52,491 fans in the Municipal Stadium, they squared their season series with the Indians at 10 games won and 10 lost, and they trimmed the Cleveland lead over the Tigers and Yankees to three and a half games.

With the Yankees' belated challenge bringing them along at a tremendous clip, it may develop that the Indians' inability to get better than an even break in 20

games will be a factor in their failure to win the pennant.

The Browns' double victory yesterday was their first since Aug. 1, when they beat the Yankees 4-3 at home.

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RIPPLE TIES SCORE WITH A LONG HOMER IN FOURTH INNING

By a Special Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 3.—Although an X-ray examination today revealed that the little finger of Catcher Ernie Lombardi's left hand was not broken when pinned against his bat by a ball pitched by Bill Lee Sunday, the finger still was too sore today for him to resume catching and 40-year-old Jimmy Wilson again went back of the bat for the Reds, to catch the offerings of husky pouncing John Hutchings.

It was Hutch's first start against the Cards and his fourth starting effort of his freshman year. Lombardi likely will resume catching Thursday.

Bill McGee, pitching for the Cardinals, was seeking his fourth victory over the champions in the last local appearance this year of the Gas House Gang.

Play started in ideal weather conditions before a Ladies' day crowd of more than 10,000.

FIRST INNING—CARDINALS.—Brown singled over short. T. Moore grounded sharply to Werber. Slaughter popped to Myers. Mize doubled to left for his first hit of the series, scoring Brown. Frey threw out Roy. ONE RUN.

REDS.—Werber bounced out to McGee. M. McCormick singled over short. Brown threw out Goodman. M. McCormick took third on a wild pitch. McGee threw out F. McCormick.

SECOND INNING.—CARDINALS.—Padgett doubled over short. Frey threw S. Martin, Padgett going to third. Marion singled to center, scoring Padgett. McGee flied to M. McCormick. Brown singled to right, sending Marion to third. Werber threw out T. Moore. ONE RUN.

REDS.—Ripple singled to center. Wilson sacrificed, McGee to Frey. Frey bounced out to McGee, Ripple reaching third. Myers walked. Riggs batted for Hutchings and fouled to Padgett.

THIRD INNING.—CARDINALS.—Witt Guise, veteran minor league southpaw, made his big league debut by going to the mound for the Reds. Slaughter was called out on strikes. Mize bounced out to Guise. Roy walked. Padgett flied to M. McCormick.

REDS.—Werber singled to left. M. McCormick singled to Brown. Werber was doubled off by Brown. Brown to Mize. Goodman fouled to Padgett.

FOURTH INNING.—CARDINALS.—Orenge batted for S. Martin and grounded out to Myers. Marion singled to center. Wilson sacrificed, Guise to Frey. Myers threw out Brown.

REDS.—Orenge played third base for the Cardinals. F. McCormick walked. Ripple hit into the right-field bleachers for a home run, scoring behind F. McCormick and tying the score. Wilson was called out on strikes. Frey grounded out to Brown. Myers grounded out to Marion. TWO RUNS.

BEDE WINS FLYER EMBLEM CONTEST

A season pass to all of the Flyers' home league games, and an autographed hockey stick, first prize in the Flyers' auto emblem contest which ended Thursday, was voted to Glenn A. Beede, 4245 South Thirty-seventh street, as his drawing was chosen most suitable for the Flyers emblem of the 160 entries judged by local sport writers and radio announcers. The new emblem for the Flyers' 1940-41 campaign is a circle, crossed by a pair of spread wings. In the background of the wings is a pair of crossed hockey sticks, the colors are red, white and blue, the Flyers' official colors.

The next five winners, who will receive autographed hockey sticks and a pair of reserved seat tickets to the Flyers' league opener with the Kansas City Greyhounds at the Arena Nov. 10, are: Fred Uhlmann, 1458 Arlington avenue; Neil B. McGowan Jr., 4129 West Carter avenue; Clarence H. Hughes, 7215 Cornell avenue, University City; Margaret Malaspina, 3736 Grandel Square, and Jim Ghio, 6132 Westminster avenue. Fifty other prize winners will receive tickets to the Flyers' opener.

Baseball Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

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Riggs and Other Seeded Stars Advance in U. S. Singles Tourney

Champion Eliminates E. Sutter

Helen Jacobs Serves Notice She Is on Her Game by Winning a Match in 20 Minutes.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (AP).—Bobby Riggs successfully opened the defense of his national singles tennis championships on the center court at Forest Hills today by smashing Ernie Sutter, the former intercollegiate champion, 6-2, 6-2, 8-6.

Riggs' fine all-court game stood out over anything Sutter did in the tournament today, and Sutter didn't have a chance, although he broke Riggs' service twice in the third set to send it into the overtime. Riggs had set point at hand four times before he could crash through.

Another seeded star, Henry Prusoff of Seattle, went five sets before he won from J. Gilbert Hall of New York, 4-6, 6-2, 6-3.

Frank Kovacs, third seeded, and one of the real threats to Champion Riggs, had to go four sets before he could dispose of J. Norman Anderson of Hoboken, N. J., former Dartmouth captain, 6-1, 2-6, 6-1, 10-8.

Elwood Cooke of New York, seeded eighth, romped through W. C. Choy, the former Chinese champion, 6-3, 6-3, 6-3, and Sutter didn't get into the third round with simple victories. Miss Marble defeated Joseph Santilippo of Brooklyn, 6-0, 6-1, and Miss Palfrey ousted Nina Brown of England, by the same scores.

The two women who many think will meet for the title—defending champion Alice Marble and fifth-seeded Sarah Palfrey—both moved into the third round with simple victories. Miss Marble defeated Joseph Santilippo of Brooklyn, 6-0, 6-1, and Miss Palfrey ousted Nina Brown of England, by the same scores.

Continued From Preceding Page.

games with the seventh-place team of their league was the factor that beat them.

What defeated them yesterday was two glittering pitching performances by Vernon Kennedy and Elden Auker, perennial jinxes to the Indians, no matter what uniform they wear.

Browns Cut Down Cleveland Lead

Continued From Preceding Page.

Kennedy, who, as a member of the White Sox, once pitched a no-hit game against Cleveland, defeated them with seven hits in the first game of the doubleheader, 2 to 1.

Auker, who, when he was with the Tigers, once pitched three successive shutouts against the Tribe, achieved a five-hit masterpiece in the nightcap, which the Browns won, 3 to 0.

Both games were more bitterly fought than even the scores indicate. The opener was a 1 to 0 duel between Kennedy and Mel Harder for seven innings. The Browns pushed over a second run in the eighth with the help of a wild throw by Lou Boudreau, and that proved to be the one they needed.

In the ninth and had the tying run on third with one out when Kennedy bore down and turned them back.

Kennedy's bat was as important to his cause as his pitching, for he made three of the six hits Harder allowed and started both scoring: 1, 1, 1.

In the third he beat out an infield hit, took second on a sacrifice and scored on a single by Joe Grace.

Radcliff's Winning Hit.

In the eighth he singled with one out and was forced by Budge but Boudreau's wild throw put Alan on second and a single by Rip Radcliff scored him.

In the Indians' ninth, Hal Trosky led off with a single and Jeff Heath doubled. Ken Keltner went out on a tap to the box, but Ray Mack beat out a single to deep, short that scored Trosky and moved Heath to third.

In this situation, where a fly would have meant a tie score, Kennedy struck out Clarence Campbell, a pinch batter, and got another, Sammy Hale, on a lazy fly.

Johnny Allen battled Auker to a scoreless tie for eight innings of the second game, in which time the Cleveland veteran allowed only four hits. But in the ninth Grace led off with a triple and Radcliff broke the scoreless deadlock with a single. Walt Judnich went out, but Cliff walked and that was the signal for Allen's departure.

Southpaw Harry Eisenstat disposed of George McQuinn, but Johnny Berardino came through with a single that scored both Radcliff and Cliff.

NED BRANT AT CARTER—By Bob Zupke



SHORT WAVES

by AVERY LITTLE

RALPH MILLER, star Kansas U. football and basketball player, has announced that he will not compete in either sport the coming season. . . . He plans to give his injured knee full opportunity to mend. . . . JOHN LINDEMEYER, Chicago, won the National A. A. U. senior horseshoe pitching title, defeating Hubert Trinkle, Linton, Ind., 50-48, 50-32, in a playoff match. A crowd of 33,087 watched \$1,058,796 at AQUEDUCT'S fall race opening. . . .

WAC DOG, won the one and one-sixteenth mile Aqueduct Handicap, feature of the program. . . . DON MEADE rode the winner, as well as piloting Watch Over to victory in the second round. . . .

MURRY DICKSON, former Cardinal, now with Columbus, pitched and won a doubleheader for the Birds last night, beating Toledo, 7-3 and 6-5. . . . JOE SHROBA, righthander for Duluth, pitched a no-hit, no-run game against Superior in the Northern League, winning, 4-0. . . . The no-hitter was the third in the league this season. . . . Del Leslie and Karl Wolsberger pitched the others. . . . AKRON BEAR CHARLETON, 9-7, 4-2, to clinch the Mid-Atlantic League pennant. . . . Peoria's Caterpillar Diesels won their second Illinois State football championship, defeating Pekin, 1-0, behind the one-hit pitching of LOU ABERO. . . . MAX BAER is in the East seeking a training site for his match with Pat Comiskey, Sept. 23. . . . GARDNER LARSEN, Chicago, defeated Dick McKee in a 61-game match to win the Chess Champion (W. Va.) invitational tennis tourney. The scores were 7-5, 4-6, 4-6, 6-1, 6-4. . . . C. P. HANLEY, Muscatine, Ia., won first place in the Class E race in the Mississippi Valley regatta. . . . JIMMY WILBURN, Emory Collins and Gus Schrader finished one, two, three in the five-mile American dirt track auto race at St. Paul. . . . ED MOREHEAD of Falls City, Neb., breaking 586 out of 600 birds, won the championship in the annual Midwest trapshoot. . . . AL ROGERS of Colorado Springs won the annual Pike's Peak hill climb, in 15 minutes, 56.9 seconds. . . . LEO UNSER was second. . . . ALFRED HOUSE's goal with three minutes to play gave Cleveland's Gates Mills team a 6-5 victory over the 7-11 Ranch Club of Chicago and the national 12-goal polo championship. . . . GREEN BAY PACKERS defeated the Washington Redskins, 28-20, in an exhibition game at Milwaukee. . . . MIKE RYBA, Rochester pitcher, shut out Toronto, 9-0, with four hits for his twenty-second victory of the season. . . . It gave him a record of yielding only one earned run in the last 57 innings he has pitched.

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Favored Football Teams Same Old Standbys of Other Years

Faurot Points to Nebraska in Big Six, Citing Missouri's Lack of Ends and Reserve Line Strength.

By Jimmy Conzelman, Coach of the Professional Chicago Cardinals.

CHICAGO, Sept. 3.

INSIDE dope on football strength for the coming campaign was a dime a barrel here last week when many of the leading coaches attended the All-Star Game. Of course most of the boys were coy about their own chances, but on the subject of territorial or conference rivals, they grew starchy-eyed and breathless. Everyone else had a championship team, they said, adding "don't expect much from us."

Shedding down the information into digestible slices, we find the favored teams pretty much the same old standbys of former years. There's nothing new, you know, in the story that Notre Dame will bid for the national title. The Irish do that little thing each year. But Coach Elmer Layden is supposed to have it, come the late September days and opening whistles. Layden himself looks haunted and jittery when asked about it.

Don Faurot led a group pronouncing Nebraska a sure fire shot for the Big Six title. Oklahoma is green and Missouri hasn't the what we listened to is correct. Getting down South where Texas A. and M., with a lad named Kimbrough, softened up opponents every weekend in 1939, the experts divide their choice. Even with Kimbrough back, they say, watch Southern Methodist. Those great frosh of Matty Bell are seniors now and ripe for action.

Just a few weeks ago Amos Alonzo Stagg told me he didn't expect the Atherton college, installed in the Pacific Coast Conference last winter, to affect the strength of the teams for several years to come. Atherton, conference commissioner, seemed headed for heavy reforms. Anyway the West-

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DON FAUROT

Pros Already Have Eyes on Tom Harmon.

In the Big Ten, Ohio State and Indiana have most of the votes, with Minnesota given a chance if the others fail. Not much support went Michigan way even though Harmon, considered the greatest allround back in the land, will show at his old stand at left halfback. Harmon is a cinch to be the No. 1 draft man when the professional league draws the rights to the collegians.

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Notre Dame, Ohio State, Indiana, U. S. C., Cornell, Fordham and Duke Likely to Show Power.

By Jimmy Conzelman, Coach of the Professional Chicago Cardinals.

CHICAGO, Sept. 3.

INSIDE dope on football strength for the coming campaign was a dime a barrel here last week when many of the leading coaches attended the All-Star Game. Of course most of the boys were coy about their own chances, but on the subject of territorial or conference rivals, they grew starchy-eyed and breathless. Everyone else had a championship team, they said, adding "don't expect much from us."

Shedding down the information into digestible slices, we find the favored teams pretty much the same old standbys of former years. There's nothing new, you know, in the story that Notre Dame will bid for the national title. The Irish do that little thing each year. But Coach Elmer Layden is supposed to have it, come the late September days and opening whistles. Layden himself looks haunted and jittery when asked about it.

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Wray's Column

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job if it necessitated moving away from his home city. . . . "I'm too damned old to be moving," was the Judge's gruff-voiced explanation.

And that's why Durham, tobacco center, is the capital of the minor leagues. . . . But capable as is Bramham, he will have to be some wizard to convert red ink into black, unless conditions alter materially for the better. . . . The minors will have to look forward to another uphill fight, it seems.

McGinnity Not A 300-Game Man.

CORRESPONDENT, Daniel J. Fox, takes exception to our mention of 11 pitchers in the majors who have won 300 or more games in their major league careers. . . . He thinks Joe McGinnity should have been included along with the other standouts of the past.

The "Iron Man" of other days was a mighty heavier in his time, but fell considerably short of the 300 group. . . . Joe, who flourished in the majors from 1899 to 1908 inclusive, won only 251 games while losing 131 in his career. . . . His percentage of 642 was better than that attained by any of the 300-timers.

Below is a table of the performances of the standouts of all time, 11 of them. Lefty Grove, if he carries on for eight more victories will be in the charmed circle later:

	G.	CG.	W.	L.	Pct.
Alexander	504	479	373	208	.610
Clarkson	506	479	373	208	.610
Kyle	506	479	373	208	.610
Mathewson	653	491	372	180	.633
Nichols	558	432	302	148	.673
Mulhane	586	460	294	163	.638
Plank	620	486	324	180	.630
Radbourne	617	470	310	191	.619
Welch	627	469	309	148	.673
Young	874	611	315	167	.657
Johnson	802	604	414	275	.600

Official tabulation incomplete.

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...LOUIS
...BOYS IN
...SEBALL
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...of the Northeast Arkan-
...started out this sea-
...pitcher, but as the
...to a close he
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...lives
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...REMP-
...who
...New York
...State
...has
...Boston

Martin Demands Senate Inquiry On Who Pays for Roosevelt's Trip

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP).—A senatorial investigation has been demanded by Chairman Joseph W. Martin Jr. of the Republican National Committee to determine if President Roosevelt's trip to the Tennessee Valley was paid for out of public funds.

"The cost of his special train and his staff of aids being charged to the United States Treasury, or, if it should be, to the Democratic National Committee?" Martin asked yesterday in a statement.

The Democratic National Committee made no immediate reply, but Martin said the President's special train, said: "It is a non-political trip."

Roosevelt spoke yesterday at Chickamauga, Tenn., dedicating a dam in the TVA system, and Martin contended the speeches were political—a part of the President's campaign for re-election.

Martin said that the Senate Committee on Investigation of Campaign Expenditures should ascertain who paid for the trip and also "should investigate to see what other expenses incidental to Mr. Roosevelt's campaign for re-election are paid for out of Government funds supplied by the taxpayers."

HAY FEVER FILTER
SOLD
RENTED
GA. 4959
Electric—installed in window.
Disinfects and ventilates entire
room. Approved by American
Medical Association.
AIRGARD CO.—1123 Washington

STURM, hard-hitting
of the Kansas City
A. A. has been re-
Yankees. STURM
the Yankees last spring.
NONNENKAMP, out-
on option to Newark
national, has been re-
Red Sox. STURM
Memphis in a dou-
close the Southern As-
son, next Sunday, at
and Joe Engel of the
as set aside the day
AYLOR SPINK of the
ws.

CHENLEY, southpaw pitch-
raguoid, was named on
Arkansas all-star
AL LA MACCHIA, a
the same club, was given
mention. T. H.
Rodgers held a tryout
ys at Nutley, N. J., last
ANDY HIGH, former
e of the directors, . . .
OUT RAY CAHILL of
paid a visit to Toledo,
the A. A. farm club.

of the Inter-State de-
league's all-stars, 8 to
HOLD GOLD in center
UDY GREMP at first
base. Both went
losers. JACK ZELLER, gen-
er of the Detroit farm
viewed the Beaumont
las and Oklahoma City
MEL SIMPSON, a
r, has rejoined Union
Kitty League.

FOOTBALL
NIGHTS' RESULTS.
Tournament.
PARK—Currie Girls 13,
6 (girls); Greiner 84,
6 vs. Sa. Side 2 (men).
PARK—Reimers 2, M.
(girls); Swift & Co. 5,
0 (girls); Double Cola 3,
0 (girls); International 1,
0 (girls); International 1,
0 (girls); International 1,
0 (girls).
Tournament.
Third Round.
PARK—Grandma vs.
Hollywood vs. Grein-
men).
PARK—Girls' exhibition
& Co. (men).
PARK—Pop Kola vs.
PARK—A. G. Edwards vs.
PARK—Roth's Cuts vs.
the girls; International
Diesel (men).

Brandt's The Store of Quality and Values
Special!
Brand-New 1941 Model
Thor
Big Capacity
Beautiful All-White Porcelain
ELECTRIC WASHERS
As Illustrated
Tomorrow
at Brandt's
38
and your old washer
DOWN DELIVERS
Easy Payments
No Carrying Charge If
Paid Within 90 Days.
Satisfaction Guaranteed
No Carrying Charge If
Paid Within 90 Days. Choose any Washer if not satisfied, we will
exchange it for another make within 30 days.

Big Values in Guaranteed Used Thor Washers
Reconstructed. \$14 | Thor Reconstructed \$19
A real buy. A real buy. A real buy.

"Quality Electric
Goods Since 1886"
Brandt's 904 PINE
Over 62,000
Satisfied Customers
STORE HOURS FRIDAY, 8 A. M. TO 6 P. M.

Follow the Example!
Thirteen Thousand (13,000) Tons of Smokeless
Fuel are now being delivered and stored in
St. Louis School Bins by our company

Why not follow the example of the St. Louis Board of Education by storing
your fuel now.
If you are in doubt as to which fuels you can legally burn in St. Louis this
coming winter, we would like to have the opportunity to show you the fuels upon
which the anti-smoke legislation has placed its O. K.

We have a complete stock of these fuels forming a comprehensive display which
we cordially invite you to inspect.

We will show you...
Carbonite, Solarite, Laclede Coke, Fireglo West Virginia
Smokeless (in furnace and briquette form), Shell Petroleum
Coke, Pennsylvania Anthracite, Ark-Glo (Arkansas Coal),
Little Chips and Little Nuggets (stoker coal from Franklin
County)...to name only a few.

This display is our contribution to the praise-worthy efforts of the St. Louis Smoke
Elimination Committee to make St. Louis free from smoke this winter. Visit our
Duncan and Vandeventer office! Let us help you select the fuel that will be
legally permissible to burn this winter.

BUT BY ALL MEANS STORE YOUR FUEL EARLY
(Dealers are invited to bring their customers to inspect this exhibit of fuels.)

SEIDEL COAL & COKE CO.
DUNCAN AT VANDEVENTER FRANKLIN 6800

D. F. HOUSTON, 74, DIES; MEMBER OF WILSON'S CABINET

Was Secretary of Agriculture, Later of Treasury—Also Former Wash-
ton U. Chancellor.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (AP).—David Franklin Houston, 74 years old, life insurance company executive, former educator and a member of Woodrow Wilson's Cabinet through the World War President's eight years in office, died at the Harkness Pavilion yesterday after a brief illness.

He was a former Chancellor of Washington University in St. Louis. Houston was Secretary of Agriculture from 1913 to 1920 and in that capacity helped to organize the Federal Reserve Bank System. From February, 1920, until March, 1921, he was Secretary of the Treasury and also acted as chairman of the Federal Reserve and Farm Loan Boards. From 1916 to 1920, he was a member of the Council on National Defense.

Since the first of the year he had been board chairman of the Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York, assuming this post after 13 years as president. He also was a director of the American Telephone and Telegraph Co., of which he formerly was a vice-president, of the Guaranty Trust Co., U. S. Steel Corporation and the North British and Mercantile Insurance Co.

He was the author of "A Critical Study of Nullification in South Carolina," published in 1902, and of "Eight Years with Wilson's Cabinet."

At the hospital where he died were his two sons, David F. Jr., of Providence, R. I., and Lawrence Reid of New York, and his daughter, Mrs. Robert C. Patton of Oyster Bay, N. Y.

Funeral services will be held Thursday, at St. John's Episcopal Church, Cold Spring Harbor, N. Y.

Houston Began Career as Instructor of Ancient Languages. David Franklin Houston began his career as a graduate student instructor of ancient languages.

Houston was born at Monroe, Union County, North Carolina, on Feb. 17, 1866, the son of William H. and Cornelia Anne (Stevens) Houston. He was a descendant of John Houston, who came to America from Scotland in the eighteenth century and settled in Augusta County, Virginia, where he founded the old Providence Church.

Houston was graduated with honor from South Carolina University in 1887—since changed to the University of South Carolina—took a post graduate course there and also tutored in ancient languages.

For three years, beginning in 1888, he was superintendent of schools at Spartanburg, S. C. Later he studied history, government, political economy and finance at Harvard University, where he received his master's degree.

Houston joined the faculty of the University of Texas in 1892 as ad-

Bank Robbery Risk Rate Is Cut by Underwriters
36 States and Alaska Affected; 16.7 Pct. Cut on First \$5000

NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (AP).—Bank robbery was given a better insurance rating today. As a result of "material improvement in the experience for this type of insurance," the National Underwriters announced substantial cuts in rates in 36 states and Alaska.

Insurance costs against bank robbery were reduced 30 per cent for the first \$5000 and about 45 per cent for amounts over that sum in Alabama, Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Mississippi, Montana, New Mexico and Tennessee.

Reductions of 16.7 per cent on the first \$5000 and about 25 per cent for larger amounts applied to Arkansas, Colorado, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Carolina, South Dakota and Wisconsin. Cuts of 12.5 to 16 per cent were made for Georgia, Michigan, Nevada, New Jersey, North Carolina, Oregon, Texas, Utah, Washington and Wyoming.

Three Theaters in Webster, Kirkwood Being Picketed
Action Follows Owners' Refusal to Employ Union Members After Expiration of Contract.

Three theaters in Webster Groves and Kirkwood are being picketed by Moving Picture Operators' Union Local No. 343 because the management of the theaters refused to continue employment of members of the union after expiration of their contract Saturday. Owners of the theaters have employed operators who are not members of the local.

A new contract, providing for an increase in pay for operators, is being negotiated between the union and the association representing independent theater owners in the city and county. An agreement with Fanchon & Marco and the St. Louis Amusement Co., operating chains of theaters which include the larger downtown houses, was recently made.

Robert Tomsen, business agent of the Operators' Union, said the expired contract provided for continued employment of members after the expiration date during negotiations. Owners of the theaters, the Ozark, Osage and Kirkwood, said they objected to having to hire two operators as provided in the union contract.

The wage scale for each operator at the Kirkwood, Tomsen said, is \$47.50 a week; at the Osage, \$50, and at the Ozark, \$75. The theaters would be subject to union demands for an increase.

To Discuss Fight on Highway Plan. A meeting of residents of Richmond Heights who are opposed to extending Superhighway 40 from Hanley road eastward through the residential section of the city will be held next Monday at 8 p. m. at the Little Flower School hall, Gissler and Boland avenues. The committee appointed by the group will make its recommendations as to what action should be taken to oppose routing the highway there.

MOBILIZATION OF NATIONAL GUARD GETS UNDER WAY

Call to Active Service First in Peacetime Since Mexican Border Trouble in 1916.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP).—National Guard mobilization was under way today, with the first contingent of 60,000 citizen-soldiers ordered by President Roosevelt to report to the colors Sept. 16 for a year's active duty with the regular army.

The presidential order, issued Sunday, meant the first peacetime tour of service for the Guard in the nation's behalf since the days of 1916 when Guard units were used along the Mexican border while Gen. John J. Pershing led a punitive expedition of regulars across the Rio Grande in search of Pancho Villa.

The 60,000 men ordered to represent more than one-fourth of the total Guard strength which the War Department ultimately plans to have mobilized.

Units in 23 states were affected by Roosevelt's order. They included four full divisions—the 44th, 30th, 45th and 41st—18 Coast Artillery regiments and four observation squadrons. The tank companies of the four divisions were accepted. They will be formed into companies each and called to service later.

The units contain men from New York, New Jersey, North Carolina, Tennessee, South Carolina, Georgia, Oklahoma, Arizona, New Mexico, Colorado, Washington, Idaho, Oregon, Montana, Wyoming, New Hampshire, Delaware, Illinois, Missouri, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Maine, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Virginia and Arkansas.

Roosevelt was expected, according to War Department plans, to order out additional Guard units in the coming months until the mobilization has been completed.

Upon entering service, the guardsmen will become part of the army of the United States, under complete control of the regular army staff.

Missouri's 203d Coast Artillery Known as "Hound Dog" Regiment. JEFFERSON CITY, Sept. 3 (AP).—The "Hound Dog" Artillery Missouri's "Hound Dog" regiment of the National Guard, will set out for Fort Barrancas, Fla., Sept. 16 for a year of active military training.

The 1200-man anti-aircraft unit was among the first 60,000 national guardsmen called by President Roosevelt under the recent congressional act authorizing special peacetime training for the nation's second line of defense.

Called the "Hound Dog" regiment, it has a hound for its insignia and its official song is "You Gotta Quit Kicking My Dog Around."

Under the command of Col. Ray E. Watson, Webb City, the 203d has units in 12 Southwest Missouri towns. Each of its two battalions has four batteries—A, B, C and D in the first battalion and E, F, G and H in the second—in addition to headquarters and other special detachments.

Lieutenant-Colonel Paul Frey of Springfield is second to Watson in command, with Maj. Rector Mace of Neosho leading the First Battalion Headquarters Detachment; Wright of Webb City the Second.

"We've been expecting this call and we're ready," was the way Col. Watson greeted the presidential announcement. "We are practically at our authorized enlisted strength of 1257 men and 58 officers, perhaps 70 or 80 short. We have weeded out only two officers and perhaps 50 or more men because of their dependents."

Col. Watson listed the unit's approximate number of guardsmen in each town as:

Webb City, 114 in Battery G.; Joplin, 105 in Battery B; Carthage, 105 in Battery D; Nevada, 114 in Battery H; Lamar, 48 in Headquarters Detachment and Combat Train; Springfield, 156, with 114 in Battery F, and 42 in Second Battalion Headquarters Detachment; Aurora, 50, including 28 bandmen and 22 in a service platoon; Pierce City, 144 in Battery A; Monett, 66 in Regimental Headquarters Battery; Sarcosie, 30, Medical Detachment; Neosho, 105, Battery C; Anderson, 130, Battery E.

This week's Excursions at LOW COST Round Trip in Coaches

GOING SATURDAY
INDIANAPOLIS \$5.00
CINCINNATI 6.00
DAYTON 7.00
SPRINGFIELD 8.00
COLUMBUS 8.50
Leave 9:30 p. m. or 11:32 p. m.

Inquire about All Expense Tours and Reduced Fares to New York World's Fair For complete information consult Ticket Agent

NEW YORK CENTRAL SYSTEM

WILLKIE TO MEET G. O. P. LEADERS FROM 22 STATES

Big Conference Set for Thursday at Rushville, Ind. — Nominee Works on Campaign Speeches.

RUSHVILLE, Ind., Sept. 3 (AP).—Wendell L. Willkie began today a series of political conferences which will culminate Thursday with a campaign meeting of Republican leaders from 22 Eastern and Midwestern states and the District of Columbia.

The Republican presidential nominee will discuss with the group plans for organizing party workers for the Nov. 5 election.

Then he will sit at the head table at a luncheon in the Masonic Hall, prepared for the Republican leaders by members of the Order of Eastern Star. There will be plenty of fried chicken and cream gravy, with big tureens of mashed potatoes.

Willkie worked on campaign addresses yesterday, talked with friends and appeared occasionally on his front porch to wave to crowds of visitors. Mrs. Willkie also was called out of the house and smilingly acknowledge applause.

Population Gains Reported for Three States, Hawaii
Census Bureau Figures Show Increases for Louisiana, Georgia and Iowa.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP).—Population gains in Louisiana, Georgia, Iowa and Hawaii was reported today.

Preliminary census figures showed increases from 1930 to 1940 amounted to 12.1 per cent to bring Louisiana to 2,355,821; 7.3 per cent to bring Georgia to 3,119,953; 2.6 per cent to bring Iowa to 2,535,430, and 14.9 per cent to bring Hawaii to 423,332.

Genuine ETHYL Gasoline 4c Per Gal. SAVE SITE STATIONS

WITH SLOWER-BURNING CAMELS

YOU WIN BOTH WAYS! —coming and going!

A better deal on your OLD CAR!

A NEW PACKARD —before prices go up!

That's the story—and here's why: We MUST clean out our few remaining brand-new 1940 Packards at once—to make room for the 1941 models, soon to be announced. This means...

You Save Money TWO Ways! ONE: Due to the current good demand for used cars, we can "go the limit" on trade-in allowance for your present car. That car of yours will probably not only take care of the entire down payment on a new 1940 Packard, but may even further reduce the already-low monthly payments!

TWO: We think you can bank on this: 1941 car prices generally will be higher. But there's still time to buy a NEW 1940 Packard at TODAY'S low price and take advantage of the best buys in Packard history!

Selection Limited—Don't Delay! Packard has had a big year—sales up 62% while the industry has gained only 29%! And no wonder! Owners say it's the greatest, most stunning, Packard ever built—brim-full of features that put it way out in front... in riding comfort, flashing performance, and economy of operation.

Our supply of the new 1940 Packards won't last long—so drop in today and look them over. Don't pass up what may be your last chance to own a new 1940 Packard at a double saving!

ASK THE MAN WHO OWNS ONE

PACKARD

BERRY MOTOR CAR COMPANY
Locust and Twenty-Second Streets
ALBRECHT-BURKE, INC.
1163 S. Kingshighway JE. 8300
PACKARD NORTH SIDE SALES CO.
4459 West Florissant Ave. GO. 6555

Open Evenings JOHN T. DOLAN MOTOR CO. 7486 Manchester ST. 3510
MERRY MOTOR CO. 5802 Delmar Blvd. FO. 4320

HOUSES, FLATS, ETC.
FOR RENT, FOR COLORED

ANGLO, 2604—3 rooms, bath, \$8.
1218 Missouri, 3 rooms, bath, \$10.
KAGGS, 106 N. 8th st.

BUSINESS PROP. FOR RENT

SPACIOUS property and vegetable in first-class meat market. Phone Edw. 4444.
2700—East St. Louis, 6 rooms upstairs established location. Ch. 9222.
SWITCH property for rent or lease, south of Meramec and west of Grand. Box G-267, Post-Dispatch.

OFFICE SPACE AND YARD

6221 OLIVE, CA. 6900.

OFFICE SPACE FOR RENT

CHOUTEAU BLDG., 607 (FREE PARKING); ALSO CHEMICAL BLDG., 920. Desk, mail and phone service.

PRIVATE OFFICE—1027 Mar. Bldg.

1027 Mar. Bldg., 10th floor, office space, concrete floor, sprinkler, switch track, delivery platform, suitable for machine location, 412 S. Third, Chas. 8708, The Lehon Co.

FINANCIAL

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE

MONEY TO LOAN ON

FLATS, BUNGALOWS, SOUTH OR SOUTHWEST, INTEREST ONLY 4%, NO COMMISSION, PRIVATE PARTIES ONLY, LA. 6648.

I HAVE money to loan to private parties for refinancing and building loans at 4% per cent interest on homes, flats, apartments, filling stations, under lease to major oil companies and acreage properties. Box 1000, Post-Dispatch.

FOR ANY LOAN, 1st or 2d, straight or monthly pay, be sure to see me at 1161 Olive, Apt. 2, Chas. 8708, The Lehon Co.

MONEY WANTED

\$1200 WANTED at 6 pct. Box G-32, Post-Dispatch.

\$500 PRIVATE party, 10 pct. Unsecured, good position. Box B-176, P.D.

REAL ESTATE

REAL ESTATE—WTD. TO BUY

QUICK CASH ACTION

FOR PROPERTY, ANY CONDITION

Weiss, 4527 Gravois, HU. 2331

EASY MONTHLY PAYMENT LOANS

To Build, Purchase or Refinance

WASHINGTON FEDERAL S. & L. ASSN.

12 N. 8th, Chas. 8708

BUY PROPERTY AND MORTGAGE

quick action, cash, Main 4182.

FOR cash deals, quick, call G. 3164.

CHANCERY F. HEATH CO., 212 Chestnut

CASH for your property; no commission.

J.E. 9610, or write 4461 Olive, Apt. 400.

REJALOWS, COTTAGES WTD.

USED LUMBER—Bricks, doors, windows.

Koplar, 3054 Easton, FR. 7845.

CLOTHING WANTED

HIGH CASH PRICES FOR MEN'S SUITS,

pants, shoes, ladies' clothing; also old

gold. Call Cahany 5206, auto calls.

MACHINERY FOR SALE

15 H. P. GASOLINE LATTINER BOILER—

complete fittings, automatic control;

can be seen in use. 2528 Texas, In-

ternational Hat Company.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

BATHROOM outfit with trim—\$29.50.

Complete fittings, automatic control;

can be seen in use. 2528 Texas, In-

ternational Hat Company.

CLAYTON

OXFORD BROS., 8 rooms, 2 baths, modern

apartment, Box K-181, Post-Dis.

KIRKWOOD

ALL or any part of 148 feet fronting

Harrison av., Kirkwood; all improve-

ments; trees; at \$12,500. Call

Owner, A. N. Baker, Chas. 8708.

NORMANDY

ST. ANNE PARISH

7225 St. Andrew, 6th, bungalow, 6 large

rooms, marble fireplace, the kitchen and

bath, air conditioned, heat with water,

2-car brick garage; open.

WOODBURN, 7012—New 5-room brick

FR. 4160.

PASADENA HILLS

REAL VALUE

6 ROOMS—\$9500

Just being completed on lot 55x40.

Complete in every detail; can be purchased

with less than \$2000 cash. \$65.00 per

month including interest, principal, taxes and

insurance. Will accept \$2000 cash. See

SEE 7423 OVERBROOK DRIVE.

Carl G. Stifel Realty Co.

PASADENA AND ROLAND, MU. 7171.

Two-Tone Bath Fixtures

Display Home, Pasadena Hills.

Open Evenings Till 9.

WEBSTER GROVES

CALL WEBSTER GROVES TRUST CO.

to buy or rent, suburban property.

EDMUND WILSON, R. E. & LOAN CO.

Phone RE. 6308 for Webster map and list

FOR Webster sales and rentals, see

FIRST NATIONAL REALTY, RE. 3881.

FOR REAL VACANCIES in Webster sales or

rentals call Theo. K. Appel, RE. 0160.

Crossword Puzzle

ACROSS

1. Representative

3. Back across

11. Troubadour

13. Symbol for nickel

16. Foreign

17. Decay

18. Serpent

19. Old times

20. Hindu scrip-

21. Scrapped linen

22. Ratify

23. Genus of the

24. Clothing

25. Barters for

26. Wandering

27. English river

28. In addition

29. Small arma-

30. Correlative of

31. Thus

32. Swindled

33. Instance

34. Founded on

35. Experience or

36. Observation

37. Dismounted

38. Spring

39. Match

40. Glut

41. Tipping

42. Drove a nail

43. At an angle

44. Greek letter

45. Principal or

46. Lead

47. Island of New

48. York state

49. Drove a nail

50. At an angle

51. Greek letter

52. Principal or

53. Lead

54. Island of New

55. York state

56. Drove a nail

57. At an angle

58. Greek letter

59. Principal or

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67. Lead

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158. Lead

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181. York state

182. Drove a nail

183. At an angle

184. Greek letter

185. Principal or

186. Lead

187. Island of New

188. York state

189

8.8 PCT. STEEL OUTPUT
CUT BY LABOR DAY

this week from 91.3 per cent a week ago, due to the Labor day shutdown, the American Iron & Steel Institute estimated today.

A month ago operations were at the peak of the year with a year ago 58.6 per cent of capacity.

Local Area Steel Rate Same.

Steel ingot production in the St. Louis area was estimated at 80 per cent of capacity this week, unchanged with the rate a week ago. Scrap steel prices were reported unchanged, No. 2 heavy melting being quoted at \$14.75/\$15.25 per ton.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 3 (AP).—With many of the nation's steel mills operating at 100 per cent capacity—some as high as 109 per cent—backlogs continue to build and deliveries to continue, says the Magazine "Steel" in its weekly review.

"Some increase in inventory is evident, but probably not out of line with current consumption and possibility of further decreases, due to a considerable amount of ex-

Fourth quarter steel prices, as announced by the American Iron and Steel Institute, have been adjusted upward from current levels. Carnegie-Illinois Steel Corporation made announcements that the company's earnings for the fourth quarter had been "about the same" as in the third quarter. While there had been little doubt of prices for the fourth quarter, the firm's statement clears any doubts and adds stability to the situation.

Fourth quarter income of 3 1/4 points at Pittsburgh, the national production rate of 100,000 tons, and a 1 point to 9 1/4 per cent increase in the highest steel.

Scrap presents an interesting situation. The price of scrap has been down, but back, but prices rising gradually in absence of demand.

IN DOLLARS AND COMPARISONS

Corporation earnings in dollars and cents per common share in most instances with corresponding periods in the preceding year.

	6 months 1939
Diamond Match	.79 .85
Timken Roller Bearing	2.07 1.42
	Year ended June 30 1939
Vick Chemical	4.05 4.00
Nat. Casket Co.	5.82 4.09
	June Quarter 1939
Am. Safety Razor	.15 .42

NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (AP).—The Swiss franc gained 01½ of a cent today in relation to the United States dollar in "free" trading.

As was the case in previous recent rises of the Swiss currency, traders attrib-

The British pound was unchanged, but the Canadian dollar slipped .064 of a cent to a quotation of 75.654 U. S. cents. The Hong Kong dollar fell 1.2 cents to 11 and .09 of a cent, respectively. Changes are to noon or 3—.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Late foreign exchange rates follow (Great Britain in dollars, others in cents). Canada: Official Canadian Control Board rates for U. S. dollars, selling to U. S. at a premium equivalent to 11 and .09 per cent, selling to U. S. at a discount on Canadian dollars in New York of buying 9.91 per cent, selling 9.09 per

cent. Canadian dollar in New York open market 12 5-16 per cent discount, o 87.68½ U. S. cents. Europe: Great Britain, official (bankers foreign exchange committee rates), buying \$4.02, selling \$4.04; open market, cables 4.03½. Germany 40.00n; (benevolent) 18.00; Fin

land 2.05n; Greece .68; Hungary 19.50n
Italy 5.05; Portugal 3.894; Rumania
1.8n; Sweden 23.86; Switzerland 22.794
Yugoslavia 2.35n. Latin America: Argentina
time official 23.77; free 22.85; Brazil of-
ficial 6.05; free 5.05; Mexico 20.35n. Far
East: Japan 23.48; Hongkong 22.49
Shanghai 5.35.

Rates in spot cables unless otherwise
indicated. n-Nominal.

WASHINGTON BUSINESS NOTES

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP).—The
COTYERS, Inc., announced that 3

Commerce Department says that 24,428 independent retail stores in 34 states reported July sales totaling \$213,342,932, an increase of 8.9 per cent, compared with July, 1939. The gain for the month compared with an average improvement of 6.2 per cent reported for the first six months of 1940.

Reports from manufacturers to the Census Bureau show a weekly average consumption of 5,686,000 pounds of raw wool during July, compared with 4,813,000 pounds average during June.

Manufacturers produced 33,467,857 pairs of boots, shoes and slippers, other than rubber, during July, reports to the Commerce Department from 861 factories show. The July total compared with 27,904,992 pairs in June and 34,211,989 pairs in July, 1939.

Business advices to the Commerce De-

Chile—Heavy apple surplus reported.
Sweden—Barter trade efforts expanded.
Great Britain—Use of gas propelled vehicles increases.

CRUDE OIL PRICES

TULSA, Ok., Sept. 3 (AP).—Base crude oil prices: Midcontinent area—Illinois, \$1.15; Oklahoma-Kansas, gravity scale, 60c@ \$1.10; North, North Central and West Central Texas, gravity scale, 71c@ \$1.03; East Texas, \$1.10; West Texas, gravity scale, 53c@ 95c; North Louisiana-Arkansas, gravity scale, 73c@ \$1.05.

Rocky Mountain Area—Salt Creek, Wyo., gravity scale, 86c@ \$1.10.

Eastern Area—Pennsylvania grade (Bradford-Alleghany), \$1.85; same grade in

Report on Failures.
NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (AP).—Business failures in the United States dropped

ADVERTISEMENT

PURSUANT to regulations of the Interstate Commerce Commission in its order dated October 6, 1919, amended October 4, 1920, in Docket Ex Parte No. 54, The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company hereby gives notice that it will receive bids covering purchase of steel

wheels, steel flueets, tank plates, shims and bars, steel pipe, steel tubes (boilers), track bolts, track spikes cement, galvanized iron line wire, tie wires, galvanized fencing, galvanized barbed wire, galvanized wire, nails, wire spikes, fence staples, boat spikes, wire mesh reinforcement, wire rope, rubber covered, solid copper wire.

Bids must be submitted and addressed to the undersigned at his office by 12 o'clock noon, Chicago Daylight Saving Time, September 19, 1940.

The right is reserved to reject any of all bids or to accept any part of any bid.

(Signed)

The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe

Railway Company.
W. W. Kelly
General Purchasing Agent, Room
925, 80 East Jackson St., Chicago,
Illinois.
Dated this 16th day of August, 1940.
(Sents 3, 5, 9 and 12.)

[The page contains faint, illegible markings.]

DEFENSE BOARD'S BIG PROBLEMS AND PROGRESS MADE

Those of Spending 10 Billions on Army and Navy Reported Many and Complex.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The problems of the National Defense Advisory Commission in speeding production from the time a given piece of equipment is "a paternal gleam in the eye of the designer" to its delivery as a finished war machine, are related in a series of articles made public by the commission today.

"Before we get through," the commission says, "there are going to be a lot of headaches. Our job is to keep things running smoothly."

The problems of spending \$10,000,000,000 to equip an army of 2,000,000 men and to provide a two-ocean navy are many and complex, it is pointed out. Both the army and navy have set up the amounts of equipment they need, prepared designs and written specifications. Manufacturers and contractors are being invited to bid on producing the materials.

One of the first things a manufacturer does on getting a contract is to start ordering machine tools. But when hundreds of manufacturers do this at the same time, obviously the machine tool industry can't deliver. Sometimes it takes months to build a tool which, when completed, will turn out hundreds of items an hour. That is where the commission comes in—to set up priority classifications for tool orders.

How It Works Out.

It works out something like this, the commission says: A contract is let for a battleship. The ship-building company wants machines to cut up the steel plating for the ship's bottom. At the same time, the subcontractor who is making steel panels for the radio sets to go on the ship wants a similar type of machine to cut up the steel sheets in the radio panels. That is pretty easy to settle because the radio sets won't be needed until the ship is completed, but the plates for the ship's bottom are needed right here and now. So the commission's problem is to meet with the manufacturer of radio panels. They show him he can deliver on time if he doesn't get his machine in a hurry. Then the machine tool factory can produce machines for turning out the ship's bottom now, when they are needed. When that is finished, they get to work on the machines for the next section scheduled for delivery.

So far it is pretty simple. But the manufacturers of aircraft, and the manufacturers of tanks, and the manufacturers of guns, and the manufacturers of parts, all want their machines delivered for their separate orders. Then the commission has to meet with the Army and the Navy and discuss priorities within the services as to which type of arms are needed first and in what quantities. The commission in turn meets first with the manufacturers of planes, tanks and guns, and helps work out the schedules with them. Finally, the commission meets with machine tool manufacturers and works out the schedules for producing machine tools for the manufacturers who will produce the actual arms.

Says Job Is Being Done.

Despite widespread concern that the machine tool industry would be the "bottleneck of defense," the commission insists that this industry is capable of doing its job and is doing it. The commission's production division already has gotten together with the tool manufacturers, who have made their facilities available to the defense program on a voluntary basis.

The first job the commission faced was to lay a firm foundation on which the resources of American industry could be co-ordinated. At the same time, every effort was made to speed contracts for military equipment already in effect.

To make guns, tanks, airplanes and rifles, the manufacturer must have raw materials to work with. In this respect the country is comparatively fortunate, the commission points out. With a few important exceptions, all materials needed can be found within the limits of the continental United States. Supplies such as rubber, tin and antimony are being accumulated in stock piles. The flow of these commodities is up to the industrial materials division of the Defense Commission, which is responsible for having them ready when they are needed. The industrial materials division already has determined that there are plentiful supplies of steel, copper and other essential materials available.

Facilities Next Problem.

After machine tools, plants and facilities constitute the major problem in the defense program. The

commission is concerned with placing new plants and selecting existing ones on transportation lines between the sources of raw materials and the army and navy depots where finished products will go. Unless care is exercised, it is pointed out, "we will have our transportation lines tied up in a knot, carting half-processed materials from Springfield, Mass., to Springfield, O., to get nut No. 39 screwed on, then back to Schenectady to have nut No. 42 applied."

Answering the question of why automobile and tractor factories should not be turned over to make airplanes and tanks, the commis-

sion points out that in the first place the country still needs automobiles and tractors for private use, and in the second, plenty of these units will be needed for military purposes. At that, the automobile industry is turning out a great number of small pieces for the aircraft industry.

Other problems include making sufficient power available and the mobilization, training and housing of workmen. Most of the workers in the aircraft industry are semi-skilled. The only skilled workers needed are welders and machine tool operators. This does not apply so broadly to making engines, but

semi-skilled workers are being employed in some processes and with real quantity production the proportion will increase. Semi-skilled workmen can be trained in less than three months. Production will not suffer for lack of man-power, since the training of men takes about the same time as the construction of new buildings.

Discussing the navy program, the commission asserts that the expansion program which started in 1933 has taught the navy a great deal about speeding up ship construction. However, it still takes time to build a good ship, the commission says, adding that "there is

no reason for getting in a sweat about it—no other nation can build them any faster."

Contracts Expedited.

Great progress also has been made in expediting contracts for new ships. In the first few weeks the commission operated, contracts were cleared for almost 100 new hulls. The letting of the contracts alone sometimes had taken months under procedure prevailing before this emergency.

As for tanks and other mobile army units, chief job of the commission is to provide proper plant facilities, as the army already has the necessary experience in its own

shops in design and construction, though possible. Here again, machine tools figure importantly and machine tool manufacturers already are busy. In little more than a year, the commission says, production lines will be turning out tanks at a lower cost per tank than ever had been

way to the fighting forces. All in all, the Defense Commission believes the whole business is going ahead in orderly progression, and as the plants are finished, the planes, tanks and guns will roll down the production lines on their way to the fighting forces.

SEE **DUNN'S** FOR **DIAMONDS** AND **DOLLARS**

St. Louis' Oldest & Largest Loan Company

Watches, Jewelry, Luggage, Men's & Ladies' Clothing, Fur, Musical Instruments, Guns, etc.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, CLOTHING, FURS, GUNS, CAMERAS, etc.

68 YEARS AT 912-16 FRANKLIN AVE.

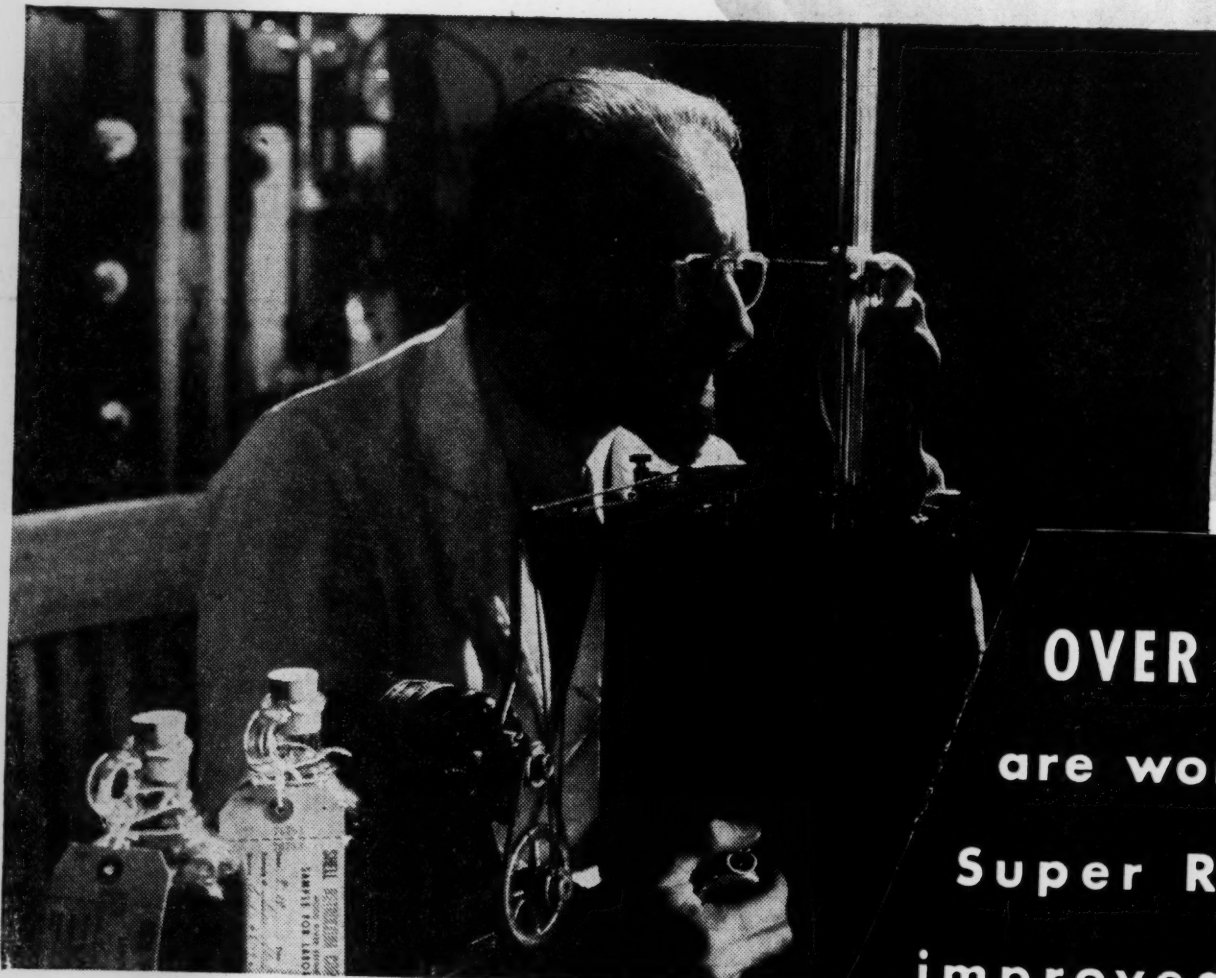
Hear the Nation's **RADIO STARS** on **KSD**

Set your dial on KSD and leave it there

UNIQUELY OWNED AND OPERATED

MOTORS ARE ALWAYS IMPROVING.

What about Your Gasoline?



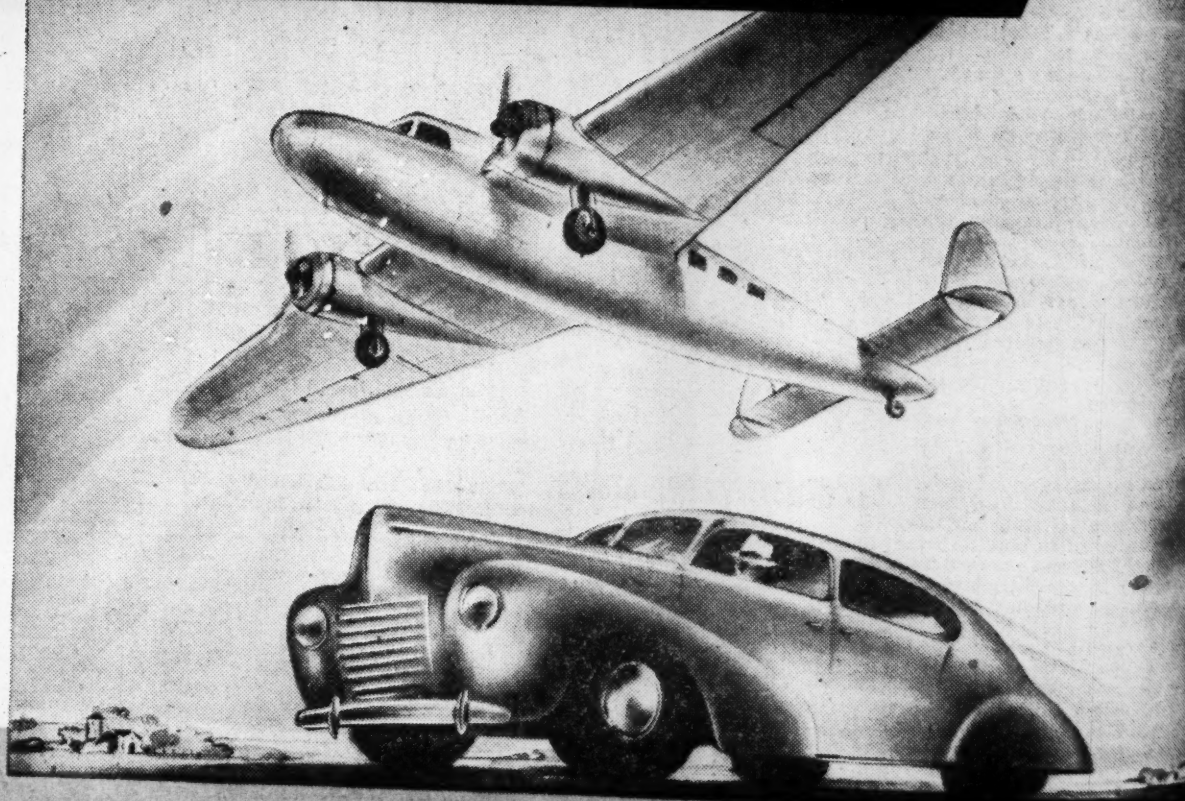
OVER 1000 SHELL RESEARCH ENGINEERS
are working ahead to provide you with
Super Refined fuels for tomorrow's
improved motors . . .

You don't have to look inside your motor to know you've got something many times better than you had in the 20's and the 30's. You have felt the difference all along—constant improvements that have netted you ever-increasing power, smoother performance . . . always taking you over the road faster and at less cost.

If motors are improving what about your gasoline? Pull into your neighborhood Shell Dealer's modern fully-equipped service station and you have the right answer in New Super Shell and New Shell Premium gasolines—correctly balanced fuels that have the right outlook on engine life and operation . . . products that bring out the best in any motor.

Looking ahead—thinking ahead—being ahead, have always been a constant and ever-growing part of Shell's vast and extensive Research laboratories. As motors have improved with the years, Shell anticipated each new and changing design—stimulated even greater progress by providing better gasolines for better motor operation. Today as yesterday Shell keeps a constant eye on your motor . . . another on the future . . . always remembering that your motor's performance can be no better than the gasoline in your car.

You'll find the bright red and yellow Shell symbol everywhere in the greater St. Louis area—a better place to stop, a better place to refill . . . the best place to remember for better motoring.



SHELL OIL COMPANY, INCORPORATED
CENTRAL DIVISION OFFICE • SHELL BUILDING • ST. LOUIS

3% Now Being Paid On SAVINGS

\$1 starts an account. All accounts insured up to \$5000.

ST. LOUIS FEDERAL SAVINGS & LOAN ASSN. • 209 N. 8th St.

John C. Hall, Pres.

Children return to city public school 5351 Enright, t

Children entering morning.

THE CIRCUS
trainer, is making his with the Ringling which comes to St. animals in March.

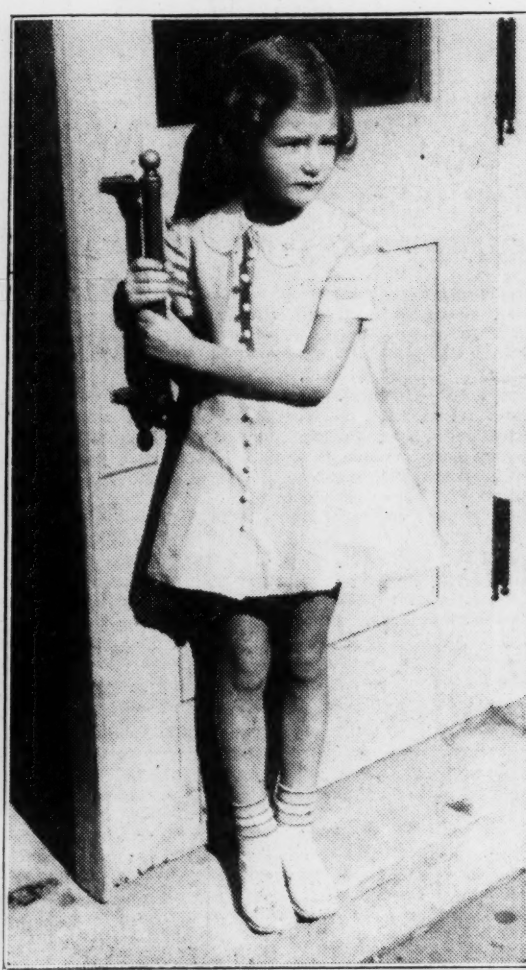
Back to School Again



Children returned to school in St. Louis and most of the County communities today. This year's registration in city public schools is expected to reach 100,000. A group of pupils is shown arriving at Blewett High School, 5351 Enright, this morning.

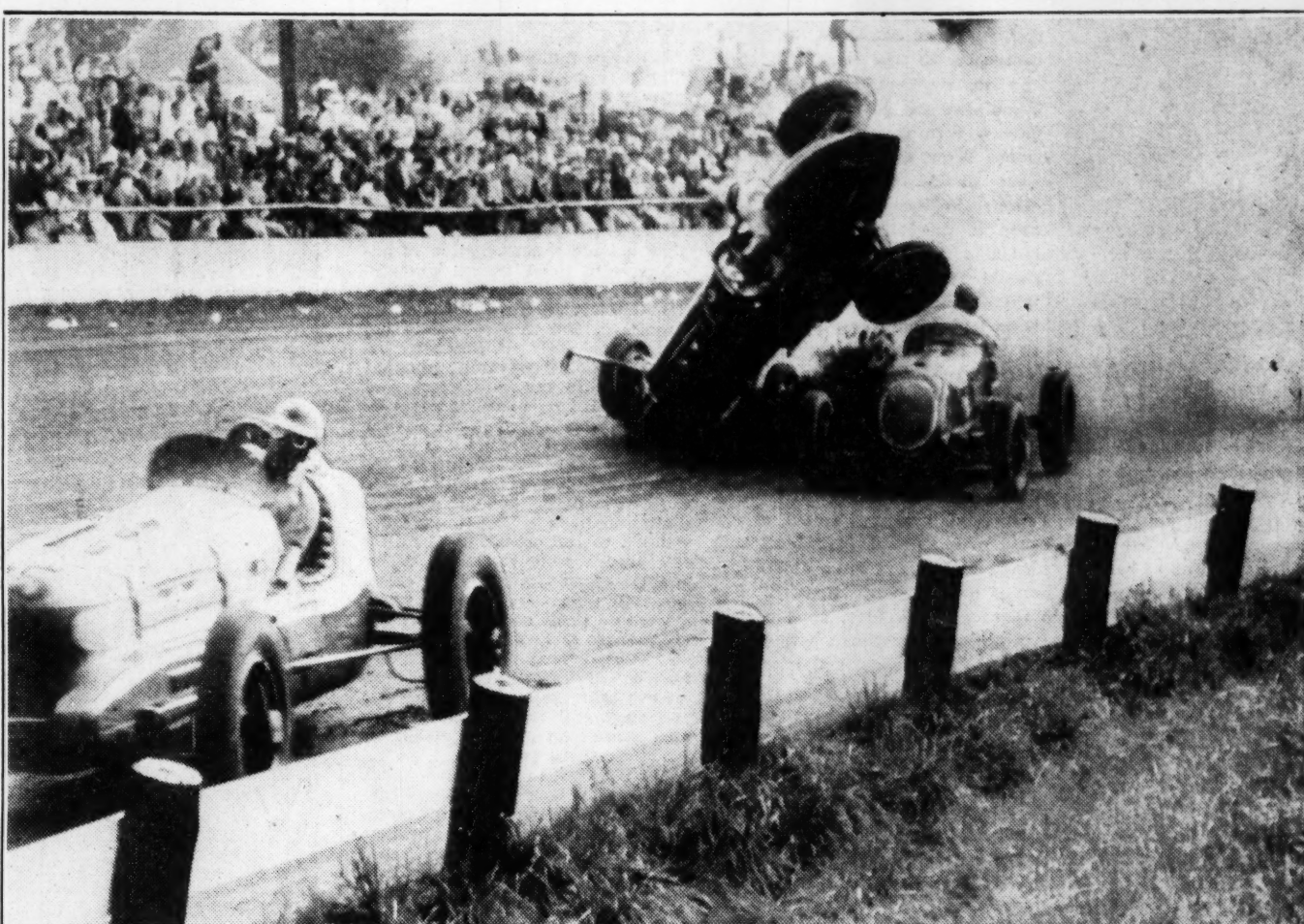


Children entering Clark elementary school, 1020 Union, this morning.



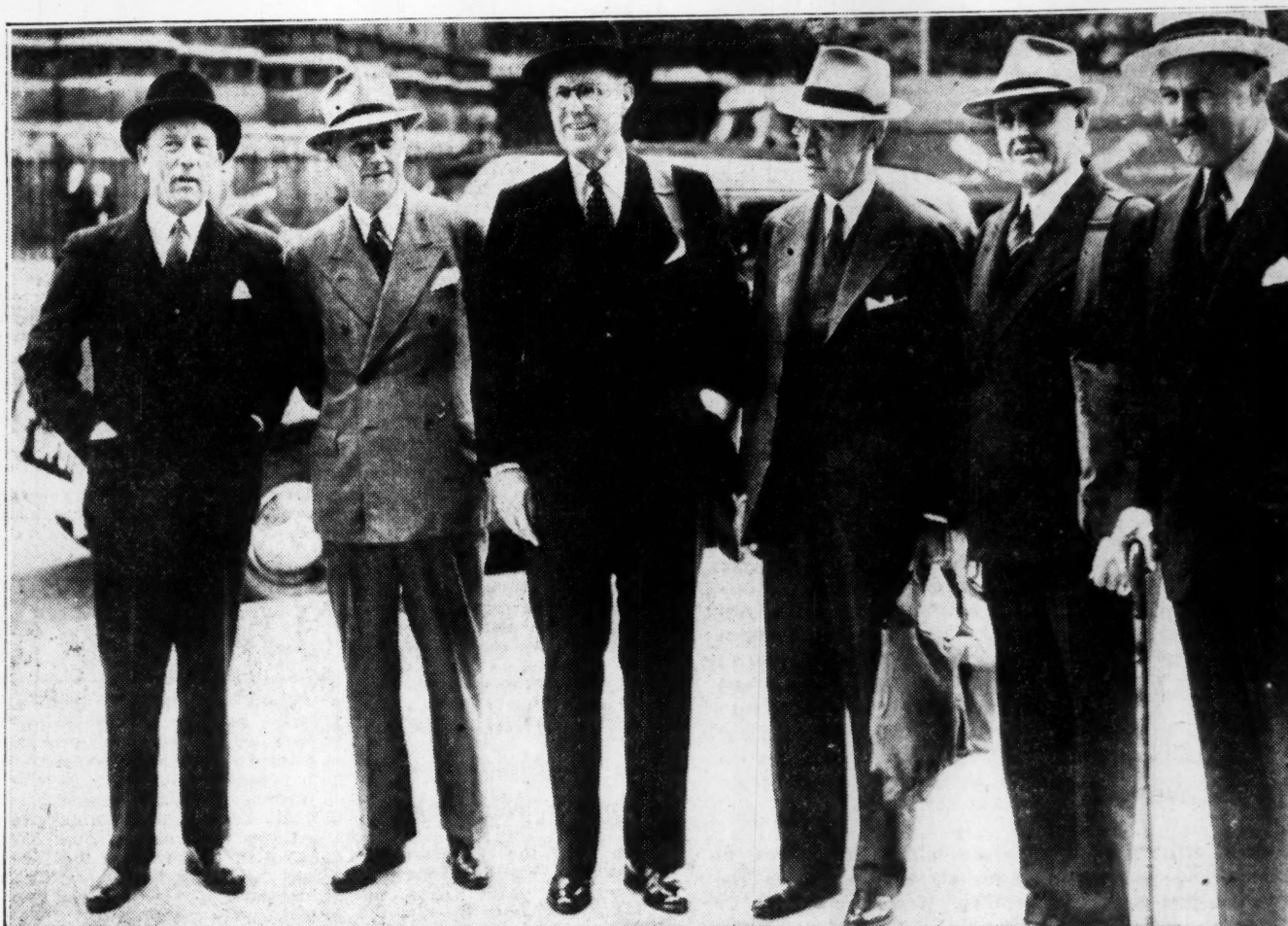
It was her first day at school and Jacqueline Newhouse, 5247 Cates avenue, was an early arrival at Clark school.

Fatal Automobile Race Crash



This action picture was made at Syracuse, N. Y., yesterday when Lou Webb, Los Angeles racing driver, was killed at the New York State Fair race track. Webb's car is shown as it hurtled over the machine driven by Kelly Petillo. A third racer, Paul Russo, speeds on. Webb's car turned end-over-end three times and smashed up in front of the grandstand.

—Associated Press Wirephoto.



U. S. OBSERVERS IN BRITAIN From left, Captain Kirke, United States naval attache; Major-General D. C. Emmons; United States Ambassador Kennedy; Brigadier-General Strong; Rear Admiral Robert L. Ghormley and Col. Lee, military attache, arriving at the House of Commons in London to listen to a speech by Prime Minister Churchill.

—International News Photo.



THE CIRCUS RETURNS Alfred Court, French animal trainer, is making his first appearances in the United States with the Ringling Brothers-Barnum and Bailey circus, which comes to St. Louis Friday. He left France with his animals in March.



FUNNY MEN Lou Jacobs and Paul Jerome, clowns with the Ringling Brothers-Barnum and Bailey circus which will come to St. Louis for three days starting Friday.



WORKING TO SAVE THEIR HOMES Townspeople at Millville, N. J., who worked throughout the night piling sandbags along the Milville Canal to hold back rising flood waters, were cheered today by news that the water level was falling behind the flood threatened dam above the town.

—Associated Press Wirephoto.

Beauty and You

By Patricia Lindsay

SEPTEMBER days are school days for the majority of young American girls. Back to the classroom grind and the fun of long week ends. Forty weeks of learning stretch before them, and 40 weeks of opportunity if they will look at school that way! Tradition has it that



PATRICIA LINDSAY

schoolgirls may be casual. Formality is not condoned except in deference to the teaching staff and to visiting celebrities. But casualness can go too far. It can quickly turn into sloppy manners, sloppy dress, and sloppy grooming. That should never happen for sloppy habits once formed are hard to correct. Schoolgirls, day students or boarding students, should realize that meticulous habits should be acquired during their transitional age if they wish to mature into beauties and successful women.

THE TEEN AGE is a precarious time of life. A girl can become a ravishing young beauty, slim of silhouette, clear of complexion and accomplished in poise. Or she can be a victim of acne, a sluggish system, timidity, unlovely figure proportions and be frightfully unhappy. She can "simply adore" school, or cry every night into her pillow because she is a misfit. Her school success, as well as her future success depends upon a determination to make the most of herself and her opportunities. Her daily program must include thorough skin care, good eating, sufficient exercise, scalp pampering, a recreational period with classmates, concentration on studies and school activities. No social success comes without effort, and no beauty is possible without effort.

Those Frank Folks

By Elsie Robinson

SOMEONE'S mad at you—just because you gave them a little advice; told them some unpleasant truths for their own good. And it was such sensible advice! Look at the trouble that might have been saved if they'd taken it!



ELSIE ROBINSON

WELL, DIDN'T you? Stop and think. Put yourself in that other human's position. Suppose you were the one who had to face that unsolicited meddling. Would you like it? Of course, you wouldn't. You'd feel resentful. Friendly co-operation—constructive criticism for which you've asked—that's different. But telling you mean things and pretending they're for your own good—you'd resent that, even if you knew the charges were true. And you'd have a right to resent it, for such meddling would menace the most important things in your nature.

What are those most important things? Your pride. Your self-confidence. Your belief in your deep, true self, and in the power of that self. Your faith in your own fitness. That's the foundation on which you build your own life. Robbed of that foundation, you'll go to pieces. And if someone continually belittles you, that foundation is shaken.

THAT'S WHY you resent meddlers. That's why Frank Folks are always despised, and Friendly Flatterers always adored. For we love the fellow who builds us up; not the chap who tears us down. And, after all, by what right do you tell the other fellow "the truth for his own good?" How do you know it's the truth? It may be your conception of the truth. It may be a truth which fits your need or nature. But, what do you know of his need or nature?

You two are entirely different. You function under different laws. That which may be right for you to do, may be wrong for him. The act which may be wise and prudent in you, may be the yellowest cowardice in him. No one can tell us the truth about ourselves. No one can define the law under which each soul should operate. Each man must discover his own meaning, his own law. And he isn't worth a whoop unless and until he does.

AND EVEN if the advice, in itself, is commendable, what of the individual's hidden necessities? Sometimes it is much more important for us to make mistakes than it is for us to play safe and profit thereby. We learn more from one of our own mistakes than we do from a thousand of the other fellow's sermons.

Barring those precautions which serve the common good, you've no more right to deny another adult the right to make a fool of himself than you have to shut off his air, or his food.

And that injunction doesn't go merely for strangers, or acquaintances, or casual friends. It's even more binding upon those who are nearest and dearest. That other human may be your husband or your wife, son or daughter, mother or father—but he or she is an individual first of all; and you've no more right to barge into that other soul without invitation, than you have to tell God how to run his job.

Important Rules for Dressing Well

Girl Should Study Her Figure, Type and Coloring Before Buying Her Clothes

By Kay Caldwell
and
Alden Harrison

WHY is it that some girls always look like that well-known million dollars in anything they wear, while other maids can climb into a lovely and expensive little number, and immediately make it look like something grabbed on the fly in Bogey's Bargain Basement?

A few girls seem to have a natural feeling for clothes, and an in-born ability to look well in them. They possess a combination of advantages—a good figure, graceful carriage, and discriminating taste. But these lucky misses are a lot rarer than you think. Usually the best-dressed girls get that way because they devote time, thought and effort to the problem. And that's something to think about as summer ends and you turn your thoughts to school and the social season.

As we've said before, the basic rule of dressing well are to wear clothes that are suitable to you, and suitable to the occasion. The first rule means that you must study yourself—your figure, your coloring, your type. Authoritative information on these subjects is printed everywhere these days, so you have plenty of opportunity to learn the first principles of choosing the clothes that are best for you. But you must still use your own common sense and good judgment in following these principles.

For instance, the blue that makes Betty Blonde look surpassingly cute may make Dorothy Dark look merely sallow. The sports slacks that hang beautifully from Peggy's slim hips are grotesque when stretched over Mabel's prominent posterior. Ruffles and frills help fill out Paula's angular lines, but they make Buxom Bessie look like an over-decorated Christmas tree.

IF YOU NOW have a dress in which you look unusually well, and on which you have already received many compliments, study it carefully. Just what is there about that frock—its lines, its fabric, its color—that make it right for you? After you've owned a few such garments, and an equal number that turn out to be all wrong, you'll begin to learn a few fundamentals about what you can and cannot wear. And you'll keep them firmly in mind whenever you add to your wardrobe—no matter how much something "wrong" may appeal to you when it's in the shop window and not on your back.

But even though your clothes are suitable to you, they still must be right for the occasion. For school and office, simplicity should be your watchword. Spectator sports clothes are good. Fancy and frivolous effects should be avoided, but that doesn't mean that you have to go in for severity. Be attractive but not ornate.

In picking a costume for any occasion, it's well to keep in mind two facts. First, it's always better to be a little under-dressed than a little over-dressed. Second, it's well to lean toward the conservative in

choosing your clothes. The dress that strikes you as dashing today may seem merely cheap and garish tomorrow. Fads come and go so fast that you can hardly keep up with them—and most of them aren't worth adopting, anyway. It's far better to stick to the things that you know make you look your best, than to slavishly follow this month's craze even if you make yourself ludicrous by doing it.

Unless you have a very liberal clothes allowance, advance planning is vitally important in building a wardrobe. Most smart girls choose

one basic color scheme, such as black, or brown and green, and stick to it for a year or more.

Until they change that scheme—which can't be done on the spur of the moment—they buy nothing that won't fit in with the rest of their wardrobe. By following such a plan, you can be sure that you will always have the right accessories to go with your dresses, without using up your entire budget on shoes and gloves and hats and handbags. You won't find yourself with a perfectly good winter coat which nevertheless looks terrible over your best dresses. And you'll

be able to move from one season into another without facing a sudden new clothes outlay that makes your pocketbook—or your papa—scream for mercy.

And remember how important proper fitting is in any garment. An inexpensive dress or coat that fits perfectly invariably looks better—and more stylish—than an exclusive number which fails to make smooth contact with your torso in several important places. If you or your mother can do a little adjusting and altering, you'll find that you can look well at surprisingly little expense.

Devote time and effort to the problem

STUDY-A dress on which you have received compliments

SLACKS-Fine on slim hips, grotesque when stretched

SIMPLICITY-The watchword for school and office

BE CONSERVATIVE-A dashing dress of today may seem garish tomorrow

BEST-DRESSED GIRLS-Devote time and effort to the problem

THANKS TO DAPHNE H. CAHILL WASHINGTON, D.C.

9-3

CASE RECORDS

By Dr. George W. Crane

CASE Q-139: Roy H., aged 6, is a foster child. "I've had him and his younger brother for over a year," his foster mother explained, "but I simply cannot stop his stealing. I've told him it is wrong, and for him to ask me when he wants anything, but he says he'd rather steal. He seems to think it is fun. The child can sneak things right from under my very nose. His real mother once told me that all her children lied and stole from the time they could walk. I have bought him toys and playthings aplenty, but he still steals whatever he likes. I told him it wasn't Christian to steal and that God would punish him, but he just laughs and thinks it is smart. Dr. Crane, what is wrong with such a child?"



DIAGNOSIS: In dealing effectively with children we must employ sales talk which they can readily understand. Roy's foster mother was correct in telling him that it is wrong and un-Christian to steal, but these motives are not as strong in his scale of values as certain others. One thing of which we can always be sure, is the fact that children want to appear big, grown up, instead of babyish. They deem it a great disgrace to be thought little or infantile.

It is a good idea, therefore, to point out the fact that stealing is a mark of babyhood or childishness. Adults have learned the importance of property rights, but babies and some kindergarten youngsters still haven't learned such viewpoints. They are reacting like infants, to whom property rights and fences mean nothing of moral significance.

I ADVISED ROY'S foster mother to soft-pedal the recourse to church flats, and to emphasize the simple fact that law-breakers are acting like babies. Place a social stigma of such nature on stealing, and you can more quickly snap a child out of this dangerous behavior. Too long we have tried to coerce children into better habits by recourse to the church, instead of by citing the simple facts which lead the church to support moral agencies. Murder and theft, immorality and lying, aren't wrong just because the church says so. They are wrong because common sense, logic and scientific investigation unquestionably prove them to be unwise or dangerous.

As a result of such proofs, the church obviously opposes such wrong behavior. The moral attitudes of the church, for the most part, are based on a precise foundation. Tell the child the facts, therefore, and he'll come to the same conclusion as has the church, without meanwhile feeling resentful at the church for being a joy-killer, always trying to stop his fun.

IT IS NOT uncommon for foster children to steal. They often feel unwanted or unloved. They then seem to think the world in general has been unfair to them. Their thievery is frequently an attempt to strike back at society in general. Foster parents should tell their children of their adoption before they enter kindergarten. This can be done in such a way as to make the children proud of being adopted.

Tell them, "We chose you, Roy, from all the other children at the orphanage because we loved you and because you were a good boy. Other parents have to take whatever they get. They have no choice. But we picked you because we loved you." This will greatly soothe the wounded spirit of a child whose rude playmates in anger will shout, "Yeah, you don't have any real parents."

Don't Take My Word for It

By Frank Colby

FIFTH COLUMNIST.

A spy; a subversive renegade. It was with much surprise that I recently heard a leading American radio commentator repeatedly say "fifth col-yum-ist" on a network broadcast. The average layman may be pardoned for this common error, but it seems to me, a professional broadcaster, whose sole working tool is the spoken word, should have learned better at his mother's knee.

"Fifth" and "col-yum-ist" are vulgarisms, and broadcasting them from "border to border and coast to coast" makes them all the more deplorable. The second "t" should never be omitted from the fifth. Column should never be pronounced "col-yum" to rhyme with volume. In columnist, be sure that the "n" is plainly sounded.

Correct pronunciations: FIFTH, KOL-um-nist. (Capitals indicate syllables to be accented.)

For a personal answer to your questions about words, send stamped (3c), self-addressed envelope to Frank Colby, care of St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Forest 0922
Delmar at Clarendon

IF IT'S WORTH KEEPING—... it's worth saving

In a recent survey 75 out of 100 apartment dwellers admitted that they had possessions stored in their lockers, and in doing so exposed many cherished keepsakes to the hazards of fire, theft, mildew and vermin. We believe that anything worth keeping is worth saving. The cost of safe storage is trivial compared with the sentiment you may have for certain objects. Protect them! Phone

Ben Langan

EMILY POST

THINGS the six others at the party put us in the very center of the person we knew. Although we do enjoy going out on another thing that we could do what people call 'Dutch'.

I think the only thing people, the next time that you hate to bring it to go only if you and order. This would be a false position of doing either do this, or it won't. Treat means that each divided the check, and therefore, you may quit.

DEAR MRS. POST: coming to visit me. I to have my friends meet evening. I shall have to too many for my house. noon when the men are to omit my father and just and sister?

Answer: If your friend among a dozen women stay at home with you. If he wants to, but it's only long enough to meet an engagement elsewhere.

Living With Children

—By Angelo Patri

LIVING with children can be a great pleasure. They rarely bore one because they change so from hour to hour, sometimes from minute to minute. And they do astonishing things—sometimes they are funny and know it, and sometimes they are so without knowing it. Other times they are heroic, sacrificing, laboring, achieving miracles of growth in the face of tremendous obstacles.

Di was about to be graduated and clothes for the great occasion were a problem. There were too many children in the family for the income to allow any special like graduating suits and their trimmings.

Just when things looked blackest for Di's suit a visitor to the shop noticed a woodcarving of an old woman, beautifully done. It was Di's recreation job done with loving care in his odd moments. The visitor asked to buy it and offered the price of a suit and a bit more. "Delighted," said Di when he made the sale.

We thought he was all set for graduation now. But we had reckoned without Di.

"I can't come to graduation," he said. "Why not? What's the matter?" "Nothing. I don't want to come."

"Of course, that was sheer nonsense but there was nothing to do but wait until Miss Lulu could talk him into telling the story. Little sister was to be confirmed and she had to have a dress and veil and flowers and lots of things so he gave his mother the money for Camilla's great occasion.

Something had to be done. "We'll lend you the money. You can pay it back when you get a job."

"No. I can't get into debt for a suit. Don't bother. I'm all right."

Miss Lulu thought a while, then went out to see her brother who had suits of clothes to spare. Sure enough he had one that he had never worn. Just the thing for Di. Fitted exactly.

Di looked at the things in the suitcase with shining eyes. He tried on the suit, the shoes and the tie. Just right. Then he shook his head incredulously. "I don't see how she knew the sizes. I forgot to

tell her."

"Tell whom?" asked Miss Lulu, puzzled by all this.

"The Holy Mother. I explained to her in my prayer about the things I needed, but I forgot to tell her the sizes and she got them dead right. Thanks so much, Miss Lulu. I'll never forget your kindness to me. Never."

We didn't know whether to laugh or to cry, so we did both. Now if you, a stranger, had seen Di in his worn sneakers, his drab jersey and cheap cotton trousers washed of all color, seen him on the street going about his errands, you would not have given him a second look, which would have been too bad for you and Di.

You never can tell what is inside a boy until you stay with him, know him intimately, live with him. Then he is real fun, a great joy and an inspiration. Even the ill-behaved ones, the noisy ones, the dirty-faced ones are well worth getting acquainted with. Try it.

THEY'LL DO IT EVERY TIME—By Jimmy Hatlo



THANKS TO DAPHNE H. CAHILL WASHINGTON, D.C.

9-3



That modern natural look is what men like!

AND IT'S YOURS WITH THIS FACE POWDER YOU CHOOSE BY THE COLOR OF YOUR EYES!

The glorious naturalness of gay, young "collegiennes"—that's the modern trend in makeup! And Richard Hudnut brings it to you in Marvelous Face Powder, the exciting new powder you choose by the color of your eyes!

For eye color, you see, is definitely related to the color of your skin and to the color of your hair. It is the simplest guide to powder that matches and glorifies your own coloring... gives you that appealing natural look men so admire!

Hudnut Marvelous Face Powder and harmonizing Rouge and Lipstick at drug and department stores—only 55c each.

HUDNUT MARVELOUS FACE POWDER

ORDS My OPINION

By MARTHA CARR

Dear Martha Carr:

What do you think of a friend who does this: I have introduced her to my family and other friends and every time I have, I hear a few weeks later that they have been invited to her home and I've been left out. When I meet them they act cool toward me. Am I wrong in thinking her a troublemaker? I am afraid now to introduce her to anyone when we meet, for this same thing has happened so often. My two little daughters, age 10 and 12, have never asked any questions about sex. Isn't that unnatural? I would like to enlighten them along these lines and have sent for literature on the subject, but they don't seem interested? What shall I do? HENRIETTA.

Letters intended for this column must be addressed to Martha Carr at the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Mrs. Carr will answer all questions of general interest but of course, cannot give advice on matters of a purely legal or medical nature. Those who do not care to have their letters published may enclose an addressed and stamped envelope for personal reply.

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FACE POWDER OF YOUR EYES!

ther your eyes are y, brown or hazel, it's y to find the shade ht for you! Just ask out Marvelous Face : the pure, fine- powder that you the color of your eyes!

love the smooth way as Face Powder goes the way it clings for agrees with even the sensitive skin! Try it or complete color-har-matching Marvelous and Lipstick, too!

ing Range and Lipstick 55¢ each.

POWDER

Answer: If your father is willing to be one man alone among a dozen women, there is no reason why he cannot stay at home with you. He can, of course, stay all the time if he wants to, but it is more than likely that he will stay long enough to meet your friends, and then leave either for engagement elsewhere or for another part of the house.



NO BUTTONS, NO TIES, NO COLLARS

Hollywood Designer Predicts Radical Changes in Men's Fashions in Near Future, Including More Color in Hats, Shoes and Shirts.

By Harold Heffernan



HOLLYWOOD, Sept. 3. ATTENTION, men! Better call in the old clothes man and see what kind of a deal you can make. Dust out those wardrobe racks. Prepare yourselves (and your loved ones) for some startling sartorial changes in the immediate future!

Who says so? None other than Giles Steele, designer of men's wardrobe at the big MGM studio in Culver City. You don't believe him? Well, Clark Gable, Robert Montgomery, William Powell, Nelson Eddy and Walter Pidgeon do. They're only a few of the spick and span male stars of that studio who put a lot of stock in every word Steele has to say about men's fashions.

"Anyone could see these big changes in men's get-up coming for a long time," said Steele, "but the war in Europe will hurry it along. The last war caused some changes in men's attire, but only a few of them lasted. However, the desire and the impetus were there—and when it gets under way this time it will broaden out and prove lasting."

Most radical changes in the make-over of the male will take the following courses, Steele asserts:

No collars. No neckties. Changes in coat lines to meet collarless style.

Fewer or no buttons. More color in shoes, shirts, hats and occasional clothes.

Justifying his promise of more color for men, Steele says:

"After all, male birds are the ones to display the bright tints. Why not the men?"

If we can believe Steele—and, as we said, Gable, Eddy, Pidgeon and such fellows do—Uncle Sam's boys will probably turn into a nation of Flash Gordons and Buck Rogers!

"Americans always have been pioneers for clothes comfort and comfort with a capital C will be the keynote of our next clothes change," the expert said. "In recent years, the leisure shirt with open collar has come in."

Now I foresee total elimination of the collar and necktie. They are uncomfortable. And they're not especially sightly. Both are non-essentials. Changes in coat-lines to meet this no-collar style will follow, but they will not be outlandish. I look for fewer but-

tons on coats, perhaps none at all.

He thinks men will eventually get back their fashion courage which flourished at its height from 1700 up through 1850.

"Men really went to town then," said Steele. "They used lace, face-powder, wigs, silk stockings, beauty spots and other innovations long before women did. They were too dandy and foppish. And when they did change, the men became so ashamed of what they had once worn that they have never recovered."

Queen Victoria influenced the change, gradually from 1850 to 1880, he pointed out. Then started an era of extreme conservatism, and men's styles have made no major change since. The only alterations have been in coats being longer or shorter, trousers wider

or narrower and lapels fluctuating slightly.

The Tuxedo arrived in 1888, Steele declared, referring to a big book on his desk, and the only change it underwent was the adoption, after the war, of the white dinner jacket—a gift from the British mess jackets.

"Men just seem to hate changes," Steele summed up. "The real reason masculine styles show no variety is that tenacious imitativness of men. If a man sees any garment on another, he wants one just like it. Well, a woman might want a dress like Joan Crawford's, but she'd swoon if she happened to buy one like that of Mrs. Smith, who belongs to her bridge club."

"Men also have absolutely no nerve at all in fashion pioneering. They are afraid of being laughed at. However, if a few men in their

circle have the courage to go drastic in dress, the others will imitate. To get masculine style changes, this country needs men who are popular idols—like the former Prince of Wales, Lindbergh or Clark Gable—to lead the way. But just try to talk that fellow Gable into doing so!"

Steele tells an interesting story to prove how unobserving men are about clothes:

"A few months ago Walter Pidgeon volunteered to try something different in clothes. We worked out a really revolutionary idea. It was a coat wholly without buttons. A double-breasted one, at that. A hidden button held the coat together and, to make it set well, we had roll lapels all the way down to that one hidden button."

"Pidgeon wore it in one scene. He walked around the studio try-

ing to get other men to notice that coat. He even stroked the lapels. Nobody made a comment. Finally, he came to the studio tailor and told him something was wrong with the coat. The tailor said he could see nothing wrong. Pidgeon gave up. If a tailor couldn't notice that a coat was wholly without buttons, who would?"

"When the picture went out over the world, that new coat style created no style hubbub. Pidgeon got two letters from the millions of men who saw it. Both commented on the lapels. They didn't miss the buttons."

"But men are going to be paying a lot more attention to clothes in the next couple of years. The style pendulum is beginning to swing now. And if men really get started being sanely different in their clothes, watch out!"

Economical Menus

By Meta Given

If you are already a devotee of spinach, Popeye's old stand-by won't need much dressing up to tempt you; but most families seem to have skeptics who doubt your every claim for this valuable vegetable. However, there are things that can be done with spinach to make it acceptable to the most stubborn resisters, and one of them is the sweet-sour sauce of today's recipe. Try it and see if it doesn't reduce the well-known spinach controversy by at least 90 per cent.

Spinach With Sweet-Sour Sauce. Three pounds spinach; sauce: one egg, one cup evaporated milk; three tablespoons sugar; one-fourth cup vinegar; one-half teaspoon salt and two eggs, hard cooked.

Clean and cook spinach in boiling salted water until tender. Meanwhile, beat egg slightly, add evaporated milk, sugar, and salt. Mix vinegar in slowly, stirring constantly. Cook over hot water until slightly thickened. Drain spinach and pour sauce over it; garnish with sliced hard cooked egg. Serves five.

MENUS FOR WEDNESDAY. Breakfast.

Plums, five large plums; prepared cereal, three cups prepared cereal; cinnamon toast, ten slices bread, three tablespoons sugar, one teaspoon cinnamon; coffee, four tablespoons coffee (adults only); milk, for children.

Luncheon. Spinach with sweet-sour sauce, recipe already given; Waldorf salad, 12 walnut halves, three apples, one-fourth cup celery, one-third cup mayonnaise, lettuce; bread and butter, ten slices bread, butter; floating island, one pint milk, two eggs, one-fourth cup sugar, one-half teaspoon salt, one-half teaspoon vanilla, one-half teaspoon cornstarch; tea, two teaspoons tea (adults only); milk, for children.

Dinner. Baked stuffed beef heart, one beef heart (about three pounds), two cups bread crumbs, three-fourths cup milk, two tablespoons melted butter, one egg, one-fourth cup celery, one-fourth teaspoon curry powder, one teaspoon grated onion; escalloped potatoes, two pounds potatoes, one cup milk, three tablespoons flour, salt to taste; buttered string beans, one No. 2 tin string beans, two tablespoons butter; celery hearts, one bunch celery hearts; bread and butter, ten slices bread, butter; baked apples, five large baking apples; coffee, four tablespoons coffee (adults only); milk, for children.

Cost for day: about \$1.74.

Broadway Song Writer—By George Tucker

NEW YORK, Sept. 3. ALMOST everybody likes to translate the past in terms of years, or by referring to specific events, such as wars or floods. They'll say, "I haven't seen Joe since 1927" or "That was before the war."

Benny Davis doesn't do it that way. Benny likes to refer to the past musically. He likes to name the years after the songs he has written. For instance, 1922 is his "Margie" year. Margie is Benny's supreme achievement. It sold more copies than any song he ever wrote, and in that same year he wrote "Make Believe," "Yearning," "Lonesome and Sorry," "Oh, How I Miss You Tonight." In royalties alone 1922 paid him more than \$200,000. But those days are gone. Those five songs together sold more than 10,000,000 copies. All the songs published in 1940 will not equal that.

You have to think of Benny Davis in terms of Tin Pan Alley and Broadway to understand him. You have to think of him in terms of presentation houses and footlights of banging pianos and introducing unknown people to theater audiences. When he introduced them they are unknown. Often, after



BENNY DAVIS—HIS BIGGEST HIT WAS "MARGIE."

that introduction, they become celebrities.

It's a long story, those introductions and names. . . . Some of them will strike a responsive chord in your memory. They include Vilma and Buddy Ebsen; they include Hal LeRoy, the dancer, and Ruby Keel-

er, who used to be Mrs. Al Jolson. They include Harry Richman, Helen Morgan and Martha Raye. They also include Eleanor Powell, Little Jackie Heller, the Andrews Sisters, the Smoothies, and the famous trio now with Fred Waring, Two Bees and a Honey.

"The Andrews Sisters worked six weeks for me for nothing," Benny says. "They were great; they were wonderful to me. They got their chance, and they kicked." Of Eleanor Powell, who is a star now and famous, he says, "That kid always remembers. No matter where I go, and no matter where she happens to be, when I open a new show she always sends me a telegram. How she keeps up with me I don't know. But she does, and I will always appreciate her thoughtfulness."

Benny, like show producers and others who follow an insane existence, is writing songs as eagerly as any freshman striving for his first hit. You see him sitting in a restaurant, or crossing a street. And something will happen—a waiter will touch his elbow, or a cab driver will scream a bit of picturesque lingo at some hapless pedestrian, and Benny will reach for his pen and make a few hurried notes. That's the idea for a song. Something that may be forgotten after a few weeks, or it may even be another "Margie." He has a new one now—"Once in a Lovetime."

All over town, in halls and in hotel rooms and in back stage dressing rooms, Benny is holding auditions these days. . . . He is getting his new show ready. . . . Most, you might even say all, of the people who will be in it mean nothing to anyone today. They are unknown. But out of the mob, the chances are, will come one or several who will "have it"—and then, like the Powells and the Keelers, they will go on to the big time. It happens like that. That's the way it is with Benny Davis, and Broadway.

A Package Sent C. O. D.

IT is so easy when you buy something and wish to escape the immediate pain of paying, to say, "Just send it C. O. D."

You may then return home confident that the article will eventually reach you. But suppose it comes when everybody is out? Will the delivery man turn around and take it away with him? Very probably. And when he comes once more, how are you to know that the house will not again be locked?

Or he may come when somebody is in, but there is no money in the house. Will he accept a check? Very likely he has instructions to accept nothing but cash. Therefore it is well to keep on hand enough cash to cover the cost and delivery charges.

But if you leave the cash at home, where cash is always scarce, how do you know that it will not be used instead to pay the butter and egg man, or the laundryman, or the presser, or for the ice cream and cake the night friends come for dinner, or by your wife to help meet the grocery bill which is larger on account of the entertaining, or the weekly wages because you simply will not bring home enough money each week?

It is obvious that any sum of money at home is unsafe unless it is hidden in some secret drawer. But if it is hidden, how will any-

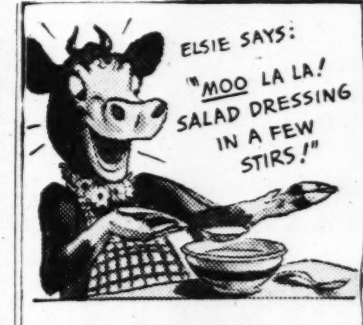


body know where to find it when the package arrives?

This problem will give you many sleepless nights while you search for a practical solution. You are likely to conclude that the only procedure, if you are to be sure of getting the article C. O. D. without hitch, is to hold the money tightly in your hand and sit on the front steps waiting for the package to arrive, whether the time be a couple of days or a couple of weeks.

CHRISTOPHER BILLOPP.

New Low Price!
FAMILY FINISH
20 Lbs. \$2
NO EXTRA CHARGE
for FINISHING SHIRTS
50% Flat Work Required
NATIONAL LAUNDRY CO.
"Serving St. Louis Since 1876"
3401 LACLEDE JE. 8306



ELISIE SAYS: "MOO LA LA! SALAD DRESSING IN A FEW STIRS!"

Economy Salad Dressing
(Requires no egg or oil)
1 1/2 cups Borden's Eagle Brand Sweetened Condensed Milk
1 teaspoon salt
1/2 cup vinegar
1 teaspoon dry mustard

So easy to make—and such a wonderful flavor! Blend thoroughly Eagle Brand Sweetened Condensed Milk, salt, vinegar, and mustard. Stir until mixture thickens. If thicker consistency is desired, place in refrigerator to chill before serving. Makes 1 3/4 cups.

NEW! Half-size, half-price can equals 1/2 cup. Magic Recipe Leaflet on both large and small cans.

"IF IT'S BORDEN'S IT'S GOT TO BE GOOD!"

Copyright 1940, The Borden Company

South Makes Top Score by Bold Playing

By Ely Culbertson

THE summer national championships held annually at Asbury Park, N. J., see an impressive gathering of masters from every part of the country. The recent tournament (Aug. 5 to 12) was no exception. Here is a sample of the sparkling play for "top scores":

West, dealer.

Match-point scoring. North-South vulnerable.

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TOMORROW'S
OROSCOPE
by WYNN

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only, Sept. 25-Nov. 18, an
p. 5. Danger: now-Sept. 12
22; May 20-June 3, 1941.

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BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE

● The "Stop, Look and Listen" sign of accident prevention and protection against accident losses stands not only at the railroad crossing—figuratively, it stands in every room in your home, at every stairway you traverse, on every street you travel.

Accidents are not selective in their choice of places to happen, nor do they broadcast advance warning. You cannot "save up" for your next accident, or decide that you won't have any in this month or that.

That is why you must provide ample protection against losses you may incur in ANY KIND

of accident ANY TIME of the day or night ANY PLACE in the United States and Canada.

Post-Dispatch Low Cost All-Coverage Accident Insurance gives you this type of protection. You may lose both hands in a railroad or steamboat accident and receive \$10,000.00—or you may cut your finger in your own home, suffering no disability whatsoever, and receive the \$3.00 medical benefit. In either case you would not be expecting the accident to happen—in either case you would have to be covered by Post-Dispatch Low Cost All-Coverage Accident Insurance BEFORE the accident happened—in either case you would

be paying the same low premium . . . only 5 cents a week.

Post-Dispatch Low Cost All-Coverage Accident Insurance does pay cash indemnities. In six years from January 1, 1934 to January 1, 1940, claims totaling \$297,539.30 were paid. In the first six months of this year, from January 1 to July 1, claims totaling \$31,776.62 were paid.

Post-Dispatch Low Cost All-Coverage Accident Insurance is available to all carrier-delivered subscribers and members of their families. The coupon below will bring complete information without obligation.

Post-Dispatch Insurance Covers:

Automobile Accidents	Burning Building Accidents
Walking Accidents	Barn Accidents
Falling Accidents	Farm Machinery Accidents
Home Accidents	Train Accidents

And Many Other Kinds of Accidents

ONLY 5 CENTS A WEEK
POST-DISPATCH
ALL-COVERAGE ACCIDENT INSURANCE

St. Louis Post-Dispatch Insurance Bureau,
12th Boulevard and Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

Without obligation on my part, please give me complete information about Post-Dispatch All-Coverage Accident Insurance.

Name _____

Address _____

City or Town _____ State _____

HOLLYWOOD GOSSIP MOVIES AMUSEMENTS

Lenders, Borrowers

By Harold Heffernan

HOLLYWOOD, Sept. 3. WHEN Shakespeare wrote, "neither a borrower nor lender be," he didn't have the shuffling market place of Hollywood in mind.

In recent months this has become a town of wandering boys and girls. Players are being loaned right and left—for substantial profits, of course—and they can be found at almost any studio except their own.

At this writing, Warner Brothers seem to be the heaviest borrowers of talent and almost equally heavy lenders. James Stewart and Rosalind Russell, both of whom have been away from MGM so long they'll have to be introduced to the help all over again, have just finished "No Time for Comedy" at the Burbank plant. Wayne Morris is at Paramount for a series and even though his contract expires safely in the W. E. vault, he won't be back on the home lot for nearly a year.

George Raft is another destined to travel across town soon for a picture with Norma Shearer at MGM. Pat O'Brien, already in a film at Columbia, is going to Twentieth Century-Fox for another. Olivia de Havilland has recently returned after a year's absence at David Selznick's "Gone With the Wind" headquarters.

Rosemary Lane checked in just

the other day from a two-picture session at Universal. Dennis Morgan has been loaned to RKO as Ginger Rogers' leading man in "Kitty Foyle"—his best chance to date. And Gary Cooper is on the Warner lot (by courtesy of Samuel Goldwyn) for "Meet John Doe," the new Capra film.

With the celluloid economic situation the way it is (remember there's no more world market), the barter and exchange system will grow brisker each day. It's a profitable arrangement for all concerned. It takes up the slack on idle personalities. The lending studio makes a neat profit on each deal. The players get handsomely tipped and a change of scenery. The borrowing studio wins the services of actors better suited to certain pictures than those available on its own lot.

As for the public, it doesn't make a bit of difference. The average fan doesn't know which player or picture belongs on what studio roster in the first place—and cares less.

To satisfy his belief on that latter point, F. E. Berend, Los Angeles advertising executive, waged one major studio executive inordinately proud of his company's trade mark, that the average stenographer (agreed on as tantamount to the average movie fan) had practically no knowledge of studio and player affiliations.

Berend won his bet hands down. Of 55 secretaries and typists polled in a downtown office building, only 15 knew David O. Selznick produced "Gone With the Wind." The rest credited it to every other studio in town.

Twelve answered correctly that Mickey Rooney was under contract to MGM, while only three realized that Charlie Chaplin's "The Great Dictator" would have a United Artists release.

And that in Los Angeles, cradle of the industry and the place where people eat, sleep and dream their movies!

IF YOU WANT to delve into human interest, give a passing thought to the O. Henry situation revolving day-by-day around the plight of young Gene Eckman, Atlanta schoolboy, signed two months ago by MGM to play Jody in "The Yearling."

Although Gene is drawing a weekly salary and is the leading candidate for the prize role, there's a trick clause in the deal

Movie Time

AMBASSADOR

"The Sea Hawk," starring Errol Flynn with Brenda Marshall and Flora Robson, at 11:49, 2:44, 5:39 and 8:09; short subject program, including "March of Time" at 11:15, 1:55, 4:50 and 8:30.

FOX

"Dance, Girl, Dance," starring Maureen O'Hara, Louis Hayward and Lucille Ball, at 12:30, 3:37, 6:44 and 9:51; "Argentine Nights," featuring the Ritz Brothers and Andrews Sisters, at 2:24, 5:31 and 8:38.

LOEW'S

"Boom Town," starring Clark Gable, Spencer Tracy, Claudette Colbert and Hedy Lamarr, at 10:59, 1:40, 4:21, 7:02 and 9:43; "Buyers Beware" (short subject) at 10:32, 1:13, 3:54, 6:25 and 9:16.

MISSOURI

"Flowing Gold," starring John Garfield, Frances Farmer and Pat O'Brien, at 12:30, 3:35, 6:40 and 9:50; "Young People," with Shirley Temple, Jack Oakie and Charlotte Greenwood, at 2:15, 5:25 and 8:30.

ST. LOUIS

"Girl From God's Country," featuring Chester Morris, Jane Wyatt and Charles Bickford, at 7:12 and 9:48; "Sing, Dance, Plenty Hot," with Ruth Terry and John Downs, at 6 and 8:46.

whereby Gene forfeits the job if his face and figure show material changes by the time action starts—presumably next February. It's up to Gene to "stay put" or his chance at a Hollywood career goes glimmering.

Think of young Mr. Eckman leaping out of bed each morning and over to the mirror for a quick once-over. Or rushing up to his older brother and inquiring, "How do I look today?" Or trying to remain casual while his parents give him a sly up-and-down at the dinner table each evening.

MOONLIGHTS at 9

EVERY NIGHT
Sept. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31
SAT. COCKTAIL CRUISES—2:30 pm
SUN. DAY TRIPS—10:00 am
Sept. 8 and 15
Tickets: Arcade Bldg.—Inf. MA 4040

ADMIRAL

Abbott and Costello To Make Screen Debut

Bud Abbott and Lou Costello, star comics of Broadway and radio, will make their motion picture debut in "Riviera," comedy extravaganza to be launched next month. Abbott and Costello have made a spectacular rise to popularity since they scored their initial hit on the air in the Kate Smith show. At present they are substituting for

EMPIRE

GARDENS
TAYLOR and DELMAR
Snappy Floor Shows Nightly
Eddie Hill and Jackie Gold, 10:30
Entertainment Begins at 8:30
Open Every Night Including Sunday
Free Parking Rain or Shine



TRAVEL-RESORTS-HOTELS

Now It's New
Hotel
CONTINENTAL
KANSAS CITY, MO.

PHOTOPLAY THEATERS

LAST 3 DAYS
WILL ROGERS
"SUSAN AND GOD"
Fredric March
Robert Young-Niles Gilbert, "FLORIAN," News!

DRIVE-IN
THEATRE
Manchester Road
2 Mi. West of Lindbergh
William Powell-Ginger Rogers
"Star of Midnight"
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RADIO PROGRAMS FOR TODAY

Informative Talks

12:00 KSD—DISCUSSION OF NEWS EVENTS OF THE WAR: H. V. Kaltenborn, John Gunther, Major-General Patton and others.

Programs scheduled for today on the broadcast band include:

12:00 NOON

12:00 KSD—ARNOLD GRIMM'S DAUGHTER—Joyce Jordan, KWK—Just Plain Bill, WDW—Markets: Song Treasures, KFUO—Sunday Repose With Chet, KXOK—News.

12:30 KSD—VALIANT LADY—KXOK—Orchestra, KWK—Franchise, KXOK—Long Thompson's orchestra, WIL—Organ, KWK—Melodies, WDW—Roy Shaffer and His Hillbillies.

1:00 KSD—HIMNS OF ALL CHURCHES—KXOK—Byron and I, KWK—Fashions in Review, KXOK—News, WIL—News, WDW—Janice Smith, KFUO—Farm News.

1:00

1:00 KSD—STORY OF MARY MARLIN—KXOK—Society Girl, KWK—Concert Orchestra, WIL—Song Time, WDW—Gene Hartman, organist, KFUO—Music Appreciation Hour, KXOK—Baseball Game.

1:30 KSD—MA PERKINS—Discuss the News, KWK—Let's Help You Keep House, WIL—Bones on the Land, WDW—Tommy Doner's orchestra.

2:00 KSD—PEPPER YOUNG'S FAMILY—KXOK—Linda's First Love, KWK—News, KXOK—Choose Up Sides, WIL—Opportunity program, WDW—Marketa.

2:30 KSD—VH AND SAGE—KWK—KXOK—Editor's Daughter, KXOK—KXOK—News, WDW—Kay Kyser's orchestra.

2:00

2:00 KSD—WOMAN OF COURAGE—KXOK—KXOK—St. Louis Police, KWK—Baseball Game, WIL—Police Report, WDW—News: St. Louis Hour, KFUO—North Bearer.

2:30 KSD—STELLA DALLAS—KXOK—Vibes Harp, WIL—Neighborhood Program.

3:00 KSD—LORENZO JONES—KXOK—Baseball scores, Musical News, KFUO—News.

3:30 KSD—YOUNG WIDDER BROWN—WIL—Farm music, KFUO—Songs.

3:00

3:00 KSD—GIRL ALONE—KXOK—Let's Get Acquainted, WDW—Moments With the Masters, WIL—Baseball scores, Musical Etchings.

3:30 KSD—KITTY KEENE—WIL—New Impressions, KFUO—Messages in Song.

4:00 KSD—UP-TO-THE-MINUTE BASEBALL SCORES: AL DONAHUE'S ORCHESTRA.

4:30 KSD—THE O'NEILLS—KXOK—Mel-Harmon Trio.

4:00

4:00 KSD—UP-TO-THE-MINUTE BASEBALL SCORES: HARRY HORLICK'S ORCHESTRA.

4:30 KSD—WOMAN OF COURAGE—KXOK—News, KWK—Swing, KXOK—Baseball scores, Afternoon Varieties, WDW—Swing for an Hour, KXOK—LAS, ABNEY, fashion commentator.

5:00 KSD—MA PERKINS—KWK—Swing, KXOK—Melody Rhythms, WIL—National Speed Derby: Organizational, KFUO—Grand Authority.

5:30 KSD—UP-TO-THE-MINUTE BASEBALL SCORES: YVETTE AND PAUL.

6:00 KSD—CHICAGOANS, KWK—News, KXOK—Music Hall, KXOK—News, KXOK—Baseball scores, Musical News, KFUO—WPA Program, WIL—News.

5:00

5:00 KSD—ASSOCIATED PRESS NEWS.

5:30 KSD—PIANIST KXOK—News: Matinee Music, KXOK—Baseball scores, Let's Dance, WDW—News, KFUO—Little Red Riding Hood.

6:00 KSD—ROUND ROBIN COVERAGE OF NEWS IN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.

6:30 KSD—TELE-TUNES, Joe Karnes and Clair Callahan.

7:00 KSD—NEWS, WIL—Fairly Tales, WDW—Sports, KFUO—News.

7:30 KSD—STOCKTON AND ESCHEN.

8:00 KSD—GEORGE GIVOT AND ALPINE VARIETIES, KWK—Today's Sports, WIL—Stars of Hollywood, WDW—Hillbillies, KFUO—Fighting the Invisible Kid.

6:00

6:00 KSD—JOHNNY PRESENTS "The Story Comes to Life": Audrey Marshall, Walter Davis, pianist; Johnny Warren, drummer; Bob Knight, guitarist; Johnny Augustine, violinist; Floyd Sherman, the Swing Fourteen, Ray Floyd's orchestra.

6:30 KSD—COURT OF MINEA HERS, KWK—Bass, KXOK—Sports, WIL—National Speed Derby: Melodians.

7:00 KSD—KXOK—Windsor Trio, WIL—Cavalcade of Drama, KWK—Mr. Keen, Trace of Lost Persons, KFUO—Sports.

7:30 KSD—HORACE HEIDT'S TREASURE CHEST.

8:00 KSD—FIRENIGHT: Barbara Luddy and Les Tremayne, KWK—Information Please: Henry Beetle about author, KXOK—News, WIL—Musical Parade Review, KFUO—U. S. Government National Defense Report.

8:30 KSD—KXOK—Whispering Reeds.

9:00 KSD—News.

7:00

7:00 KSD—FRANK CRUMMETT AND JULIA SANDERSON—KXOK—Music.

7:30 KSD—MUSICAL AMERICA: Lanny Ross, Mary Small, Raymond Palmer's orchestra, KXOK—News, WIL—This Rhythmic Age, KFUO—Sports, KXOK—We, the People.

8:00 KSD—WIL—Mr. Fixit, KFUO—The World We Live In, KXOK—Quartet.

8:30 KSD—FREDERICK WILLSON'S MUSICAL REVUE.

9:00 KSD—Professor Quito, KWK—Songs, KXOK—Member of Commerce Program, WIL—Music, KFUO—Whispering Reeds, KXOK—Laugh and Swing Club, WIL—News.

8:00

8:00 KSD—SUMMER PASTIME WITH TOMMY DORSEY'S ORCHESTRA: Fred Fugate, quartet; Jerry Lester, comedian.

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8:00 KSD—STORY OF MARY MARLIN.

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8:00 KSD—VALIANT LADY.

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8:00 KSD—BETTY CROCKER.

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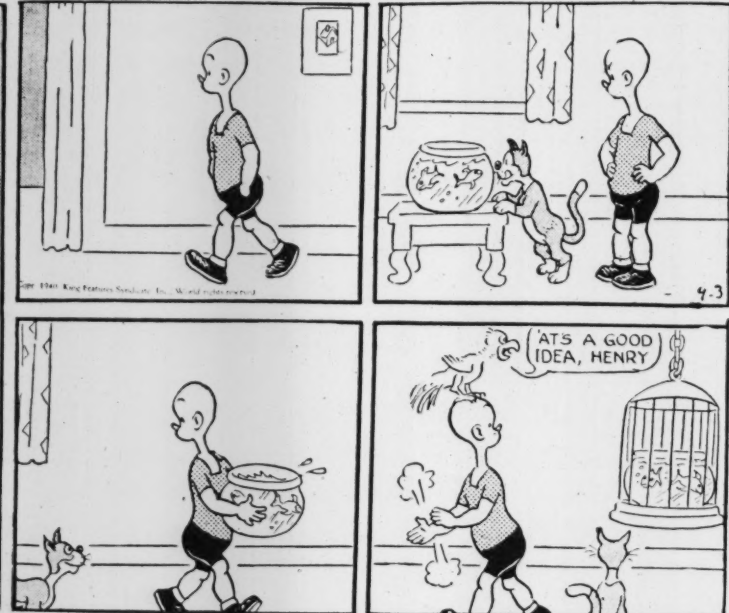
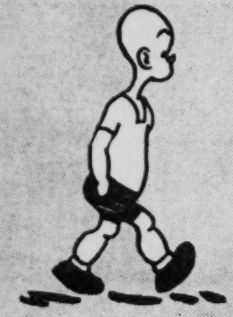
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GRIN AND BEAR IT—By Lichty



"NOT MUCH HAPPENED IN MY FIRST DAY IN SCHOOL, MOM—A WOMAN WANTED TO KNOW HOW TO SPELL 'CAT' AND I TOLD HER—THAT'S ALL!"

HENRY
By
CARL
ANDERSON



Worried About
Your Figure?
FRESH-UP WITH 7-UP!

You feel hungry between meals but you don't want to overeat and put on weight. The secret is to pass up that snack and "fresh-up" with 7-Up instead. Keep 7-Up in the icebox and let it satisfy your appetite and control the waistline. Order a case!

Seven-Up Contains
Sugar, carbonated water, citric acid, lithium and sodium citrate and flavor derived from lemon and lime oils.

Fresh Up With



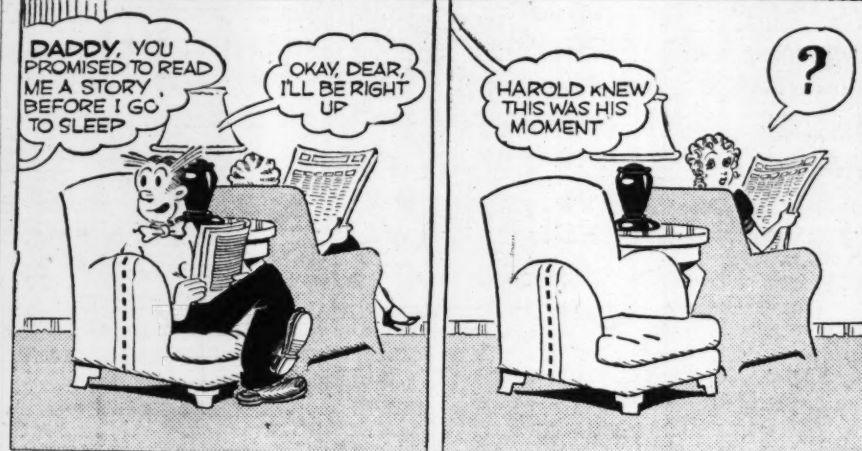
SUNFLOWER STREET—By Tom Little and Tom Sims



ROOM AND BOARD—By Gene Ahern



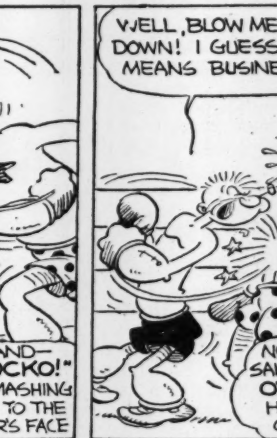
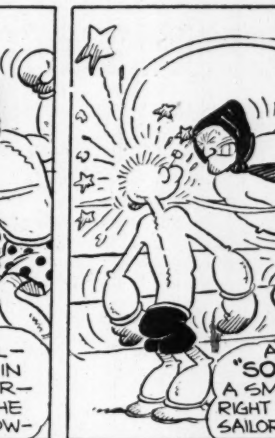
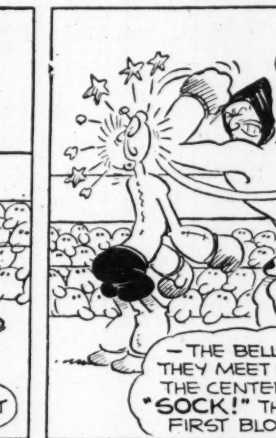
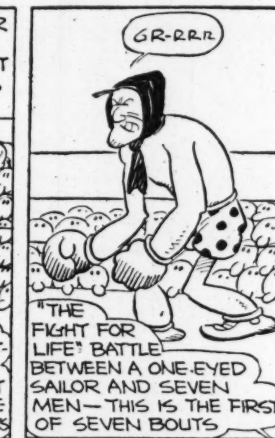
BLONDIE—By Chic Young



Two Birds With One Stone.



POPEYE—



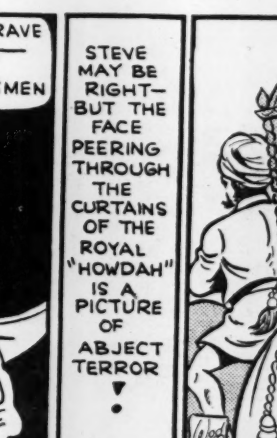
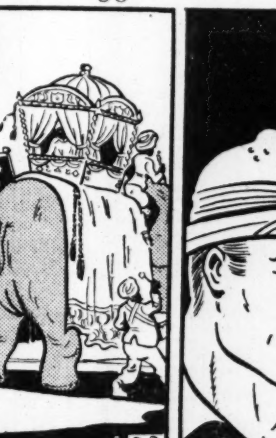
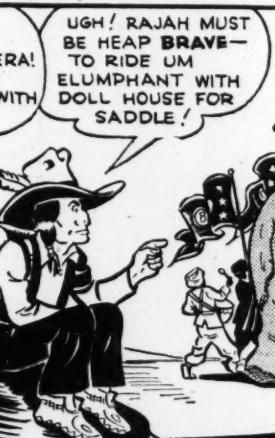
LIL' ABNER—By Al Capp



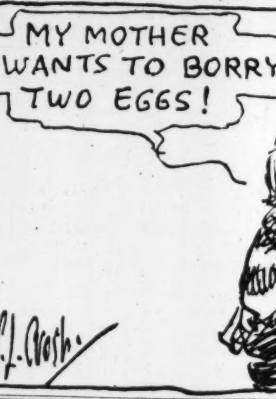
NAPOLEON AND UNCLE ELBY—By Clifford McBride



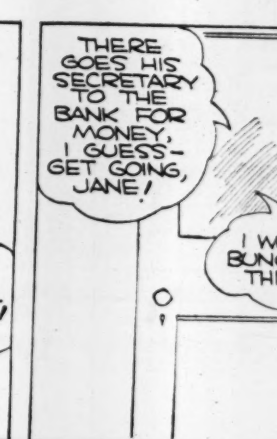
BIG CHIEF WAHOO—By Saunders and Woggon



SKIPPY—By Percy L. Crosby



JANE ARDEN—By Monte Barrett and Russell Ross



ON TODAY'S
The Dictator Proce
Editorial.
Mr. Willkie Fires
Britain Gives Up
Mirror of Public
VOL. 92, NO. 3
NAZIS
DEFE
NE
LONDON REP
MILITARY TA
HIT IN ATTA
GERMAN CA
Reich Planes Dan
dustrial Area—3
Beaten Off —
my Craft
Downed.
LONDON, Sept. 4
on's anti-aircraft open
right with the heavy
lifted above this city
swept the sky.
It appeared that a str
of planes was over
to be seen.
LONDON, Sept. 4
small formations of Ger
penetrated Britain's
day, one damaging ind
property and caus
fatalities and the othe
houses in a River Med
the Air and Home Secu
announced tonight.
The attacks followed
ous Nazi daylight th
re repelled by anti-air
and fighters. They came
clashes in which 41 en
were reported downed
m. (8:45 a. m. St. Lo
five defense planes we
London had its third
arm of the day at 2
2:16 p. m. St. Louis tim
bursts of anti-aircraft
ward from two areas of
al. Shells were seen ex
the sky and there was
concentration of search
light.
Meantime the Air Mi
ported that British p
night bombed electrical p
ons, lighting installati
mentary factory in Ber
an dispatches said no b
ropped in Berlin last n
Air Force planes also
had bases in France.
Other British planes, t
ry said, attacked milit
ives in the Hartz Mount
the Grunewald Forest nor
in, starting fires and ca
sions.
200 Cross Coast.
The two formations w
ated the British defen
part of 200 German pla
crossed the Kent coast
most of the 200 were d
by R. A. F. fighters and
craft fire, it was said.
Some were damaged in
areas of the southeast.
Unique said:
Attempted attacks on
asex airports by two
cores, one of them con
bombers and escort fi
turned back in the mor
but damage or casualtie
Ministry said.
A 25-minute air raid w
the London area dur
ights was followed in
Continued on Page 7. C
TODAY'S V
NEWS
WASHINGTON—Unit
repairs a reconnoitred
or transfer to Britain, f
expected to be sent to
port Friday.
LONDON—British ad
planes penetrated defen
raids and damaged ind
trial property; 41 Germ
shot down, British clai
lstry reports objectives
bombed in night raids;
ar attacks beaten off by
during day; London pla
United States destroyer
sh industries "intact"
of war, Home Security
says.
BERLIN—Hitler thre
"erase" British cities in
for R. A. F. night raid
many; declares in open
relief drive that he will
date for ending the war
fighting planes battle Bi
ers in first big air engag
Germany; Nazi planes c
back on England; U. S.
stroyer deal unofficially
gence empire is nearing
BUCHAREST—Carol
Antonescu to head Go
of Gligurto Ca
guarded fol
attempt; tr
telephone ex
Brit.